COUNTY OF WASHINGTON, VIRGINIA FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

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COUNTY OF WASHINGTON, VIRGINIA

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

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G. Michael Rush, Vice-Chair Charlie S. Hargis, Jr. Randy L. Pennington Phillip B. McCall Wayne Stevens, Jr. Dwayne Ball

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Debbie Anderson, Chair

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OTHER OFFICIALS

Clerk of the Circuit Court	Patricia S. Moore
Commonwealth's Attorney	Joshua S. Cumbow
Commissioner of the Revenue	Dr. Mark J. Matney
Treasurer	Fred W. Parker
Sheriff	Blake Andis
Superintendent of Schools	Dr. Brian Ratliff
Director of Social Services	Kathy M. Johnson
County Administrator	Jason N. Berry
Finance Director	Tammy Sturgill
County Attorney	Brandon Snodgrass





ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Honorable Members of The Board of Supervisors County of Washington, Virginia

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Washington, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Washington, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of the Virginia Highlands Airport Authority which represent 42 percent, 141 percent, and 3 percent of the assets, net position, and revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units as of June 30, 2023. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Virginia Highlands Airport Authority, is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of County of Washington, Virginia, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Change in Accounting Principles

As described in Note 27 to the financial statements, in 2023, the County of Washington, Virginia adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs). Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Restatement of Beginning Balances

As described in Note 31 to the financial statements, in 2023, the County restated beginning balances to transfer the School Capital Projects Fund from the County to the Component Unit School Board. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about County of Washington, Virginia's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Washington, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about County of Washington, Virginia's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and schedules related to pension and OPEB funding as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison information has

been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County of Washington, Virginia's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory section and statistical information but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

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In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 4, 2023, on our consideration of County of Washington, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Washington, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering County of Washington, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Blacksburg, Virginia December 4, 2023

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors To the Citizens of Washington County County of Washington, Virginia

As management of the County of Washington, Virginia we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the basic audited financial statements.

Financial Highlights:

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the County's governmental activities exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$70,637,422 (net position). Of this amount, \$47,928,626 was considered unrestricted.
- The change in net position of the County's governmental activities was \$18,963,063 for the current fiscal year. In the prior fiscal year, the change in net position of the County's governmental activities was \$8,650,918.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the County's funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$59,206,545. Of the amount \$34,924,315 was considered unassigned, \$11,049,755 was considered assigned, \$5,044,229 was considered committed, \$8,051,467 was considered restricted and \$136,779 was considered nonspendable.
- During the year, the County had revenues in excess of expenditures in the General Fund of \$13,961,942. In the prior fiscal year, the revenues were in excess of the expenditures for the General Fund by \$3,379,462.

Overview of the Financial Statements:

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements comprise three components:

- Government-wide financial statements,
- Fund financial statements, and
- Notes to the financial statements.

This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> – The Government-wide Financial Statements are designed to provide the readers with a broad overview of the County's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the Government-wide Financial Statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). Our governmental activities include general government, courts, public safety, sanitation, social services, education, cultural events, and recreation.

The Government-wide Financial Statements include not only the County of Washington, Virginia itself (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate school board for which the County of Washington, Virginia is financially accountable. The financial statements also include three discretely presented component units that we do not control, but do exercise a significant financial relationship with. These include the Park Authority, the Industrial Development Authority and the Virginia Highlands Airport Authority.

<u>Fund financial statements</u> – A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County of Washington, Virginia, like other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds – Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the Government-wide Financial Statements. However, unlike the Government-wide Financial Statements, governmental fund financial statement focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balance of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the County's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The County maintains three individual governmental funds. Information is presented in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, ARPA Fund, and Capital Improvement Fund. The General Fund, ARPA Fund, and Capital Improvement Fund are considered to be major funds.

The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its Governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

<u>Proprietary Funds</u> – The County maintains one proprietary fund. This Internal Service Fund accounts for activities similar to those found in the private sector.

<u>Fiduciary funds</u> – The County is the trustee, or fiduciary, for the County's agency funds and expendable trust funds. We are responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the County's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net assets. The County excludes these activities from the County's Government-wide Financial Statements because the County cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

<u>Notes to the Financial Statements</u> – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements.

Other information – In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information for budgetary comparison and presentation of combining financial statements for the discretely presented component units and the non-major funds.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve as a useful indicator of a County's financial position. In the case of the County's Primary Government, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceed liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$70,637,422 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

A significant portion of the County's net position \$20,772,723 reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens. Consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the County's net position \$1,936,073, are subject to restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of net position \$47,928,626 may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations.

The following table summarizes the County's Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities for 2023 and 2022.

Statement of Net Position

		Governmental Activities		Governmental Activities
		2023		2022
Current and other assets	\$	88,047,368	\$	89,930,545
Capital and other assets		44,249,991		33,362,622
Total assets	\$	132,297,359	\$	123,293,167
Deferred outflows of				
resources	\$	3,696,042	\$	4,407,178
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Current and other liabilities	\$	7,763,830	\$	13,872,412
Long-term liabilities		40,393,011		39,596,708
Total liabilities	\$	48,156,841	\$	53,469,120
Deferred inflows of				
resources	\$	17,199,138	\$	21,921,722
Net position:				
Net investment in				
capital assets	\$	20,772,723	\$	17,649,945
Restricted		1,936,073		1,813,759
Unrestricted		47,928,626		32,845,799
Total net position	\$	70,637,422	\$	52,309,503

Statement of Activities

	G	Activities 2023	G	overnmental Activities 2022
Program revenues		_		_
Charges for services	\$	3,937,448	\$	3,078,475
Operating grants and contributions		24,536,304		16,126,913
Capital grants and contributions		149,204		259,224
General revenues				
Property taxes		43,245,916		41,831,688
Other taxes		13,546,551		12,480,639
Revenue from use of money and				
property		2,445,688		267,732
Miscellaneous		1,681,305		3,569,906
Gain on disposal of capital assets		-		49,500
Grants and contributions not				
restricted to specific programs		4,725,806		4,120,270
Total revenues		94,268,222		81,784,347
Expenses				
General government		4,855,747		5,599,547
Judicial administration		2,127,879		2,042,480
Public safety		14,958,963		14,792,403
Public works		5,002,470		3,722,983
Health and welfare		13,589,288		11,892,612
Education		28,375,905		29,791,135
Parks, recreation and cultural		2,466,192		2,497,995
Community development		2,704,597		1,542,439
Interest on debt		1,224,118		1,251,835
Total expenses		75,305,159		73,133,429
Change in net position	\$	18,963,063	\$	8,650,918

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County is able to report positive balances in all categories of net positions.

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds – The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a County's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$59,206,545; .23% or \$136,779 constitutes nonspendable fund balance, 13.60% or \$8,051,467 constitutes restricted fund balance, which is not available for current spending since it has been restricted by external parties such as grantors, laws or legislation. Approximately 8.52% or \$5,044,229 has been committed by action of the Board of Supervisors and 18.66% or \$11,049,755 has been assigned by the Board of Supervisors. The remaining balance, \$34,924,315 or 58.99% is unassigned, meaning there is no restrictions placed on the funds.

The general fund is the operating fund of the County. At the end of the current fiscal year, total fund balance of the general fund was \$51,468,030 of this amount \$34,924,315 was considered unassigned.

Total general fund revenues increased \$6,646,508 and expenditures decreased \$3,874,614 over prior year amounts. For fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, revenues exceeded expenditures by \$13,961,942 for the general fund, as compared to the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, revenues exceeded expenditures by \$3,379,462 for the general fund.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

There were differences between the original budget and the final amended budget for the current year. The County budgeted revenues of \$79,349,333 for fiscal year 2023. The actual revenues were \$85,532,571 which is a favorable variance of \$6,183,238. The favorable variance is attributed largely to revenues exceeding the budget for general property taxes, other local taxes revenue from use of money, and charges for services. The budgeted expenditures were \$76,136,140 for the County. The actual expenditures were \$70,679,126 which is a favorable variance of \$5,457,014 which is attributed largely to expenditures for all departments budgeted for more than was actually spent.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

<u>Capital assets</u> – The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental funds activities as of June 30, 2023 amounts to \$44,249,991 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, and machinery and equipment. The main capital expenditures during fiscal year 2023 were for the addition to the Washington County Courthouse, purchase of building for future Washington County Animal Shelter, lights at Leo Sholes Memorial Park and vehicles for Sheriff's Office.

Additional information on the County of Washington's capital assets can be found in Note 18 of this report.

<u>Long-term debt</u> – At the end of the current fiscal year, the County's primary government had total debt outstanding as follows:

Primary Government:	
Compensated absences	\$ 1,487,771
Net OPEB liabilities	2,453,775
Net pension liability	4,083,066
General obligation bonds	22,567,819
Lease revenue notes	9,029,443
Lease payables	524,022
Note payable	16,602
Landfill post-closure costs	144,444
Literary loans	86,069
Total	\$ 40,393,011

Additional information on the County of Washington's long-term debt can be found in Note 8 of this report.

Economic Factors

The June 2023 unemployment rate for the County of Washington, Virginia was 3.0%, which remained stable from June 2022. The County's unemployment rate is slightly above the state's average unemployment rate of 2.7% and below the national average rate of 3.6%.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances for all those with an interest. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of Budget and Finance, Government Center Building, One Government Center Place, Suite A, Abingdon, Virginia 24210.



County of Washington, Virginia Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

		Primary Government	_	Component	t
		Governmental Activities		Units School Board	Other
		<u>ricerriales</u>		<u>senost soura</u>	<u>ounci</u>
ASSETS	_				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	45,145,357	\$	14,360,478 \$	4,090,115
Cash in custody of others				1,888,204	30,000
Investments		6,545,551		=	=
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):					
Taxes receivable		18,052,852		-	-
Accounts receivable		3,347,223		718,311	156,259
Notes receivable		-		-	7,902,051
Leases receivable		-		-	1,478,802
Rent receivable		-		-	22,752
Grants receivable		-		-	216,101
Due from primary government		-		4,040,188	· -
Due from other governmental units		4,534,881		4,881,658	32,977
Inventories		1,353,162		-	45,258
Prepaid items		136,779		1,156,784	33,363
Net pension asset		-		-	55,143
Net OPEB asset		42,245		_	55,115
Restricted assets:		72,273			
Investments (in custody of others)		8,889,318		_	_
Capital assets:		0,007,310			
Capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized		14,203,459		5,613,039	57,859,008
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization		30,046,532		13,278,463	9,993,659
Total assets	\$	132,297,359	\$	45,937,125 \$	
Total assets	<u> </u>	132,297,339	Ç	40,937,120 \$	81,915,488
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
	ċ	1 120 280	ċ	ċ	1,406,778
Deferred amount on refunding	\$	1,130,280	þ	- \$	
Pension related items		2,260,996		11,200,094	55,520
OPEB related items		304,766	ċ	3,541,082	4,350
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	3,696,042	\$	14,741,176 \$	1,466,648
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$	2,348,367	\$	855,044 \$	299,529
Accrued liabilities		-		1,162,151	-
Accrued wages		72,031		9,199,281	28,606
Accrued interest payable		234,107		-	41,242
Assets held for others		30,000		-	· -
Due to component unit		4,040,188		-	-
Unearned revenue		1,039,137		-	115,609
Long-term liabilities:		, ,			,
Due within one year		3,831,942		2,140,666	1,109,280
Due in more than one year		36,561,069		65,856,808	10,507,825
Total liabilities	\$	48,156,841	\$	79,213,950 \$	12,102,091
Total Habitities		10,130,011	<u> </u>	77,213,730 \$	12,102,071
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred revenue - property taxes	\$	14,539,816	\$	- \$	=
Pension related items		2,145,914		12,440,957	79,072
OPEB related items		513,408		2,003,675	4,349
Lease related items		-		-	1,434,983
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	17,199,138	\$	14,444,632 \$	1,518,404
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	\$	20,772,723	¢	18,558,066 \$	67,382,766
Restricted	Ş		ڔ		07,302,700
		1,936,073		6,536,893	7 270 075
Unrestricted	<u> </u>	47,928,626	Ċ	(58,075,240)	2,378,875
Total net position	\$	70,637,422	Ş	(32,980,281) \$	69,761,641

County of Washington, Virginia Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

			ā	Program Revenues	venues			Net. Ch	(Expense anges ir	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	
				Operating	ting	Capital	Pri	Primary Government	,	Component Unit	it Unit
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Char <u>Ser</u>	harges for <u>Services</u>	Grants and Contributions	and <u>itions</u>	Grants and Contributions		Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Sc	School Board	Other Component Units
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT: Governmental activities:											
General government administration	\$ 4,855,747	۰,	734,341	9 \$	809,899	\$	\$	(3,452,798)	s	\$	
Judicial administration	2,127,879		13,312	1,2	1,282,093	•		(832,474)			
Public safety	14,958,963		1,445,947	8,3	8,315,796	33,404		(5,163,816)			•
Public works	5,002,470	_	1,639,339	2,3	2,327,168			(1,035,963)			•
Health and welfare	13,589,288			10,3	10,318,195	•		(3,271,093)			•
Education	28,375,905		•		•	•		(28, 375, 905)			•
Parks, recreation, and cultural	2,466,192		24,028	2	206,597	115,800		(2,119,767)		•	•
Community development	2,704,597		80,481	1,0	1,010,000	•		(1,614,116)			
Interest on long-term debt				4	407,847	1		(816,271)			•
Total government activities	\$ 75,305,159	\$	3,937,448	\$ 24,5	24,536,304	\$ 149,204	\$	(46,682,203)	\$	\$ -	
COMPONENT UNITS:											
School Board	\$ 94,460,250	\$		\$ 73,7		\$ 2,669,081	Ş		s	(13,834,027) \$	
Other Component Units	4,397,291		2,512,109	2	536,538	2,398,075		•			1,049,431
Total component units	\$ 98,857,541	\$	6,734,521	\$ 74,2	74,271,268	\$ 5,067,156	ς		\$	(13,834,027) \$	1,049,431
	General revenues:										
	General property taxes	/ taxes					\$	43,245,916	\$	· ·	
	Other local taxes:	::									
	Local sales and use taxes	use taxe	S					10,204,389			
	Consumers' utility taxes	ity taxes						1,168,643			
	Utility license taxes	axes						134,472			•
	Motor vehicle licenses	icenses						1,100,133			
	Bank stock taxes	S						64,151			•
	Taxes on recordation and	dation an	id wills					548,202			
	Hotel and motel room taxes	l room t	axes					326,561			•
	Unrestricted revenues from use of money	enues fro	om use of mon	ey				2,445,688		94,688	393,662
	Miscellaneous							1,681,305		1,407,313	22,040
								•		27,932,527	593,392
	Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs	ibutions	not restricted	to specifi	c progran	SI		4,725,806			•
	Total general revenues	/ennes					\$	65,645,266	\$	29,434,528 \$	1,009,094
	Change in net position	ition					s	18,963,063	s	15,600,501 \$	2,058,525
	Net position - beginning, as restated	inning, a	s restated					51,674,359		(48,580,782)	67,703,116
	Net position - ending	ing					Ş	70,637,422	\$	(32,980,281) \$	69,761,641

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

County of Washington, Virginia Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

		General		<u>ARPA</u>	<u>l</u>	County Capital mprovements		<u>Total</u>
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	44,196,813	\$	887,451	\$	61,093	\$	45,145,357
Investments		6,545,551		-		-		6,545,551
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):								
Taxes receivable		18,052,852		-		-		18,052,852
Other receivables		3,231,507		-		115,716		3,347,223
Due from other governmental units		4,534,881		-		-		4,534,881
Prepaid items		105,983		30,796		-		136,779
Restricted assets:				, , , , ,				,
Investments		-		_		8,889,318		8,889,318
Total assets	\$	76,667,587	\$	918,247	\$	9,066,127	\$	86,651,961
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	971,297	\$	6,000	\$	1,371,070	\$	2,348,367
Accrued wages	·	72,031	·	-	·	-	·	72,031
Amount held for others		30,000		-		-		30,000
Due to component unit		4,040,188		-		-		4,040,188
Unearned revenue		170,348		868,789		-		1,039,137
Total liabilities	\$	5,283,864	\$	874,789	\$	1,371,070	\$	7,529,723
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	\$	18,456,925	\$	-	\$	-	\$	18,456,925
Unavailable revenue - opioid settlement		1,458,768		-		-		1,458,768
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	19,915,693	\$	<u> </u>	\$	-	\$	19,915,693
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable	\$	105,983	\$	30,796	\$	-	\$	136,779
Restricted		422,398		12,662		7,616,407		8,051,467
Committed		5,044,229		-		-		5,044,229
Assigned		10,971,105		-		78,650		11,049,755
Unassigned		34,924,315		-		-		34,924,315
Total fund balances	\$	51,468,030	\$	43,458	\$	7,695,057	\$	59,206,545
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and								
fund balances	\$	76,667,587	\$	918,247	\$	9,066,127	\$	86,651,961

County of Washington, Virginia Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:			
Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds			\$ 59,206,545
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and,			
therefore, are not reported in the funds.			
Capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized	\$	14,203,459	
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized		50,427,435	44.240.004
Accumulated depreciation/amortization		(20,380,903)	44,249,991
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures			
and, therefore, are unavailable in the funds.			
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	\$	3,917,109	
Unavailable revenue - long-term receivable from opioid settlement		1,458,768	
Donated assets held for resale		1,353,162	
Net OPEB asset		42,245	6,771,284
Deferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for current-period expenditures			
and, therefore, are not reported in the funds			
Deferred charge on refunding	\$	1,130,280	
Pension related items		2,260,996	
OPEB related items		304,766	3,696,042
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the			
current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			
General obligation bonds and notes	\$	(19,744,909)	
General obligation bond premium	*	(2,822,910)	
Literary loans		(86,069)	
Note payable - finance purchase		(16,602)	
Lease revenue notes		(8,619,346)	
Lease revenue notes premium		(410,097)	
Lease liabilities		(524,022)	
Landfill post-closure liability		(144,444)	
Net OPEB liabilities		(2,453,775)	
Net pension liability		(4,083,066)	
Compensated absences		(1,487,771)	
Accrued interest payable		(234,107)	(40,627,118)
Deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore,			
are not reported in the funds			
Pension related items	\$	(2,145,914)	
OPEB related items		(513,408)	(2,659,322)
Net position of governmental activities			\$ 70,637,422
F Balanmenen agentiege		_	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

County of Washington, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

FOI	tile	rear	Ended .	Julie	30,	2023

		General		ARPA	<u>ln</u>	County Capital provements		Total
REVENUES		·						
General property taxes	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	42,831,238
Other local taxes		13,546,551		-		-		13,546,551
Permits, privilege fees,								
and regulatory licenses		400,271		-		-		400,271
Fines and forfeitures		1,130,195		-		-		1,130,195
Revenue from the use of		4 400 044		204 477		5 40 2 4 7		0 445 400
money and property		1,600,864		296,477		548,347		2,445,688
Charges for services		2,406,982		-		- 4.25		2,406,982
Miscellaneous		1,346,585		-		1,435		1,348,020
Recovered costs		1,115,616		-		782,309		1,897,925
Intergovernmental:		47 474 500				445.000		44 277 202
Commonwealth		16,161,503		- 0 4 44 0 45		115,800		16,277,303
Federal		4,992,766	<u>, </u>	8,141,245		- 4 447 004	,	13,134,011
Total revenues	\$	85,532,571	\$	8,437,722	\$	1,447,891	\$	95,418,184
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government administration	\$	4,059,325	\$	415,296	\$	-	\$	4,474,621
Judicial administration		2,351,967		-		-		2,351,967
Public safety		11,875,097		4,703,619		-		16,578,716
Public works		2,519,331		2,220,651		11,930,267		16,670,249
Health and welfare		13,615,375		-		-		13,615,375
Education		28,039,941		-		-		28,039,941
Parks, recreation, and cultural		2,321,702		-		359,204		2,680,906
Community development		1,709,715		1,010,000		-		2,719,715
Nondepartmental		776,279		84,216		-		860,495
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		1,895,709		219,131		13,358		2,128,198
Interest and other fiscal charges		1,514,685		3,940		3,142		1,521,767
Total expenditures	\$	70,679,126	\$	8,656,853	\$	12,305,971	\$	91,641,950
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
(under) expenditures	\$	14,853,445	\$	(219,131)	\$	(10,858,080)	\$	3,776,234
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	\$	-	\$	-	\$	931,509	\$	931,509
Transfers out	•	(931,509)	•	-	•	-	•	(931,509)
Issuance of lease and subscription liabilities		40,006		219,131		33,669		292,806
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(891,503)	\$	219,131	\$	965,178	\$	292,806
Net change in fund balances	\$	13,961,942	\$		\$	(9,892,902)	¢	4,069,040
Fund balances - beginning, as restated	ڔ	37,506,088	ب	43,458	ب	17,587,959	ب	55,137,505
Fund balances - ending	\$	51,468,030	ς	43,458	ς		\$	59,206,545
i and batanees chaing		31,700,030	4	-13,130	7	1,073,031	٠,	37,200,373

County of Washington, Virginia Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	4,069,040
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of			
activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported			
as depreciation/amortization expense. This is the detail of items supporting this adjustment:			
Capital outlays	\$ 12,991,939		
Depreciation/amortization expense	 (2,099,305)	_	10,892,634
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, and			
donations) is to decrease net position.			(5,265)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are			
not reported as revenues in the funds.			
Property taxes	\$ 414,678		
Opioid settlement	 333,285	_	747,963
The issuance of long-term obligations (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligations consumes			
the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has			
any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts,			
and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and			
amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in			
treatment of long-term obligations and related items.			
Debt issued or incurred:			
Increase in landfill post-closure liability	\$ (9,576)		
Lease liabilities	(73,675)		
Subscription liabilities	(219,131)		
Principal repayments:			
General obligation bonds and notes	901,898		
Literary loans	57,555		
Lease revenue notes	772,064		
Lease liabilities	161,679		
Subscription liabilities	219,131		
Note Payable - Finance Purchase	 15,871	-	1,825,816
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current			
financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			
Amortization of bond and lease revenue premium	\$ 440,071		
Amortization of deferred amount on refunding	(68,502)		
Change in compensated absences	(12,795)		
Change in OPEB related items	110,411		
Change in pension related items	1,037,610		
Change in accrued interest payable	 (73,920)	-	1,432,875
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$	18,963,063

County of Washington, Virginia Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2023

	Custodial <u>Funds</u>		
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	210,528	
Accounts receivable		1,417	
Total assets	\$	211,945	
NET POSITION Restricted for: Social services clients	\$	53,420	
School board employee fringe benefits		49,194	
Soil erosion deposits		39,291	
Commonwealth Attorney collection program		70,040	
Total liabilities	\$	211,945	

County of Washington, Virginia Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2023

	Custodial <u>Funds</u>		
Additions			
Interest	\$	2,849	
Social services receipts		39,644	
Fringe benefits receipts from retirees		211,263	
Soil erosion deposit		2,155	
Commonwealth Attorney collections		70,874	
Total additions	\$	326,785	
Deductions:			
Payments for social services clients	\$	46,346	
Payments for fringe benefits		193,626	
Return of soil erosion deposits		9,950	
Payments for Commonwealth Attorney Collections		69,605	
Total deductions	\$	319,527	
Net Increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position	\$	7,258	
Net Position, beginning		204,687	
Net Position, ending	\$	211,945	

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The financial statements of the County conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to government units promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The County of Washington, Virginia is a political subdivision governed by an elected seven-member Board of Supervisors. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements (see note below for description) to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government.

Blended component units - None

Discretely Presented Component Units - The component unit columns in the financial statements include the financial data of the County's discretely presented component units. They are reported in a separate column to emphasize that they are legally separate from the County.

The Washington County School Board operates the elementary and secondary public schools in the County. School Board members are elected. The School Board is fiscally dependent upon the County because the County approves all debt issuances of the School Board and provides significant funding to operate the public schools since the School Board does not have separate taxing powers. The School Board is presented as a governmental fund type. The School Board does not issue separate financial statements.

Other Discretely Presented Component Units:

The Virginia Highlands Airport Authority was created by the County of Washington to operate a regional airport. Washington County Board of Supervisors appoints the members of the Airport Authority. The County contributes a significant amount to the Authority's operations and there exists a financial benefit/burden relationship. A complete financial report of the Authority can be obtained by contacting the Authority.

The Industrial Development Authority of Washington County is authorized to acquire, own, lease, and dispose of properties to the end that such activities may promote industry and develop trade by inducing enterprises to locate and remain in Washington County. Washington County Board of Supervisors appoints the members of the Board of Directors of the Industrial Development Authority. There exists a financial benefit/burden relationship between the County and the Industrial Development Authority. A complete financial report of the Authority can be obtained by contacting the Authority.

The Park Authority of Washington County, Virginia is authorized to acquire, operate and maintain public parks and recreation areas within Washington County, Virginia. Washington County Board of Supervisors appoints the eight member board of directors of the Park Authority. There exists a financial benefit/burden relationship between the County and the Park Authority. A complete financial report of the Authority can be obtained by contacting the Authority.

Related Organizations - The County Board appoints board members to outside organizations, but the County's accountability for these organizations does not extend beyond making the appointments.

Jointly Governed Organizations - The County, in conjunction with other local jurisdictions, participates in supporting the Southwest Virginia Regional Jail Authority, Appalachian Juvenile Commission, and the Highlands Community Services. The governing bodies of these organizations are appointed by the respective governing bodies of the participating jurisdictions. During the year, the County contributed \$3,730,777 to the Regional Jail, \$157,556 to the Juvenile Commission, and \$237,500 to the Community Services Board. The County does not have any ongoing financial responsibility for these Organizations.

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of net position is designed to display the financial position of the primary government (governmental and business-type activities) and its discretely presented component units. Governments report all capital assets, including infrastructure, in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and report depreciation expense - the cost of "using up" capital assets - in the Statement of Activities. The net position of a government will be broken down into three categories: 1) net investment in capital assets; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds, if any, are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized when they have been earned and they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service principal and interest expenditures on general long-term debt, including lease and subscription liabilities, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions, including entering into contracts giving the government the right to use lease and subscription assets, are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and financing through leases and subscriptions are reported as other financing sources.

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation: (Continued)

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed, net of allowances for un-collectible amounts. Property taxes not collected within 60 days after year-end are reflected as unavailable revenues.

Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the state or utilities and subsequently remitted to the County, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the state or utility, which is generally in the month preceding receipt by the County.

Licenses, permits, fines and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of federal, state and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when earned or at the time of the specific expenditure. Revenues from general-purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the government receives cash.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for and reports all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in other funds. The general fund includes the activities of the Forfeited Asset, Law Library, Traffic Enforcement, Anthem County Health Fund, Special Grant Fund, and VA Public Assistance.

The ARPA Fund is reported as a major *special revenue fund*. The fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for American Rescue Plan Act Funds.

The County Capital Improvements Fund is reported as a major *capital projects fund*. The fund accounts for and reports financial resources to be used for the acquisition and construction of major capital projects of the County.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund type:

Fiduciary funds account for assets held by the government in a trustee capacity or as agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. Custodial funds include the Special Welfare, Fringe Benefits, Soil Erosion Deposits and Commonwealth Attorney Collection Program funds.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are other charges between the government's functions. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

D. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and net position or fund balance

1. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the government. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the government's proprietary funds consider their demand deposits and all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

2. Investments

Investments with a maturity of less than one year when purchased, non-negotiable certificates of deposit, other nonparticipating investments, and external investment pools are stated at cost or amortized cost. Investments with a maturity greater than one year when purchased are stated at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an investment in an orderly transaction at year end.

3. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance nonspendable account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

4. Property Taxes

Property is assessed at its value on January 1. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Real estate taxes are payable on May 20th and November 20th. Personal property taxes are due and collectible annually on November 20th. The County bills and collects its own property taxes.

5. Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

The County calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$805,134 at June 30, 2023 and is comprised solely of property taxes.

6. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

D. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and net position or fund balance (Continued)

7. Capital assets

Capital assets are tangible and intangible assets, which include property, plant, equipment, lease, subscription and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), and are reported in the applicable governmental column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$20,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

As the County and Component Unit School Board constructs or acquires capital assets each period, including infrastructure assets, they are capitalized and reported at historical cost (except for intangible right-to-use lease and subscription assets, the measurement of which is discussed in more detail below). The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs, which are amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the asset's capacity or efficiency or increases its estimated useful life. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. Acquisition value is the price that would be paid to acquire an asset with equivalent service potential on the date of the donation. Intangible assets follow the same capitalization policies as tangible capital assets and are reported with tangible assets in the appropriate capital asset class.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The other tangible and intangible property, plant equipment, lease assets, subscription assets, and infrastructure of the primary government, as well as the component unit, are depreciated/amortized using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	50
Building improvements	20-50
Land improvements	10
Structures, lines, and accessories	20-40
Machinery and equipment	3-30
Leased land	7
Leased buildings	10
Leased land improvements	2
Leased equipment	4-5
Subscription asset	3-5

8. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. No liability is recorded for non-vesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. The County accrues salary-related payments associated with the payment of compensated absences. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

D. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and net position or fund balance (Continued)

9. Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

10. Fund Balance

In governmental fund types, the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is called "fund balances." Governmental funds report the following categories of fund balance, based on the nature of any limitation requiring the use of resources for specific purposes:

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that are either not in spendable form (such as inventory and prepaids) or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (corpus of a permanent fund);
- Restricted fund balance amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers such as grantors or enabling federal, state, or local legislation. Restrictions may be changed or lifted only with the consent of the resource providers;
- Committed fund balance amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by the adoption of an ordinance committing fund balance for a specified purpose by the Board of Supervisors prior to the end of the fiscal year. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until the resources have been spent for the specified purpose or the Board adopts another ordinance to remove or revise the limitation;
- Assigned fund balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment;
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are only reported in the general fund. Additionally, any deficit fund balance within the other governmental fund types is reported as unassigned.

The County's highest decision-making level is the Board of Supervisors. Action from the Board of Supervisors is required to commit or release funds from commitment.

The County's Board of Supervisors has authorized the County Administrator to assign fund balance to a specific purpose as approved within the County fund balance policy. The County considers restricted fund balance to be spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which restricted and unassigned, assigned, or committed fund balances are available, unless prohibited by legal documents or contracts. When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned or unassigned amounts are available, the County considers committed fund balance to be spent first, then assigned fund balance, and lastly unassigned fund balance.

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

D. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and net position or fund balance (Continued)

11. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position includes a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure/expense) until then. The County has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. One item is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding resulted from the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the short of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The other item is comprised of certain items related to pension and OPEB. For more detailed information on these items, reference the related notes.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position includes a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has multiple items that qualify for reporting in this category. Under a modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue representing property taxes receivable is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. This amount is comprised of uncollected property taxes due prior to June 30, 2nd half installments levied during the fiscal year but due after June 30th, and amounts prepaid on the 2nd half installments and is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available. Under the accrual basis, 2nd half installments levied during the fiscal year but due after June 30th and amounts prepaid on the 2nd half installments are reported as deferred inflows of resources. In addition, certain items related to pension, OPEB, leases and future payments for the opioid settlement are reported as deferred inflows of resources. For more detailed information on these items, reference the related notes.

12. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County's and School Board's Retirement Plan and the additions to/deductions from the County's and School Board's Retirement Plan's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

13. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net VRS related OPEB liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the VRS GLI, HIC, and Teacher HIC OPEB Plans and the additions to/deductions from the VRS OPEB Plans' net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by VRS. In addition, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

In addition to the VRS related OPEB, the County and School Board allows their retirees to stay on the health insurance plan after retirement. The retiree is required to pay the blended premium cost creating an implicit subsidy OPEB liability. In addition, retirees for the School Board receive a monthly stipend towards their health insurance cost until the retiree is Medicare eligible.

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

D. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and net position or fund balance (Continued)

14. Leases and Subscription-Based IT Arrangements

The County has various lease assets and subscription-based IT arrangements (SBITAs) requiring recognition. A lease is a contract that conveys control of the right to use another entity's nonfinancial asset. Lease recognition does not apply to short-term leases, contracts that transfer ownership, leases of assets that are investments, or certain regulated leases. A SBITA is defined as a contract that conveys control of the right to use another party's (a SBITA vendor's) information technology (IT) software, alone or in combination with tangible capital assets (the underlying IT assets), as specified in the contract for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction.

Lessee

The County recognizes lease liabilities and intangible right-to-use lease assets (lease assets) in the government-wide financial statements. At the commencement of the lease, the lease liability is measured at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term (less any lease incentives). The lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of payments made. The lease asset is measured at the initial amount of the lease liability, plus any payments made to the lessor at or before the commencement of the lease term and certain direct costs. The lease asset is amortized over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

Subscriptions

The County recognizes intangible right-to-use subscription assets (subscription assets) and corresponding subscription liabilities in the government-wide financial statements. At the commencement of the subscription, the subscription liability is measured at the present value of payments expected to be made during the subscription liability term (less any contract incentives). The subscription liability is reduced by the principal portion of payments made. The subscription asset is measured at the initial amount of the subscription liability payments made to the SBITA vendor before commencement of the subscription term, and capitalizable implementation costs, less any incentives received from the SBITA vendor at or before the commencement of the subscription term. The subscription asset is amortized over the shorter of the subscription term or the useful life of the underlying IT asset.

Key Estimates and Judgments

Lease and subscription-based IT arrangement accounting includes estimates and judgments for determining the (1) rate used to discount the expected lease and subscription payments to present value, (2) lease and subscription term, and (3) lease and subscription payments.

- The County uses the interest rate stated in lease or subscription contracts. When the interest rate is not provided or the implicit rate cannot be readily determined, the County uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases and subscriptions.
- The lease and subscription terms include the noncancellable period of the lease or subscription and certain periods covered by options to extend to reflect how long the lease or subscription is expected to be in effect, with terms and conditions varying by the type of underlying asset.
- Fixed and certain variable payments as well as lease or subscription incentives and certain other payments are included in the measurement of the lease liability (lessee) or subscription liability.

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

D. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and net position or fund balance (Continued)

14. Leases and Subscription-Based IT Arrangements (Continued)

The County monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement or modification of its leases and subscriptions. The County will remeasure the lease asset and liability (lessee) or the subscription asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability or subscription liability.

15. Inventory/Donated Assets Held for Resale

Inventory/donated assets held for resale includes vehicles and equipment donated to the County. This inventory is valued at fair market value.

16. Net Position

For government-wide reporting as well as in proprietary funds, the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is called net position. Net position is comprised of three components: net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

- Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes, and other debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are included in this component of net position.
- Restricted net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Assets are reported as restricted when constraints are placed on asset use either by external parties or by law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that does not meet the definition of the two preceding categories.

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

Note 2-Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability:

A. Budgetary information

The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

1. Prior to April 1st, the County Administrator submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. All nonfiduciary funds have legally adopted budgets.

Note 2-Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability: (Continued)

- A. Budgetary information (Continued)
 - 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
 - 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.
 - 4. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the function level. Only the Board of Supervisors can revise the appropriation for each department or category. The County Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within general government departments; however, the School Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within the school system's categories.
 - 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund, the General Capital Projects Fund, and the ARPA Fund. The School Operating Fund and School Capital Projects Fund are integrated only at the level of legal adoption.
 - 6. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
 - 7. Appropriations lapse on June 30, for all County units. The County's practice is to appropriate Capital Projects by Project. Several supplemental appropriations were necessary during this fiscal year.
 - 8. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to commit that portion of the applicable appropriations, is not part of the County's accounting system.
- B. Excess of expenditures over appropriations

For fiscal year 2023, no departments had an excess of expenditures over appropriations.

C. Deficit fund equity

At June 30, 2023, there were no funds with deficit fund equity.

Note 3-Deposits and Investments:

Deposits:

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the Code of Virginia. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial Institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits.

Note 3-Deposits and Investments: (Continued)

Investments:

Statutes authorize local governments and other public bodies to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper that has received at least two of the following ratings: P-1 by Moody's Investors Service, Inc.; A-1 by Standard & Poor's; or F1 by Fitch Ratings, Inc. (Section 2.2-4502), banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The County and its discretely presented component units have an investment policy for custodial credit risk included within the County investment policy. The County's investments at June 30, 2023 were held in the County's name by the County's custodial bank. The Local Government Investment (LGIP) Pools are not exposed to custodial credit risk because their existence is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

Credit Risk of Debt Securities

The County's rated debt investments as of June 30, 2023 were rated by Standard & Poor's and/or an equivalent national rating organization and the ratings are presented below using the Standard & Poor's rating scale.

County's	Rated	Debt	Investments'	Value
----------	-------	------	--------------	-------

Rated Debt Investments		Fair Quali	ty Rat	ings	
	Α.	AAm	AA+f/S1		
Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP)	\$	600	\$	-	
VIP Stable NAV Liq. Pool	4	4,419,196		-	
VIP 1-3 Yr High Quality Bond Fund		-		2,126,355	
SNAP	8	3,889,318		-	

Concentration of Credit Risk

At June 30, 2023, the County did not have any investments requiring concentration of credit risk disclosures that exceeded 5% of total investments.

Interest Rate Risk

Investment Type		ir Value	Le	ss than 1 yr	1-5 years		
Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP)	\$	600	\$	600	\$	-	
Virginia Investment Pool (VIP)		6,545,551		4,419,196		2,126,355	
SNAP		8,889,318		8,889,318		-	

External Investment Pools

The fair value of the positions in the external investment pools (Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) and State Non-Arbitrage Pool (SNAP)) are the same as the value of the pool shares. As these pools are not SEC registered, regulatory oversight of the pools rests with the Virginia State Treasury. LGIP and SNAP are amortized cost basis portfolios. There are no withdrawal limitations or restrictions imposed on participants.

Note 4 - Fair Value Measurement:

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The County categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. The County maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs. Observable inputs are inputs that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on market data obtained from independent sources. Unobservable inputs reflect assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on the best information available in the circumstances.

The fair value hierarchy categorizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three levels as follows:

- Level 1. Quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that a government can access at a measurement date
- Level 2. Directly or indirectly observable inputs for the asset or liability other than quoted prices
- Level 3. Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity for the asset or liability

Inputs are used in applying the various valuation techniques and broadly refer to the assumptions that market participants use to make valuation decisions, including assumptions about risk.

The County has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2023:

Total Investments measured at NAV	\$	6,545,551	
VACO/VML VIP 1-3 Year High Quality Bond Fund		2,126,355	
VACO/VML VIP Stable Nav Liquidity Pool	\$	4,419,196	
Investments measured at the net asset value (NAV):		_	
Investments	6/30/2023		

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Note 5-Due from Other Governmental Units:

The following amounts represent receivables from other governments at year-end:

	G	Primary overnment	Component Unit- School Board		
Local Government:					
Southwest Virginia Regional Jail	\$	877,921	\$ -		
Commonwealth of Virginia:					
Local sales tax		1,810,912	-		
State sales tax		-	1,504,656		
Categorical aid-shared expenses		389,745	-		
Categorical aid-other		135,562	-		
Noncategorical aid		124,343	-		
Categorical aid-VPA funds		260,626	-		
Categorical aid-CSA funds		585,900	-		
Federal Government:					
Categorical aid-VPA funds		349,872	-		
Categorical aid-other		-	 3,377,002		
Totals	\$	4,534,881	\$ 4,881,658		

Note 6-Interfund/Component-Unit Obligations:

Fund	Go	e to Primary overnment/ oponent Unit	Due from Primary Government/ Component Unit		
Primary Government: General Fund	\$ 4,040,188		\$	-	
Component Unit - School Board: School Fund	\$	-	\$	4,040,188	

Note 7-Interfund Transfers and Balances:

Interfund transfers and remaining balances for the year ended June 30, 2023, consisted of the following:

Fund		ansfers In	Transfers Out		
Primary Government: General Fund	\$	-	\$	931,509	
County Capital Improvement Fund	·	931,509	·	-	
Total	\$	931,509	\$	931,509	

Note 7-Interfund Transfers and Balances: (Continued)

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgeting authorization.

Note 8-Long-Term Obligations:

Primary Government - Governmental Activities Indebtedness:

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the County for the year ended June 30, 2023:

	Balance	Increases/	Decreases/	Balance
	July 1, 2022	Issuances	Retirement	June 30, 2023
Direct Borrowings and Placements:				
General Obligation bonds and notes	\$ 20,646,807	\$ -	\$ (901,898)	\$ 19,744,909
General Obligation bond premium	3,190,210	-	(367,300)	2,822,910
Literary loans	143,624	-	(57,555)	86,069
Note payable - finance purchase	32,473	-	(15,871)	16,602
Total Direct Borrowings and Placements	\$ 24,013,114	\$ -	\$ (1,342,624)	\$ 22,670,490
Lease revenue notes	9,391,410	-	(772,064)	8,619,346
Lease revenue premium	482,868	-	(72,771)	410,097
Lease liabilities	612,026	73,675	(161,679)	524,022
Subscription liabilities	-	219,131	(219,131)	-
Landfill post-closure liability	134,868	9,576	-	144,444
Net OPEB liabilities	2,305,382	599,934	(451,541)	2,453,775
Net pension liability	1,182,064	5,280,461	(2,379,459)	4,083,066
Compensated absences	1,474,976	1,119,027	(1,106,232)	1,487,771
Total	\$ 39,596,708	\$ 7,301,804	\$ (6,505,501)	\$ 40,393,011

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

	Direct Bo	orrowings						
Year Ending	and Plac	cements	Lease Reve	enue Notes	Lease Liabilities			
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	I	nterest	
2024	\$ 1,326,042	\$ 1,156,287	\$ 796,099	\$ 288,506	\$ 226,574	\$	10,376	
2025	1,248,505	1,120,255	824,141	261,877	142,650		4,761	
2026	1,240,319	1,086,020	860,697	230,718	140,880		1,937	
2027	1,265,913	1,051,338	885,232	198,484	10,103		292	
2028	716,801	582,838	733,281	167,473	1,877		123	
2029-2033	2,490,000	2,516,569	2,135,731	516,282	1,938		62	
2034-2038	3,150,000	1,855,413	1,650,884	245,111	-		-	
2039-2043	3,825,000	1,183,750	733,281	23,103	-		-	
2044-2048	4,585,000	424,565	-	-	-		-	
Totals	\$19,847,580	\$10,977,035	\$ 8,619,346	\$ 1,931,554	\$ 524,022	\$	17,551	

Note 8-Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

<u>Primary Government - Governmental Activities Indebtedness</u>: (Continued)

Advanced Refunding:

The Washington County Industrial Development Authority (IDA) issued \$15,977,360 (including a premium of \$1,187,360) of Public Facilities Lease Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2016 for the purpose of providing funds to refund in advance of their maturities the Public Facilities Lease Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2010 of \$23,523,021 and to pay the costs incurred in connection with the issuance and delivery of the Series 2016 Bonds. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from the County's and IDA's financial statements. A portion of the proceeds of the Series 2016 Bonds, together with amounts contributed from the Refunded 2010 Bonds Debt Service Reserve Fund, will be used to purchase the Restricted Escrow Fund Securities and to provide the cash that will be placed in an irrevocable escrow account to advance refund the Refunded 2010 Bonds. The Escrow agent will pay the scheduled debt service requirement of the Refunded 2010 Bonds on each scheduled payment date.

The reacquisition price exceeded the carrying amount of the old debt by \$2,009,547. This amount is being shown as a deferred outflow of resources and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is the same as the life of the new debt issued. The advanced refunding was undertaken to reduce the total debt service payments over the next 24 years by \$3,348,535 and resulted in an economic gain of \$1,718,389 on a present value basis.

These bonds were originally issued to purchase and renovate the County Administration and Sheriff's Office building, which amounted to 80.14% of the issuance. The remaining amount was issued for an IDA project. As such the County has shown the 80.14% as a long term liability on its books as a lease revenue bond. The remaining amount of 19.86% is shown as a long term liability on the IDA's books. The County agreed to pay the debt service of the 19.86%, appropriated annually by the Board of Supervisors.

A breakdown of the outstanding balance by entity as of June 30, 2023 follows:

	Primary Component Unit-			Component Unit-			
	Government		IDA			Total	
Lease revenue notes	\$	7,925,846	\$	1,964,154	\$	9,890,000	
Premium		410,097		101,628		511,725	
Total	\$	8,335,943	\$	2,065,782	\$	10,401,725	

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Note 8-Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

<u>Primary Government - Governmental Activities Indebtedness</u>: (Continued)

Details of long-term indebtedness:

	Interest Rates	Issue/ Implementation Date	Final Maturity Date	Amount of Original Issue	Balance Governmental Activities	Amount Due Within One Year
Direct Borrowings and Placements						
Bonds and Notes:						
GO Bond	3.10-5.35%	12/23/2003	2024	\$ 972,237	\$ 56,922	\$ 56,922
Premium on \$972,237 GO bond	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	3,122	3,122
GO Bond	5.05%	11/1/2007	2027	1,565,886	439,052	84,479
GO Bond	5.05%	11/1/2007	2027	1,204,508	337,729	64,983
GO Bond	5.05%	11/1/2007	2027	1,243,435	348,643	67,083
GO Bond	5.05%	11/1/2007	2027	989,925	277,563	53,406
Premium on \$5,003,754 bonds	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	60,740	12,148
QSC Bond	5.31%	7/1/2010	2027	8,145,000	2,310,000	580,000
Note Payable - Finance Purchase	4.60%	11/26/2021	2024	48,676	16,602	16,602
VRA Note	2.49%	5/26/2021	2048	15,975,000	15,975,000	345,000
Premium on \$15,975,000 bonds	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	2,759,048	283,341
Literary Loans:						
State Literary Fund Loan	3.00%	3/15/2004	2024	\$ 302,206	\$ 15,116	\$ 15,116
State Literary Fund Loan	3.00%	3/15/2004	2024	279,506	13,981	13,981
State Literary Fund Loan	3.00%	5/1/2005	2025	439,616	43,976	21,980
State Literary Fund Loan	3.00%	5/1/2005	2025	129,816	12,996	6,490
Total Direct Borrowings and Placements					\$22,670,490	\$ 1,624,653
Lease Revenue Notes						
Lease Revenue Note	2.00%-4.00%	6/16/2016	2041	\$ 3,969,636	\$ 2,654,476	\$ 210,694
Lease Revenue Note	2.00%-4.00%	6/16/2016	2041	7,883,070	5,271,370	418,405
Premium on \$7,883,070 bonds	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	410,097	68,788
Lease Revenue Note	2.49%	9/24/2015	2026	1,612,500	693,500	167,000
Total Lease Revenue Notes					\$ 9,029,443	\$ 864,887
Lease Liabilities						
Mud Hollow Convenience Station	1.02%	7/1/2021	2026	\$ 12,225	\$ 7,020	\$ 1,728
Xerox Altalink-Library	0.91%	7/1/2021	2026	53,899	28,132	10,812
Sharp Copier-DSS	2.11%	7/1/2021	2023	31,383	1,359	1,359
Community Service Building-DSS	2.01%	7/1/2021	2026	1,136,990	364,766	119,155
Parking Lot	3.85%	7/1/2021	2024	64,820	67,576	67,576
Hayters Gap convenience Station	3.22%	7/1/2022	2028	12,755	10,755	1,653
4 Lexmark XC4342 System	2.82%	6/6/2023	2027	27,251	26,651	6,528
Parking Lot KVAT Total Lease Liabilities	2.45%	8/10/2022	2024	33,669	17,763 \$ 524,022	17,763 \$ 226,574
. 0.00 = 0.00 = 0.00					 	
Other Obligations						
Landfill Post-closure liability	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	\$ 144,444	\$ -
Net OPEB liabilities	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	2,453,775	-
Net pension liability	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	4,083,066	-
Compensated Absences	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	1,487,771	1,115,828
Total Other Obligations					\$ 8,169,056	\$ 1,115,828
Total Long-term Obligations					\$40,393,011	\$ 3,831,942

Note 8-Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board-Indebtedness:

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the Component-Unit School Board for the year ended June 30, 2023:

	J	Balance uly 1, 2022	 Increases/ Issuances	Decreases/ Retirement		Balance ine 30, 2023
Compensated absences Net OPEB liabilities	\$	3,068,179 16,100,289	\$ 2,087,176 4,269,509	\$ (2,301,134) (2,834,018)	\$	2,854,221 17,535,780
Net pension liability - VRS ⁽¹⁾		32,249,625	31,253,218	(23,504,538)		39,998,305
Net pension liabiliy - supplemental retirement program		7,622,356	1,647,338	(1,660,526)		7,609,168
Total	\$	59,040,449	\$ 39,257,241	\$ (30,300,216)	\$	67,997,474

Beginning balance includes School Board (nonprofessionals) net pension asset balance of \$297,161, which was not included in prior year ending balance reported. The School Board (nonprofessional) reported a net pension asset at the start of the year and a net pension liability at the end of the year.

Details of long-term indebtedness:

	Interest Rates	Issue Date	Final Maturity Date	Amount of Original Issue	Balance Governmental Activities	Amount Due Within One Year
Other Obligations:						
Compensated Absences	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	\$ 2,854,221	\$ 2,140,666
Net OPEB liabilities	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	17,535,780	-
Net pension liability - VRS	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	39,998,305	-
Net pension liability - supplemental						
retirement program	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	7,609,168	
Total Other Obligations					\$ 67,997,474	\$ 2,140,666

Note 9-Pension Plans:

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the County and (nonprofessional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by a VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

Note 9-Pension Plans: (Continued)

Benefit Structures

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees - Plan 1, Plan 2 and Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has different eligibility criteria, as detailed below.

- a. Employees with a membership date before July 1, 2010, vested as of January 1, 2013, and have not taken a refund, are covered under Plan 1, a defined benefit plan. Non-hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit beginning at age 65 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 30 years of service credit. Non-hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 55 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 10 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees (law enforcement officers, firefighters, and sheriffs) are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 25 years of service credit service. Hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least 5 years of service credit.
- b. Employees with a membership date from July 1, 2010 to December 31, 2013, that have not taken a refund or employees with a membership date prior to July 1, 2010 and not vested before January 1, 2013, are covered under Plan 2, a defined benefit plan. Non-hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal social security retirement age with at least 5 years of service credit or when the sum of their age plus service credit equals 90. Non-hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 25 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least 5 years of service credit.
- c. Non-hazardous duty employees with a membership date on or after January 1, 2014 are covered by the Hybrid Plan combining the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Plan 1 and Plan 2 members also had the option of opting into this plan during the election window held January 1 April 30, 2014 with an effective date of July 1, 2014. Employees covered by this plan are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal social security retirement age with at least 5 years of service credit, or when the sum of their age plus service credit equals 90. Employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit. For the defined contribution component, members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.

Average Final Compensation and Service Retirement Multiplier

The VRS defined benefit is a lifetime monthly benefit based on a retirement multiplier as a percentage of the employee's average final compensation multiplied by the employee's total service credit. Under Plan 1, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 36 consecutive months of highest compensation and the multiplier is 1.70% for non-hazardous duty employees, 1.85% for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents, and 1.70% or 1.85% for hazardous duty employee's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation and the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for non-hazardous duty employees, 1.85% for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents, and 1.70% or 1.85% for hazardous duty employees as elected by the employer. Under the Hybrid Plan, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation and the multiplier is 1.00%. For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans.

Note 9-Pension Plans: (Continued)

Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement and Death and Disability Benefits

Retirees with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of service credit are eligible for an annual COLA beginning July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date. Retirees with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of service credit are eligible for an annual COLA beginning on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date. Under Plan 1, the COLA cannot exceed 5.00%. Under Plan 2 and the Hybrid Plan, the COLA cannot exceed 3.00%. The VRS also provides death and disability benefits. Title 51.1 of the Code of Virginia, as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the General Assembly of Virginia.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	Primary Government (1)	Component Unit School Board Nonprofessional
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	233	133
Inactive members: Vested inactive members	53	17
Non-vested inactive members	66	29
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	116	13
Total inactive members	235	59
Active members	269	80
Total covered employees	737	272

(1) Includes Component Unit Washington Park Authority

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement.

The County's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2023 was 12.13% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$1,579,128 and \$1,396,027 for the years ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022, respectively.

The Component Unit Washington County Park Authority's (WCPA) contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2023 was 12.13% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021.

Note 9-Pension Plans: (Continued)

Contributions (Continued)

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the Component Unit WCPA were \$5,549 and \$4,812 for the years ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022, respectively.

The Component Unit School Board's contractually required contribution rate for nonprofessional employees for the year ended June 30, 2023 was 7.20% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the Component Unit School Board were \$195,242 and \$185,351 for the years ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022, respectively.

Net Pension Liability (Asset)

The net pension liability (asset) (NPLA) is calculated separately for each employer and represents that particular employer's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB statement No. 68, less that employer's fiduciary net position. The County's, Component Unit WCPA's, and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liabilities (assets) were measured as of June 30, 2022. The total pension liabilities used to calculate the net pension liabilities (assets) were determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2021 and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022.

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees

The total pension liability for General Employees in the County's, Component Unit WCPA, and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.50% - 5.35%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment

expenses, including inflation

Mortality rates:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty: 15% of deaths are assumed to be service related Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

Note 9-Pension Plans: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees (Continued)

Mortality rates: (Continued)

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits

The total pension liability for Public Safety employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits in the County's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.50% - 4.75%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment

expenses, including inflation

Note 9-Pension Plans: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits (Continued)

Mortality rates:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty: 45% of deaths are assumed to be service related Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased disability life expectancy. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and service to rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be more consistent with Locals Largest Hazardous Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Note 9-Pension Plans: (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-Term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	5.71%	1.94%
Fixed Income	15.00%	2.04%	0.31%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	4.78%	0.67%
Real Assets	14.00%	4.47%	0.63%
Private Equity	14.00%	9.73%	1.36%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	6.00%	3.73%	0.22%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	3.00%	6.55%	0.20%
Total	100.00%		5.33%
		Inflation	2.50%
	Expected arithmet	ic nominal return**	7.83%

^{*} The above allocation provides a one-year expected return of 7.83%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. These results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 6.72%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

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^{**}On October 10, 2019, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of return of 6.75% which was roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Note 9-Pension Plans: (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Consistent with the phased-in funding provided by the General Assembly for state and teacher employer contributions; the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) was also provided with an opportunity to use an alternative employer contribution rate. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the alternate rate was the employer contribution rate used in FY2012 for 100% of the actuarially determined employer contribution rate from the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuations, whichever was greater. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the rate contributed by the school division for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2022 on, participating employers and school divisions are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset)

		Primary Government				
	Increase (Decrease)					
	_	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)	
Balances at June 30, 2021	\$	56,508,504 \$	55,326,440	\$	1,182,064	
Changes for the year:						
Service cost	\$	1,395,740 \$	-	\$	1,395,740	
Interest		3,801,944	-		3,801,944	
Differences between expected						
and actual experience		(395,609)	-		(395,609)	
Impact in change of proportion		(2,269)	(2,222)		(47)	
Contributions - employer		-	1,391,545		(1,391,545)	
Contributions - employee		-	590,988		(590,988)	
Net investment income		-	(48,279)		48,279	
Benefit payments, including refunds						
of employee contributions		(3,153,733)	(3,153,733)		-	
Administrative expenses		-	(34,498)		34,498	
Other changes		-	1,270		(1,270)	
Net changes	\$	1,646,073 \$	(1,254,929)	\$	2,901,002	
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$	58,154,577 \$	54,071,511	\$	4,083,066	

Note 9-Pension Plans: (Continued)

Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) (Continued)

Component Unit Washington County Park Authority

		Component office Washington Country Fark Additioney				
		Increase (Decrease)				
	_	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)		
Balances at June 30, 2021	\$_	212,249 \$	207,809	\$		
Changes for the year:						
Service cost	\$	5,299 \$	- 9	\$ 5,299		
Interest		14,434	-	14,434		
Differences between expected						
and actual experience		(1,502)	-	(1,502)		
Impact in change of proportion		2,269	2,222	47		
Contributions - employer		-	5,283	(5,283)		
Contributions - employee		-	2,244	(2,244)		
Net investment income		-	(183)	183		
Benefit payments, including refunds						
of employee contributions		(11,973)	(11,973)	-		
Administrative expenses		-	(131)	131		
Other changes		-	5	(5)		
Net changes	\$	8,527 \$	(2,533)	\$ 11,060		
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$	220,776 \$	205,276	\$ 15,500		

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Note 9-Pension Plans: (Continued)

Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)

		In	crease (Decrease)	
		Total	Plan	Net
		Pension	Fiduciary	Pension (Asset)
		Liability	Net Position	Liability
		(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)
Balances at June 30, 2021	\$	15,376,698 \$	15,673,859	\$ (297,161)
Changes for the year:				
Service cost	\$	221,788 \$	- 9	\$ 221,788
Interest		1,017,071	-	1,017,071
Differences between expected				
and actual experience		(300,724)	-	(300,724)
Contributions - employer		-	185,390	(185,390)
Contributions - employee		-	126,652	(126,652)
Net investment income		-	(4,590)	4,590
Benefit payments, including refunds				
of employee contributions		(1,061,529)	(1,061,529)	-
Administrative expenses		-	(9,935)	9,935
Other changes		-	350	(350)
Net changes	\$_	(123,394) \$	(763,662)	\$ 640,268
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$	15,253,304 \$	14,910,197	\$ 343,107

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Note 9-Pension Plans: (Continued)

Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the County, Component Unit WCPA, and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the County's, Component Unit WCPA's, and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liability would be if (asset) it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

			Rate	
	_	(5.75%)	(6.75%)	(7.75%)
County Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ <u>_</u>	11,443,796 \$	4,083,066 \$	(1,946,114)
Component Unit Washington County Park Authority Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ <u>_</u>	43,445 \$	15,500 \$	(7,388)
Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ <u>_</u>	1,954,305 \$	343,107 \$	(1,004,193)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the County, Component Unit WCPA, and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) recognized pension expense of \$537,036, \$2,287, and \$(15,900), respectively. At June 30, 2023, the County, Component Unit WCPA, and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Primary Gov	vernment	Component Unit- Washington County Park Authority		Component Unit-School Board (nonprofessional)		
	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ - \$	541,357	5 - \$	1,996 \$	- \$	149,182	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	1,598,480	-	7,909	-	472,711	
Change in assumptions	681,868	-	2,561	-	25,063	-	
Change in proportionate share	-	6,077	6,077	-	-	-	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,579,128	<u>-</u>	5,549	-	195,242		
Total	\$ 2,260,996 \$	2,145,914	14,187 \$	9,905 \$	220,305 \$	621,893	

Note 9-Pension Plans: (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

\$1,579,128, \$5,549, and \$195,242 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the County's, Component Unit WCPA's, and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) contributions, respectively, subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30	Primary Government	Component Unit Washington County Park Authority	Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)
2024 \$	(351,783) \$	(1,478) \$	(302,977)
2025	(780,328)	1,386	(188,014)
2026	(1,080,338)	(4,016)	(313,231)
2027	748,403	2,841	207,392

Pension Plan Data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision Retirement Plan is also available in the separately issued VRS 2022 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2022 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2022-annual-report-pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

Component Unit School Board (Professional)

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple employer plan administered by the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan upon employment. Additional information related to the plan description is included in the first section of this note.

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Each School Division's contractually required employee contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2023 was 16.62% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the School Board were \$6,399,312 and \$6,187,637 for the years ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022, respectively.

In June 2022, the Commonwealth made a special contribution of approximately \$442.4 million to the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan. This special payment was authorized by a budget amendment included in Chapter 1 of the 2022 Appropriation Act, and is classified as a non-employer contribution.

Note 9-Pension Plans: (Continued)

<u>Component Unit School Board (Professional)</u> (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the school division reported a liability of \$39,655,198 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2022 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2021, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022. The school division's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2022, relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2022, the school division's proportion was 0.41652% as compared to 0.41925% at June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the school division recognized pension expense of \$1,157,559. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions. Beginning with the June 30, 2022 measurement date, the difference between expected and actual contributions is included in the pension expense calculation.

At June 30, 2023, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	-	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	- \$	2,734,383
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-	5,170,207
Change of assumptions		3,738,686	-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		825	1,259,111
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		6,399,312	
Total	\$	10,138,823 \$	9,163,701

\$6,399,312 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2024.

Note 9-Pension Plans: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

		Component Unit School Board			
Year ended June 30	_	(professional)			
2024	\$	(1,992,264)			
2025		(2,151,581)			
2026		(3,560,034)			
2027		2,279,689			

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022.

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.50% - 5.95%
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation

Mortality rates:

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Employee Rates projected generationally, 110% of rates for males

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; males set forward 1 year; 105% of rates for females

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally

Mortality Improvement:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

Note 9-Pension Plans: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Mortality rates: (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each system and represents that particular system's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, less that system's fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2022, NPL amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee Retirement Plan is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	Teacher Employee		
	Retirement Plan		
Total Pension Liability	\$	54,732,329	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		45,211,731	
Employers' Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	9,520,598	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage			
of the Total Pension Liability		82.61%	

The total pension liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net pension liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 67 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

The long-term expected rate of return and discount rate information previously described also apply to this plan.

Note 9-Pension Plans: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

		Rate	
	(5.75%)	(6.75%)	(7.75%)
School division's proportionate share of the			
VRS Teacher Employee Retirement Plan			
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 70,827,219	\$ 39,655,198	\$ 14,274,318

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2022 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2022 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2022-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Note 10-School Board Supplemental Retirement Program:

Defined Benefit Plan

Plan Description:

The effective date of the Supplemental Retirement Program for Washington County Public Schools is January 1, 2006.

The Supplemental Retirement Program is a single-employer defined benefit plan. The Supplemental Retirement Program has one participating employer, the Washington County Public School System. Participants who meet the following eligibility requirements are eligible to receive benefits from the plan:

- Participant is a former employee of Washington County, Virginia public school system and has retired for purposes of eligibility to receive retirement benefits under the Virginia Retirement System;
- Participant has a bona fide separation from service of at least 30 days during a period of time the employee would normally be working;
- Participant is not eligible for disability retirement benefits under the Virginia Retirement System or Social Security; and
- Participant has at least 10 consecutive years of employment with the Washington County Public Schools immediately preceding retirement.

Note 10-School Board Supplemental Retirement Program: (Continued)

Plan Description: (Continued)

A participant may elect to receive a retirement benefit in one of the forms of payment shown below. The retirement benefit shall commence in accordance with plan provisions and the participant must elect to have his retirement benefit commence no later than his Social Security Retirement Age. Optional forms of payments:

- Monthly payment of 20% of contracted salary divided by 12 for 84 months following date of retirement
- Monthly payment of 23.33% of contracted salary divided by 12 for 72 months following date of retirement
- Monthly payment of 28% of contracted salary divided by 12 for 60 months following date of retirement.

If a participant dies prior to the commencement of his retirement benefit, his beneficiary shall receive a death benefit equal to the retirement benefit the participant would have received had the participant retired the day before his death. The participant's beneficiary shall choose a form of benefit as described above. In the event a participant dies after the first year of participation in the plan, the benefit will be the entire remaining balance of the participant's account.

Contributions Policy

All funding is paid by the employer, Washington County Public Schools, and no employee contributions are allowed or required.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates and Net Pension Liability

The following assumptions were used to determine contribution rates and net pension liability:

Actuarial Methods:

Actuarial Cost Method

The actuarial cost method used to determine the actuarial accrued liability and the normal cost for both funding and financial reporting purposes is the Entry Age Actuarial Cost Method. The accrued liability and the normal cost are used to determine the School's contribution requirement. Under this method, the cost of each individual's pension is allocated on a level percent of payroll basis between the time employment starts (entry age) and the assumed retirement date. The normal cost is the amount allocated for a given year and actuarial liability is the accumulation of prior normal costs as of the determination date. The total actuarial liability for retirement benefits is the sum of the actuarial liability for all members.

Asset Cost Method

GASB 68 - Market value of assets

Actuarially determined contribution - Market value of assets

Note 10-School Board Supplemental Retirement Program: (Continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates and Net Pension Liability (Continued)

Actuarial Methods: (Continued)

• Amortization Method

GASB 68 recognition period

For differences between expected and actual experience with regard to economic or demographic factors and for changes in assumptions, the amounts will be amortized over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees determined at the beginning of the measurement period. The differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments will be recognized over a closed five-year period.

Actuarially determined contribution

The unfunded liability will be amortized as a level dollar method over an open 20 year period.

Actuarial Assumptions for GASB 68 Results:

Valuation Date	July 1, 2023
Measurement Date	June 30, 2023
Mortality Table	Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Teachers Amount-Weighted mortality table projected generationally with Scale MP-2021
Discount Rate	4.00% for July 1, 2023 4.00% for July 1, 2022
Expected Long Term Rate of Return	4.00% for July 1, 2023
	4.00% for July 1, 2022
Municipal Bond Rate	3.86% for July 1, 2023 3.69% for July 1, 2022
Inflation	2.50% per year
Salary Increase	4.00% per year
Ad-hoc COLA	None

Actuarial Assumptions for Recommended Contribution that Differ from the GASB 68 Assumptions:

All assumptions are the same for the recommended contribution as those used for the GASB 68 assumption.

Plan Membership

As of June 30, 2023, membership in the Supplemental Retirement Program was comprised as follows:

Active participants	815
Active in contract period	15
Participants receiving benefits	79
Total	909

Note 10-School Board Supplemental Retirement Program: (Continued)

Net Pension Liability

A detailed schedule of changes in the net pension liability is presented under required supplementary information. This information is intended to help users assess the extent of the Washington County School Board's obligation to the Defined Benefit Plan. The net pension liability at June 30, 2023 is as follows:

Total pension liability (TPL)	\$ 17,713,286
Plan fiduciary net position	10,104,118
Net pension liability (NPL)	\$ 7,609,168
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	57.04%
Covered employee payroll	\$ 39,846,110
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	19.10%

Expected Rate of Return and Target Allocation

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined by the client using the building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability

Changes in the discount rate affect the measurement of pension liabilities; therefore, a small change in the discount rate could result in a significant change in the net pension liability. As an illustration, the following table presents the net pension liability for the Supplemental Retirement Program calculated using the discount rate of 4.00%, as well as what the Supplemental Retirement Program's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate of one percentage point lower (3.00%) or one percentage point higher (5.00%) than the current rate:

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

	Current						
		% Decrease (3.00%)	Discount Rate 1% Increase (4.00%) (5.00%)		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
Total Pension Liability	\$	19,067,201	\$	17,713,286	\$	16,477,266	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		10,104,118		10,104,118		10,104,118	
Net Pension Liability	\$	8,963,083	\$	7,609,168	\$	6,373,148	

Summary of Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

The Washington County Public Schools reports deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources on its Statement of Net Position as a result of pension related activities required under GAAP. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net assets that is applied to future periods and, thus, is not recognized as an outflow of resources or expense until a later year. Deferred inflows of resources are an acquisition of net position that is not recognized in the current year but are recognized as an inflow of resources or revenue in a future year.

Note 10-School Board Supplemental Retirement Program: (Continued)

Summary of Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources (Continued)

Since certain pension expense items are amortized over closed periods each year, the deferred portions of these items must be tracked annually. If the amounts increase the expense, they are labeled as deferred outflows and amounts that decrease the expense are labeled as deferred inflows. These outflows and inflows are amortized on a level dollar basis with no interest added for the deferred amounts. Deferred experience gains/losses and changes in assumptions are amortized over the average remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the pension plan at the beginning of the measurement period. Investment gains/losses are amortized over a five year period.

The component make up of deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources is as follows:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	634,778	\$	424,086
Change in assumptions		100,493		2,231,277
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		105,695		-
Total	\$	840,966	\$	2,655,363

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are amortized over specific years and recognized in pension expense in future years as shown below:

Amortization Schedule of Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Year Ended June 30,	
2024	\$ (365,971)
2025	(359,093)
2026	(301,937)
2027	(288,244)
2028	(273,923)
Thereafter	(225,229)

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Note 10-School Board Supplemental Retirement Program: (Continued)

Components of Pension Expense

	Pens	ion Expense
Service Cost	\$	619,502
Interest Cost		690,950
Projected Earnings on Plan Assets		(384,460)
Recognition of Outflow (Inflow) of Resources due to differences between		
expected and actual experience in the measurement of total pension liability		101,712
Recognition of Outflow (Inflow) of Resources due to assumption change		(406,800)
Recognition of Outflow (Inflow) of Resources due to differences		
between projected and actual earnings on plan investments		(86,045)
Administrative Expense		45,000
Pension Expense	\$	579,859

The Defined Benefit Plan is considered part of the Washington County School Board's financial reporting entity and is included in the financial statements as a Pension Trust Fund.

Note 11-Summary of Pension Related Items:

County Pension Plan:

Primary Government			Component Unit Park Authority			
Net Pension				Net Pension		
erred Deferred	Liability Pensio	n Deferred	Deferred	Liability	Pension	
flows Inflows	(Asset) Expens	e Outflows	Inflows	(Asset)	Expense	
0,996 \$ 2,145,914 \$	\$ 4,083,066 \$ 537,03	6 \$ 14,187	\$ 9,905 \$	15,500	\$ 2,287	
	erred Deferred flows Inflows	Net Pension erred Deferred Liability Pensio flows Inflows (Asset) Expens	Net Pension erred Deferred Liability Pension Deferred flows Inflows (Asset) Expense Outflows	Net Pension erred Deferred Liability Pension Deferred Deferred flows Inflows (Asset) Expense Outflows Inflows	Net Pension Perred Deferred Liability Pension Deferred Deferred Liability Flows Inflows (Asset) Expense Outflows Inflows (Asset)	

^{*}The Virginia Highlands Airport Authority is a separately audited entity that participates in its own pension plan not related to Washington County.

School Board Pension Plan:

Component Unit School Board						
				Net Pension		
Deferred		Deferred		Liability		Pension
Outflows		Inflows		(Asset)	_	Expense
\$ 220,305	\$	621,893	\$	343,107	\$	(15,900)
10,138,823		9,163,701		39,655,198		1,157,559
840,966		2,655,363		7,609,168		579,859
\$ 11,200,094	\$	12,440,957	\$	47,607,473	\$	1,721,518
\$	\$ 220,305 10,138,823 840,966	Deferred Outflows \$ 220,305 \$ 10,138,823 840,966	Deferred Outflows Deferred Inflows \$ 220,305 \$ 621,893 10,138,823 9,163,701 840,966 2,655,363	Deferred Outflows Deferred Inflows \$ 220,305 \$ 621,893 \$ 10,138,823 9,163,701	Deferred Outflows Deferred Inflows Net Pension Liability (Asset) \$ 220,305 \$ 621,893 \$ 343,107 10,138,823 \$ 9,163,701 39,655,198 840,966 2,655,363 7,609,168	Deferred Outflows Deferred Inflows Net Pension Liability (Asset) \$ 220,305 \$ 621,893 \$ 343,107 \$ 10,138,823 9,163,701 39,655,198 840,966 2,655,363 7,609,168

Note 12- Primary Government Other Postemployment Benefits - Healthcare:

Plan Description

The County administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan, The Washington County OPEB Plan. The plan provides postemployment health care benefits to all eligible permanent employees who meet the requirements under the County's pension plans. The plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

Benefits Provided

Postemployment benefits are provided to eligible retirees to include Medical and Life Insurance. Health benefits are offered for the lifetime of the retiree. Health benefits are offered to the spouse until the earlier of the death of the retiree or the death of the spouse. Spouses who are predeceased by the retiree are eligible to continue coverage through COBRA only. Retirees age 65 and over may elect the Advantage 65 Medicare supplement. Medicare eligible spouses are also eligible to elect the Advantage 65 Medicare supplement.

Plan Membership

At June 30, 2023 (measurement date), the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Total active employees with coverage	278
Total retirees with coverage	7
Total	285

Contributions

The board does not pre-fund benefits; therefore, no assets are accumulated in a trust fund. The current funding policy is to pay benefits directly from general assets on a pay-as-you-go basis. The funding requirements are established and may be amended by the Board of Supervisors. The amount paid by the County for OPEB as the benefits came due during the year ended June 30, 2023 was \$65,414.

Total OPEB Liability

The County's total OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2023. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2022.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal, level percentage of pay
Inflation	2.50%
Discount Rate	3.65% for accounting and funding disclosures as of June 30, 2023
	3.54% for accounting and funding disclosures as of June 30, 2022
Healthcare Trend Rate	The healthcare trend rate assumptions starts at 4.30% in 2023, increases to
	6.40% in 2024, then decreases to an ultimate 3.90% in 2073
Salary Increases	5.35% to 3.50% depending on years of service for general employees;
	4.75% to 3.50% depending on years of service for public safety employees
Retirement Age	The average age at retirement is 62

Note 12-Primary Government Other Postemployment Benefits - Healthcare: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Mortality Rates (General Employees)

• Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Employee Rates projected generationally; females set forward 2 years. Base rates are projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates. 25% of deaths are assumed to be service related.

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for females. Base rates are projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates.

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; males and females set forward 3 years. Base rates are projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates.

Beneficiaries and survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females. Base rates are projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates.

Mortality Rates (Public Safety Employees)

• Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years. Base rates are projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates. 35% of deaths are assumed to be service-related.

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years. Base rates are projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates.

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years. Base rates are projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates.

Beneficiaries and survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years. Base rates are projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates.

The demographic assumptions used to determine the Total OPEB Liability as of June 30, 2023 were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the Virginia Retirement System covering the period from July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2020. The demographic assumptions recommended as a result of this study were adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees on April 20, 2021.

Note 12-Primary Government Other Postemployment Benefits - Healthcare: (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rates are based on the Bond Buyer 20-year Bond GO Index as of their respective measurement dates.

Changes in Total OPEB Liability

	Primary Government Total OPEB Liability	
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$	1,646,754
Changes for the year:		
Service cost		104,849
Interest		60,859
Changes in assumptions		(27,572)
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses		31,227
Benefit payments		(65,414)
Net changes	\$	103,949
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$	1,750,703

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following amounts present the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.65%) or one percentage point higher (4.65%) than the current discount rate:

Rate						
		ent Discount Rate (3.65%)		1% Increase (4.65%)		
	(2.03%)		(3.03%)		(4.03%)	
\$	1,929,812	\$	1,750,703	\$	1,593,002	

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

			Rate			
	Current Healthcare					
19	% Decrease	Cos	t Trend Rate		1% Increase	
<u> </u>	4 5 45 700	<u></u>	4 750 703	<u> </u>	1 002 (11	
\$	1,545,789	\$	1,750,703	\$	1,992,614	

Note 12-Primary Government Other Postemployment Benefits - Healthcare: (Continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the County recognized OPEB expense in the amount of \$36,192. At June 30, 2023, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	 Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	51,860	\$ 23,593
Changes in assumptions		40,669	311,876
Total	\$	92,529	\$ 335,469

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30	_	
2024	\$	(122,911)
2025		(63,107)
2026		(48,151)
2027		(9,101)
2028		330

Additional disclosures on changes in total OPEB liability, and related ratios can be found in the required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements.

Note 13-Component Unit School Board Other Postemployment Benefits - Healthcare:

Plan Description

The Schools administer a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan, the Washington County Public Schools OPEB Plan. The plan provides postemployment health care benefits to all eligible permanent employees who meet the requirements under the Schools' pension plans. The plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

Benefits Provided

The benefits provided are the same as those provided to active employees, and include Medical and Life Insurance. Health benefits are offered until the retiree becomes eligible for Medicare. Health benefits are offered to the spouse until the earlier of the death of the retiree, the death of the spouse, or the spouse's attainment of Medicare eligibility. Spouses who are predeceased by the retiree are eligible to continue coverage through COBRA only. Retirees age 65 and over are not eligible to continue medical coverage in the plan.

Note 13-Component Unit School Board Other Postemployment Benefits - Healthcare: (Continued)

Plan Membership

At June 30, 2023 (measurement date), the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Total active employees with coverage	915
Total retirees with coverage	31
Total spouses of retirees	6
Total	952

Contributions

The School Board does not pre-fund benefits; therefore, no assets are accumulated in a trust fund. The current funding policy is to pay benefits directly from general assets on a pay-as-you-go basis. The funding requirements are established and may be amended by the School Board. The amount paid by the School Board for OPEB as the benefits came due during the year ended June 30, 2023 was \$447,230.

Total OPEB Liability

The Schools' net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2023. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2022.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal, level percentage of pay
Inflation	2.50%
Discount Rate	3.65% for accounting and funding disclosures as of June 30, 2023
	3.54% for accounting and funding disclosures as of June 30, 2022
Healthcare Trend Rate	The healthcare trend rate assumptions starts at 4.80% in 2023, increases to
	6.50% in 2024, then decreases to an ultimate 3.90% in 2074
Salary Increases	5.35% to 3.50% depending on years of service for general employees;
	5.95% to 3.50% depending on years of service for teachers
Retirement Age	The average age at retirement is 62

Mortality Rates - General Employees

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Employee Rates projected generationally; females set forward 2 years. Base rates are projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates. 25% of deaths are assumed to be service related.

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for females. Base rates are projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates.

Note 13-Component Unit School Board Other Postemployment Benefits - Healthcare: (Continued)

Mortality Rates - General Employees (Continued)

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; males and females set forward 3 years. Base rates are projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates.

Beneficiaries and survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females. Base rates are projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates.

Mortality Rates - Teachers

• Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Employee Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males. Base rates are projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates. 5% of deaths are assumed to be service related.

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; males set forward 1 year; 105% of rates for females. Base rates are projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates.

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females. Base rates are projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates.

• Beneficiaries and survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally. Base rates are projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates.

The demographic assumptions used to determine the Total OPEB Liability as of June 30, 2023 were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the Virginia Retirement System covering the period from July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2020. The demographic assumptions recommended as a result of this study were adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees on April 20, 2021.

Discount Rate

The discount rates are based on the Bond Buyer 20-year Bond GO Index as of their respective measurement dates.

Note 13-Component Unit School Board Other Postemployment Benefits - Healthcare: (Continued)

Changes in Total OPEB Liability

	_	Component Unit School Board Total OPEB Liability
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$	8,236,302
Changes for the year:		
Service cost		520,228
Interest		302,134
Effect of plan changes		571,186
Changes in assumptions		257,510
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses		345,099
Benefit payments		(447,230)
Net changes	\$	1,548,927
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$	9,785,229

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following amounts present the total OPEB liability of the School Board, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.65%) or one percentage point higher (4.65%) than the current discount rate:

			Rate	
1	% Decrease (2.65%)	Curren	t Discount Rate (3.65%)	 1% Increase (4.65%)
\$	10,468,920	\$	9,785,229	\$ 9,135,050

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the School Board, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

			Rate		
			ent Healthcare		
1%	6 Decrease	Cos	t Trend Rate	1	% Increase
\$	8,824,667	\$	9,785,229	\$	10,904,278

Note 13-Component Unit School Board Other Postemployment Benefits - Healthcare: (Continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Schools will recognize OPEB expense in the amount of \$1,632,710. At June 30, 2023, the Schools reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	 Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	692,289	\$ -
Changes in assumptions		1,620,129	894,720
Total	\$_	2,312,418	\$ 894,720

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30	_
2024	\$
2025	
2026	
2027	
2028	
Thereafter	

Additional disclosures on changes in Schools total OPEB liability, and related ratios can be found in the required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements.

Note 14-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan):

Plan Description

The Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan was established pursuant to \$51.1-500 et seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the state agencies, teachers, and employees of participating political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS GLI Plan upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pensions and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia.

In addition to the Basic GLI benefit, members are also eligible to elect additional coverage for themselves as well as a spouse or dependent children through the Optional GLI Plan. For members who elect the optional group life insurance coverage, the insurer bills employers directly for the premiums. Employers deduct these premiums from members' paychecks and pay the premiums to the insurer. Since this is a separate and fully insured plan, it is not included as part of the GLI Plan OPEB.

The specific information for GLI OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is described below:

Note 14-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Eligible Employees

The GLI Plan was established July 1, 1960, for state employees, teachers, and employees of political subdivisions that elect the plan. Basic GLI coverage is automatic upon employment. Coverage ends for employees who leave their position before retirement eligibility or who take a refund of their accumulated retirement member contributions and accrued interest.

Benefit Amounts

The GLI Plan is a defined benefit plan with several components. The natural death benefit is equal to the employee's covered compensation rounded to the next highest thousand and then doubled. The accidental death benefit is double the natural death benefit. In addition to basic natural and accidental death benefits, the plan provides additional benefits provided under specific circumstances that include the following: accidental dismemberment benefit, seatbelt benefit, repatriation benefit, felonious assault benefit, and accelerated death benefit option. The benefit amounts are subject to a reduction factor. The benefit amount reduces by 25% on January 1 following one calendar year of separation. The benefit amount reduces by an additional 25% on each subsequent January 1 until it reaches 25% of its original value. For covered members with at least 30 years of service credit, the minimum benefit payable was set at \$8,000 by statute in 2015. This will be increased annually based on the VRS Plan 2 cost-of-living adjustment calculation. The minimum benefit adjusted for the COLA was \$8,984 as of June 30, 2023.

Contributions

The contribution requirements for the GLI Plan are governed by §51.1-506 and §51.1-508 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to state agencies and school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. The total rate for the GLI Plan was 1.34% of covered employee compensation. This was allocated into an employee and an employer component using a 60/40 split. The employee component was 0.80% (1.34% x 60%) and the employer component was 0.54% (1.34% x 40%). Employers may elect to pay all or part of the employee contribution; however, the employer must pay all of the employer contribution. Each employer's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2023 was 0.54% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits payable during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Contributions to the Group Life Insurance Plan from the County were \$75,194 and \$68,583 for the years ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022, respectively.

Contributions to the Group Life Insurance Plan from the Component Unit-School Board (non-professional) were \$16,480 and \$14,959 for the years ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022, respectively.

Contributions to the Group Life Insurance Plan from the Component Unit-School Board (professional) were \$217,137 and \$208,185 for the years ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022, respectively.

In June 2022, the Commonwealth made a special contribution of approximately \$30.4 million to the Group Life Insurance Plan. This special payment was authorized by a budget amendment included in Chapter 1 of the 2022 Appropriation Act and is classified as a non-employer contribution.

Note 14-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the GLI Plan OPEB

At June 30, 2023, the County reported a liability of \$703,072 for its proportionate share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability.

At June 30, 2023, the Component Unit-School Board (nonprofessional) reported a liability of \$153,281 for its proportionate share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability.

At June 30, 2023, the Component Unit-School Board (professional) reported a liability of \$2,134,020 for its proportionate share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability.

The Net GLI OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2022 and the total GLI OPEB liability used to calculate the Net GLI OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2021, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022. The covered employer's proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability was based on the covered employer's actuarially determined employer contributions to the GLI Plan for the year ended June 30, 2022 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers.

At June 30, 2022, the County's proportion was 0.05840% as compared to 0.05660% at June 30, 2021.

At June 30, 2022, the Component Unit-School Board (nonprofessional) proportion was 0.01270% as compared to 0.01370% at June 30, 2021.

At June 30, 2022, the Component Unit-School Board (professional) proportion was 0.17720% as compared to 0.17840% at June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the County recognized GLI OPEB expense of \$23,776. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the GLI OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Component-Unit School Board (nonprofessional) recognized GLI OPEB expense of (\$17). Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the GLI OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Component-Unit School Board (professional) recognized GLI OPEB expense of \$28,666. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the GLI OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

Note 14-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Group Life Insurance Plan OPEB (Continued)

At June 30, 2023, the employer reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB from the following sources:

J	Primary Government		Component-Unit School Board (Non-professional)		Component-Unit Scho Board (Professional)	
	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience \$	55,674 \$	28,206	\$ 12,138 \$	6,149	168,988 \$	85,612
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on GLI OPEB plan investments	-	43,932	-	9,578	-	133,345
Change in assumptions	26,223	68,482	5,717	14,930	79,596	207,862
Changes in proportion	30,034	8,413	1,212	16,840	1,182	87,933
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	75,194		16,480		217,137	
Total \$	187,125 \$	149,033	\$ 35,547 \$	47,497	466,903 \$	514,752

\$75,194, \$16,480, and \$217,137 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB resulting from the County's, Component-Unit School Board (Non-professional), and Component-Unit School Board (Professional), respectively, contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net GLI OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB will be recognized in the GLI OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30	Primary Government	Component Unit- School Board (Non-professional)	Component Unit- School Board (Professional)
2024 \$	(8,900) \$	(7,599) \$	(74,663)
2025	(7,418)	(5,914)	(61,451)
2026	(29,871)	(10,386)	(121,388)
2027	10,131	(1,184)	11,144
2028	(1,044)	(3,347)	(18,628)

Note 14-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total GLI OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022. The assumptions include several employer groups. Salary increases and mortality rates included herein are for relevant groups. Information for other groups can be referenced in the VRS Annual Report.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation:

Teachers3.50%-5.95%Locality - General employees3.50%-5.35%Locality - Hazardious Duty employees3.50%-4.75%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of investment expenses,

including inflation

Mortality Rates - Teachers

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Employee Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; males set forward 1 year; 105% of rates for females

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019.

Note 14-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Teachers (Continued)

Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; males set forward 2 years; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set forward 2 years; 95% of rates for females set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males set forward 3 years; 110% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019.

Note 14-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees (Continued)

Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019.

Note 14-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased disability life expectancy. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and service to rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be more consistent with Locals Top 10 Hazardous Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

NET GLI OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the Group Life Insurance Plan represents the program's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of the measurement date of June 30, 2022, NOL amounts for the GLI Plan are as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	 GLI OPEB Plan
Total GLI OPEB Liability	\$ 3,672,085
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	2,467,989
GLI Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ 1,204,096
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage	
of the Total GLI OPEB Liability	67.21%

The total GLI OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net GLI OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

Note 14-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the System's investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of System's investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-Term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	5.71%	1.94%
Fixed Income	15.00%	2.04%	0.31%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	4.78%	0.67%
Real Assets	14.00%	4.47%	0.63%
Private Equity	14.00%	9.73%	1.36%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	6.00%	3.73%	0.22%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	3.00%	6.55%	0.20%
Total	100.00%		5.33%
		Inflation	2.50%
	Expected arithmet	ic nominal return**	7.83%

^{*}The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.83%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. These results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 6.72%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total GLI OPEB liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy and at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the rate contributed by the entity for the GLI OPEB will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2022 on, employers are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the GLI OPEB's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of eligible employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total GLI OPEB liability.

^{**}On October 10, 2019, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of return of 6.75%, which was roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Note 14-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the employer's proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the employer's proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

				Rate		
	19	% Decrease	Curr	ent Discount	19	% Increase
		(5.75%)		(6.75%)		(7.75%)
County's proportionate						
share of the GLI Plan						
Net OPEB Liability	\$	1,023,052	\$	703,072	\$	444,484
Component Unit-School Board (Nonprofessional) proportionate share of the GLI Plan						
Net OPEB Liability	\$	223,042	\$	153,281	\$	96,905
Component Unit-School Board (Professional) proportionate share of the GLI Plan						
Net OPEB Liability	\$	3,105,249	\$	2,134,020	\$	1,349,134

Group Life Insurance Program Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Group Life Insurance Program's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2022 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2022 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2022-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Note 15-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan):

Plan Description

The Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan was established pursuant to \$51.1-1400 et seq. of the Code of Virginia, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent employees of participating political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS Political Subdivision HIC Plan upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pension and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS. The HIC is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the General Assembly for each year of service credit against qualified health insurance premiums retirees pay for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premiums and ends upon the retiree's death.

Note 15-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

The specific information about the Political Subdivision HIC Plan OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is described below:

Eligible Employees

The Political Subdivision Retiree HIC Plan was established July 1, 1993 for retired political subdivision employees of employers who elect the benefit and retire with at least 15 years of service credit. Eligible employees include full-time permanent salaried employees of the participating political subdivision who are covered under the VRS pension plan. These employees are enrolled automatically upon employment.

Benefit Amounts

The Political Subdivision Retiree HIC Plan is a defined benefit plan that provides a credit toward the cost of health insurance coverage for retired political subdivision employees of participating employers. For employees who retire, the monthly benefit is \$1.50 per year of service per month with a maximum benefit of \$45.00 per month. For employees who retire on disability or go on long-term disability under the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP), the monthly benefit is \$45.00 per month.

HIC Plan Notes

The monthly HIC benefit cannot exceed the individual premium amount. There is no HIC for premiums paid and qualified under LODA; however, the employee may receive the credit for premiums paid for other qualified health plans. Employees who retire after being on long-term disability under VLDP must have at least 15 years of service credit to qualify for the HIC as a retiree.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the HIC OPEB plan:

	Primary Government	Component Unit - School Board Nonprofessional
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	29	68
Inactive members: Vested inactive members	2	7
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS Total inactive members	<u>0</u> <u>31</u>	14 89
Active members Total covered employees	78 109	83 172

Note 15-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Contributions

The contribution requirements for active employees is governed by §51.1-1402(E) of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. The County's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2023 was 0.00% of covered employee compensation. The Component Unit - School Board's (Nonprofessional) contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2023 was 1.16% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The actuarially determined rate was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Contributions from the County to the Health Insurance Credit Program were \$0 and \$3,776 for the years ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022, respectively.

Contributions from the Component Unit - School board (Nonprofessional) to the Health Insurance Credit Program were \$35,401 and \$29,365 for the year ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022, respectively.

Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset)

The County and Component Unit-School Board's (Nonprofessional) net HIC OPEB liability (asset) were measured as of June 30, 2022. The total HIC OPEB liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2021, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total HIC OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation:

Locality - General employees 3.50%-5.35% Locality - Hazardous Duty employees 3.50%-4.75%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of investment expenses,

including inflation

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

Note 15-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

Note 15-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased disability life expectancy. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and service to rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be more consistent with Locals Top 10 Hazardous Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Note 15-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the System's investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of System's investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-Term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	5.71%	1.94%
Fixed Income	15.00%	2.04%	0.31%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	4.78%	0.67%
Real Assets	14.00%	4.47%	0.63%
Private Equity	14.00%	9.73%	1.36%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	6.00%	3.73%	0.22%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	3.00%	6.55%	0.20%
Total	100.00%		5.33%
		Inflation	2.50%
	Expected arithmet	ic nominal return**	7.83%

^{*}The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.83%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. These results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 6.72%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total HIC OPEB liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the rate contributed by the entity for the HIC OPEB was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2022 on, employers are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the HIC OPEB's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of eligible employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total HIC OPEB liability.

^{**}On October 10, 2019 the VRS Board elected a long-term rate or return of 6.75% which was roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Note 15-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Changes in Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset) - Primary Government

			Ind	crease (Decrease	•)	
	_	Total HIC OPEB Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset) (a) - (b)
Balances at June 30, 2021	\$	204,871	\$_	257,297	\$_	(52,426)
Changes for the year:						
Service cost	\$	3,287	\$	-	\$	3,287
Interest		13,387		-		13,387
Differences between expected						
and actual experience		(18,670)		-		(18,670)
Assumption changes		25,390		-		25,390
Contributions - employer				3,776		(3,776)
Net investment income		-		674		(674)
Benefit payments		(19,666)		(19,666)		-
Administrative expenses		-		(428)		428
Other changes	<u></u>	-		9,191		(9,191)
Net changes	\$	3,728	\$_	(6,453)	\$	10,181
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$	208,599	\$	250,844	\$	(42,245)

Note 15-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Changes in Net HIC OPEB Liability - Component Unit-School Board (Nonprofessional)

			Increase (Decrease)									
	_	Total HIC OPEB Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset) (a) - (b)								
Balances at June 30, 2021	\$_	289,778	5241_	\$ 289,537								
Changes for the year:												
Service cost	\$	2,498	-	\$ 2,498								
Interest		18,729	-	18,729								
Differences between expected												
and actual experience		8,380	-	8,380								
Assumption changes		12,391	-	12,391								
Contributions - employer		-	29,371	(29,371)								
Net investment income		-	(3)	3								
Benefit payments		(29,627)	(29,627)	-								
Administrative expenses		-	(9)	9								
Other changes		<u>-</u> _	5,982	(5,982)								
Net changes	\$	12,371	5,714	\$ 6,657								
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$	302,149	5,955	\$ 296,194								

Sensitivity of the County's and Component Unit-School Board's (Nonprofessional) Health Insurance Credit Net OPEB Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the County's and Component Unit-School Board's (Nonprofessional) HIC Plan net HIC OPEB liability (asset) using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the County's *and Component Unit-School Board's (Nonprofessional)* net HIC OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	Rate							
	1% Decrease		Curre	ent Discount	1% Increase			
		(5.75%)		(6.75%)	(7.75%)			
County Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	(22,529)	\$	(42,245)	\$	(59,260)		
Component Unit-School Board (Nonprofessional) Net HIC OPEB Liability	\$	322,047	\$	296,194	\$	273,730		

Note 15-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Health Insurance Credit Plan OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Health Insurance Credit Plan OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the County and Component Unit-School Board (Nonprofessional) recognized Health Insurance Credit Plan OPEB expense of \$(12,002) and \$17,427, respectively. At June 30, 2023, the County and Component Unit-School Board (Nonprofessional) reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the County and Component Unit-School Board's (Nonprofessional) Health Insurance Credit Plan from the following sources:

	Primary Go	vernment		Component-Unit School Board (Non-professional)				
	 erred Outflows of Resources	Outflows Deferred Inflows		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 2,062 \$	21,925	\$	28,058	\$	80,472		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on HIC OPEB plan investments	-	6,981		123		-		
Change in assumptions	23,050	-		25,568		-		
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 <u>-</u>			35,401		<u>-</u>		
Total	\$ 25,112 \$	28,906	\$	89,150	\$	80,472		

\$35,401 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the HIC OPEB resulting from the Component Unit-School Board's (Nonprofessional) contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net HIC OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the HIC OPEB will be recognized in the HIC OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30	Primary Government	Component Unit- School Board (Non-professional)			
2024	 \$ (1,878) \$	1,904			
2025	(1,827)	(32,126)			
2026	(4,542)	3,455			
2027	4,453	44			

Health Insurance Credit Program Plan Data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit Program is available in the separately issued VRS 2022 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2022 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2022-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Note 16-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan):

Plan Description

The Virginia Retirement System (VRS) Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan was established pursuant to §51.1-1400 et seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan. This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pension and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS. The HIC is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the General Assembly for each year of service credit against qualified health insurance premiums retirees pay for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premiums and ends upon the retiree's death.

The specific information for the Teacher HIC Plan OPEB, including eligibility, coverage, and benefits is described below:

Eligible Employees

The Teacher Employee Retiree HIC Plan was established July 1, 1993 for retired Teacher Employees covered under VRS who retire with at least 15 years of service credit. Eligible employees include full-time permanent (professional) salaried employees of public school divisions covered under VRS. These employees are enrolled automatically upon employment.

Benefit Amounts

The Teacher Employee HIC Plan is a defined benefit plan that provides a credit toward the cost of health insurance coverage for retired teachers. For Teacher and other professional school employees who retire, the monthly benefit is \$4.00 per year of service per month with no cap on the benefit amount. For Teacher and other professional school employees who retire on disability or go on long-term disability under the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP), the monthly benefit is either: \$4.00 per month, multiplied by twice the amount of service credit, or \$4.00 per month, multiplied by the amount of service earned had the employee been active until age 60, whichever is lower.

HIC Plan Notes

The monthly HIC benefit cannot exceed the individual premium amount. Employees who retire after being on long-term disability under VLDP must have at least 15 years of service credit to qualify for the HIC as a retiree.

Contributions

The contribution requirements for active employees is governed by \$51.1-1401(E) of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Each school division's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2023 was 1.21% of covered employee compensation for employees in the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program. This rate was the final approved General Assembly rate, which was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The actuarially determined rate was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions from the school division to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan were \$486,108 and \$466,520 for the years ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022, respectively.

In June 2022, the Commonwealth made a special contribution of approximately \$12 million to the VRS Teacher HIC Plan. This special payment was authorized by a budget amendment included in Chapter 1 of the 2022 Appropriation Act and is classified as a non-employer contribution.

Note 16-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB Liabilities, Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB

At June 30, 2023, the school division reported a liability of \$5,167,056 for its proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan Net OPEB Liability. The Net VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2022 and the total VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB liability used to calculate the Net VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2021 and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022. The school division's proportion of the Net VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB plan for the year ended June 30, 2022, relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2022, the school division's proportion of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program was 0.41368% as compared to 0.41589% at June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the school division recognized VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Plan OPEB expense of \$339,552. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan Net OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportionate share and differences between actual and expected contributions.

At June 30, 2023, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Plan OPEB from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	- \$	210,617
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on Teacher HIC OPEB plan investments		-	5,186
Change in assumptions		150,956	13,195
Change in proportionate share and differences between actual and expected contributions		-	237,236
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	-	486,108	
Total	\$	637,064 \$	466,234

\$486,108 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024.

Note 16-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB Liabilities, Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB (Continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB will be recognized in the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30	_	
	=	
2024	\$	(89,158)
2025		(82,342)
2026		(64,855)
2027		(27,478)
2028		(27,787)
Thereafter		(23,658)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability for the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation:

Teacher employees 3.50%-5.95%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of investment expenses,

including inflation

Mortality Rates - Teachers

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teacher Employee Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; males set forward 1 year; 105% of rates for females

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

Note 16-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the Teacher Employee HIC Plan represents the plan's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2022, NOL amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	 Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Plan
Total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability	\$ 1,470,891
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	221,845
Teacher Employee Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ 1,249,046
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability	15.08%
of the rotat reacher Employee file of Eb Elabitity	13.00/0

The total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and the plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

Note 16-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the VRS System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of VRS System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-Term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	5.71%	1.94%
Fixed Income	15.00%	2.04%	0.31%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	4.78%	0.67%
Real Assets	14.00%	4.47%	0.63%
Private Equity	14.00%	9.73%	1.36%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	6.00%	3.73%	0.22%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	3.00%	6.55%	0.20%
Total	100.00%		5.33%
		Inflation	2.50%
	Expected arithmet	7.83%	

^{*}The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.83%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. These results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 6.72%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy and at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the rate contributed by each school division for the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2022 on, all agencies are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability.

^{**}On October 10, 2019 the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which was roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Note 16-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Teacher Employee HIC Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan net HIC OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net HIC OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	Rate								
	1% Decrease		Cur	rent Discount	1% Increase				
		(5.75%)		(6.75%)	(7.75%)				
School division's proportionate									
share of the VRS Teacher									
Employee HIC OPEB Plan									
Net HIC OPEB Liability	\$	5,823,331	\$	5,167,056	\$	4,610,748			

Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2022 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2022 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2022-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Note 17 - Summary of OPEB related items:

	Primary Government						Component Unit School Board					
	Net OPEB								Net OPEB			
	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows		Liability (Asset)	OPEB Expense		Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows	Liability (Asset)	OPEB Expense	
County Stand-Alone Plan (Note 12)	\$	92,529	\$	335,469	\$ 1,750,703	\$	36,192	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
School Stand-Alone Plan (Note 13)		-		-	-		-	2,312,418	894,720	9,785,229	1,632,710	
VRS OPEB Plans:												
Group Life Insurance Plan (Note 14)												
County		187,125		149,033	703,072		23,776	-	-	-	-	
School Board Nonprofessional		-		-	-		-	35,547	47,497	153,281	(17)	
School Board Professional		-		-	-		-	466,903	514,752	2,134,020	28,666	
Health Insurance Credit Plan (Note 15)		25,112		28,906	(42,245)		(12,002)	89,150	80,472	296,194	17,427	
Teacher Health Insurance Credit Plan (Note 16)	-		-	-		-	637,064	466,234	5,167,056	339,552	
Totals	\$	304,766	\$	513,408	\$ 2,411,530	\$	47,966	\$ 3,541,082	\$ 2,003,675	\$17,535,780	\$ 2,018,338	

Note 18-Capital Assets:

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2023 was as follows:

Primary Government:

		Beginning Balance	Increases		Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:	_				_	
Capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized:						
Land	\$	1,745,423 \$	113,637	\$	- \$	1,859,060
Construction in progress		1,516,810	10,827,589		-	12,344,399
Total capital assets not being depreciated/amortized	\$_	3,262,233 \$	10,941,226	\$	- \$	14,203,459
Capital assets, being depreciated/amortized:						
Buildings	\$	36,959,709 \$	715,975	\$	(211,935) \$	37,463,749
Improvements other than buildings		352,590	235,904		-	588,494
Machinery and equipment		10,690,432	806,028		(157,876)	11,338,584
Lease land		16,206	12,755		-	28,961
Lease buildings		596,016	-		-	596,016
Lease improvements other than buildings		64,820	33,669		-	98,489
Lease machinery and equipment		78,763	27,251		(12,003)	94,011
Subscription asset		-	219,131		-	219,131
Total capital assets being depreciated/amortized	\$_	48,758,536 \$	2,050,713	\$	(381,814) \$	50,427,435
Accumulated depreciation/amortization:						
Buildings	\$	(10,984,631) \$	(719,116)	\$	211,935 \$	(11,491,812)
Improvements other than buildings		(212,958)	(28,715)		-	(241,673)
Machinery and equipment		(7,311,162)	(1,081,101)		152,611	(8,239,652)
Lease land		(3,716)	(5,537)		-	(9,253)
Lease buildings		(119,138)	(119,137)		-	(238,275)
Lease improvements other than buildings		(1,421)	(48,015)		-	(49,436)
Lease machinery and equipment		(25,121)	(24,570)		12,003	(37,688)
Subscription asset		-	(73,114)		-	(73,114)
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization	\$	(18,658,147) \$	(2,099,305)	\$	376,549 \$	(20,380,903)
Total capital assets being depreciated/amortized, net	\$_	30,100,389 \$	(48,592)	\$_	(5,265) \$	30,046,532
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ <u>_</u>	33,362,622 \$	10,892,634	\$_	(5,265) \$	44,249,991

Note 18-Capital Assets: (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)

Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government administration	\$ 227,135
Judicial administration	2,051
Public safety	730,302
Public works	514,201
Health and welfare	178,015
Education	335,964
Parks, recreation, and cultural	111,637
Total depreciation/amortization	
expense-primary government	\$ 2,099,305

Capital asset activity for the School Board for the year ended June 30, 2023 was as follows:

Discretely Presented Component Unit:

, ,		Beginning			Ending
		Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Governmental Activities:	_				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$	2,819,475 \$	- \$	- \$	2,819,475
Construction in progress		125,065	2,668,499	<u>-</u>	2,793,564
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$_	2,944,540 \$	2,668,499 \$	- \$	5,613,039
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings	\$	45,125,264 \$	- \$	- \$	45,125,264
Machinery and equipment		25,883,525	1,517,141	(203,650)	27,197,016
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$_	71,008,789 \$	1,517,141 \$	(203,650) \$	72,322,280
Accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings	\$	(38,002,336) \$	(561,462) \$	- \$	(38,563,798)
Machinery and equipment		(19,266,400)	(1,417,269)	203,650	(20,480,019)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$_	(57,268,736) \$	(1,978,731) \$	203,650 \$	(59,043,817)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$_	13,740,053 \$	(461,590) \$	\$_	13,278,463
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$_	16,684,593 \$	2,206,909 \$	<u>-</u> \$	18,891,502

Note 19-Risk Management:

The County and its Component Unit - School Board are exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The County and its Component Unit - School Board participate with other localities in a public entity risk pool for their coverage of general liability and auto insurance with the Virginia Municipal Liability Pool. Each member of this risk pool jointly and severally agrees to assume, pay and discharge any liability. The County and its component unit - School Board pay the Virginia Municipal Group contributions and assessments based upon classification and rates into a designated cash reserve fund out of which expenses of the pool, claims and awards are to be paid. In the event of a loss deficit and depletion of all available excess insurance, the pool may assess all members in the proportion in which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs. The County and its component unit - School Board continue to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 20-Contingent Liabilities:

Federal programs in which the County and its component units participate were audited in accordance with the provisions of U.S. Office of Management and Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Pursuant to the provisions of this circular all major programs and certain other programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements. While no matters of noncompliance were disclosed by audit, the Federal Government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests, which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowances of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

Note 21-Surety Bonds:

Primary Government:

_	
\$	330,000
	750,000
	3,000
	30,000
	50,000
_	
\$	250,000
	250,000
	- \$

Note 21-Surety Bonds: (Continued)

Component Unit - School Board:

Fidelity & Deposit Company of Maryland-Surety:		
All School Board employees: blanket bond	\$	100,000
Travelers-Surety:		
Melissa W. Caudill, Clerk of the School Board	 \$	10,000
United States Fidelity and Guaranty Company-Surety:		
Deputy Clerk of the School Board	<u> </u>	10,000
Textbook Clerk		10,000
Dr. Brian Ratliff, Superintendent of Schools		10,000

Note 22-Landfill Liability:

State and federal laws and regulations required the County to place a final cover on its landfill site which was closed on March 20, 1995, and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for ten years after closure. While the County has completed its required 10 year monitoring period, its landfill has not been released from (Department of Environmental Quality) DEQ monitoring requirements. The \$67,919 liability is the total estimated post-closure care liability at June 30, 2023 and represents what it would cost to perform all post-closure care in 2023. (Actual costs for post-closure monitoring may change due to inflation, changes in technology or changes in regulations.) The County uses the Commonwealth of Virginia's financial assurance mechanism to meet the DEQ's assurance requirements for landfill post-closure costs.

In addition to the landfill, the County has a transfer station which require certain closure costs once it is no longer in use. For June 30, 2023, the estimated closure costs for the transfer station are \$76,525. (Actual costs for closure may change due to inflation, deflation, changes in technology or changes in regulations.)

The County demonstrated financial assurance requirements for closure, post-closure care, and corrective action costs through the submission of a Local Governmental Financial Test to the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section 9VA C20-70 of the Virginia Administrative Code.

Note 23-Unearned and Deferred/Unavailable Revenue:

Unearned and deferred/unavailable revenue represents amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, such amounts are measurable, but not available. Under the accrual basis, assessments for future periods are deferred.

		Government-wide Statements		Balance Sheet
	Go	vernmental Activities	Governmental Funds	
Unavailable/deferred revenue Unavailable property tax revenue representing uncollected property tax billings that are not				
available for the funding of current expenditures	\$	-	\$	3,917,109
Tax assessments due after June 30		13,578,675		13,578,675
Prepaid property taxes due after June 30 but paid in advance by taxpayers		961,141		961,141
Total unavailable/deferred revenue	\$	14,539,816	\$	18,456,925
Unearned revenue: Unspent ARPA funds received during the previous fiscal years	\$	933,789	\$	933,789
Unspent LATCF grant funds received during the current fiscal year		54,036		54,036
Unspent School Resource Officer grant funds from the School Board received during the current fiscal year		51,312		51,312
Total unearned revenue	\$	1,039,137	\$	1,039,137

Note 24-Self Health Insurance:

The Washington County School Board established a limited risk management program for health insurance for School Board employees. Premiums are paid into the health plan fund from the School Board and are available to pay claims, and administrative costs of the program. During the fiscal year 2023, a total of \$12,770,596 was paid in benefits and administrative costs. The risk assumed by the School Board is based on the number of participants in the program. The risk varies by the number of participants and their specific plan type (Keycare, Bluecare, etc.). Incurred but not reported claims of \$1,162,151 have been accrued as a liability based primarily on actual cost incurred prior to June 30 but paid after year-end. Interfund premiums are based primarily upon the insured funds' claims experience and are reported as quasi-external interfund transactions. Changes in the claims liability during fiscal year 2023 were as follows:

		(Current Year		
	Balance at		Claims and		Balance at
	Beginning of		Changes in	Claim	End of
Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year		Estimates	Payments	Fiscal Year
•					
2022-23	\$ 919,800 \$	5	13,012,947	\$ (12,770,596) \$	1,162,151
2021-22	1,034,617		11,481,089	(11,595,906)	919,800
2020-21	958,647		12,655,167	(12,579,197)	1,034,617

Note 25-Tax Abatement:

The County offers partial exemption from real property taxes for real property devoted to commercial and industrial uses that is rehabilitated and which qualifies in accordance with the criteria set out in the Code of Virginia, 58.1-3221 and Washington County Code section 58-131, et. seq.

Virginia code section 58.1-3221 established that the governing body of any county may by ordinance, provide for the partial exemption from taxation of real property on which any structure or other improvement no less than twenty years of age has undergone substantial rehabilitation, renovation or replacement for commercial or industrial use, subject to such conditions as the ordinance may prescribe. The ordinance may, in addition to any other restrictions as allowed by the statute, restrict such exemptions to real property located within described zones or districts for which boundaries shall be determined by the governing body. Having considered these powers and the benefit to public health, safety, and welfare that may be created by adaptive reuse and/or replacement of old commercial or industrial structures that may otherwise fall into disuse and disrepair, the Board of Supervisors of Washington County finds it in the best interest of public health, safety, and welfare to provide for such partial exemption from taxation within a specified geographic area as allowed by state law. The County adopted Ordinance 2011-011 on October 25, 2011.

Under this ordinance, an application is submitted to the Commissioner of Revenue of Washington County, Virginia to determine the eligibility for partial tax exemption from real property tax for certain rehabilitated, renovated, or replacement commercial or industrial structures. The real estate taxes abated according to this ordinance for fiscal year 2023 is \$19,471.

Note 26-Litigation:

As of June 30, 2023, there were no matters of litigation involving the County which would materially affect the County's financial position should a court decision on pending matters not be favorable.

Note 27-Adoption of Accounting Principles:

The County implemented provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based IT Arrangements (SBITAs) during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. Statement No. 96, SBITAs requires recognition of certain subscription assets and liabilities for certain contracts that convey control of the right to use another party's (a SBITA vendor's) information technology (IT) software, alone or in combination with tangible capital assets (the underlying IT assets), as specified in the contract for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. No restatement of beginning net position was required as a result of this implementation.

Note 28-Fund Balance:

	Ge	eneral Fund	ARPA	unty Capital provements	S	chool Fund
Nonspendable:						
Prepaid items	\$	105,983	\$ 30,796	\$ -	\$	
Restricted:						
Forfeited Asset Sharing	\$	317,528	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
Health Insurance		1,407	-	-		-
Special Grant Projects		6,570	-	-		-
ARPA		-	12,662	-		-
Washington County Park Authority		-	-	-		-
Courthouse Project		-	-	7,616,407		-
Opioid Settlement Funds		96,893	-	-		-
School Construction Funds		-	-	-		2,575,447
School Board - Food Service		-	-	-		916,625
School Board - Activity Funds		-	-	-		1,922,348
School Board - Fiscal Agency		-	-	-		1,122,473
Total	\$	422,398	\$ 12,662	\$ 7,616,407	\$	6,536,893
Committed:						
Law Library	\$	44,229	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
Capital Improvements		-	-	-		558,374
Cash Flows		5,000,000	-	-		-
Total	\$	5,044,229	\$ -	\$ -	\$	558,374
Assigned:						
Economic Incentives	\$	22,564	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
Utilities		-	-	-		-
Traffic Enforcement		386,540	-	-		-
School Board - Textbook		-	-	-		1,992,477
School Capital Needs		5,600	-	-		-
Capital Improvements		10,556,401	-	78,650		-
Total	\$	10,971,105	\$ -	\$ 78,650	\$	1,992,477

Note 29-Restricted Net Position:

	Go	ry Government vernmental Activities		ponent Unit
Restricted:			-	
Forfeited Asset Sharing	\$	317,528	\$	-
Health Insurance		1,407		-
Special Grant Projects		6,570		-
ARPA		12,662		-
Opioid Settlement Funds		1,555,661		-
Net OPEB Asset		42,245		-
School Board - Food Service		-		916,273
School Board - Activity Funds		-		1,922,348
School Board - Fiscal Agency		-		1,122,825
School Board - School Construction Funds		-		2,575,447
Total	\$	1,936,073	\$	6,536,893

Note 30-Commitments and Contingencies:

The County has obligated funds for the project described below as of June 30, 2023:

				Amount of				
Project		Amount of	_	Contract	Accounts			etainage
		Contract		Outstanding	Payable		Payable	
County:								
Washington County Courthouse	\$	22,824,651	\$	14,416,749	\$	654,979	\$	357,486
Washington County Courthouse		736,000		360,943		18,996		-
Component Unit-School Board:								
Secure Vestibules (Abingdon High/John Battle High)		2,814,674		1,095,024		76,238		91,427
Restrooms (Patrick Henry High/Holston High)		995,041		327,399		76,294		35,418
Field House (Patrick Henry High)		577,546		533,487		54,059		-

Note 31-Restatement of Beginning Balances:

During a previous year, control and decision-making authority over the School Capital Projects Fund was transitioned to the School Board, but the financial statements were not updated to reflect the change. In addition, the Industrial Development Authority also restated beginning balances, see separately issued report for additional details. The financial statements have been restated as noted below to reflect these changes:

		Net Position						Fund Balance				
	Primary Government Governmental Activitites		Component Unit School Board		Other Component Units		Governmental Funds		Component Unit School Board			
Beginning balance, as previously reported	\$	52,309,503	\$	(49,215,926)	\$	68,354,623	\$	55,772,649	\$	5,071,058		
Adjustment: Transfer School Capital Projects Fund Unrecorded land transfer		(635,144)		635,144		- (651,507)		(635,144)		635,144		
Beginning balance, as restated	\$	51,674,359	\$	(48,580,782)	\$	67,703,116	\$	55,137,505	\$	5,706,202		

Note 32-Upcoming Pronouncements:

Statement No. 99, *Omnibus 2022*, enhances the comparability in accounting and financial reporting and improves the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The effective dates differ based on the requirements of the Statement, ranging from April 2022 to reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2023.

Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62, enhances accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2023.

Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, updates the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. It aligns the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and amends certain previously required disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2023.

Implementation Guide No. 2021-1, *Implementation Guidance Update*—2021, with dates ranging from reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022 to reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2023.

Implementation Guide No. 2023-1, *Implementation Guidance Update—2023*, effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023.

Management is currently evaluating the impact these standards will have on the financial statements when adopted.



County of Washington, Virginia General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Part			Budgeted	d Am			Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive		
General property taxes \$ 42,013,000 \$ 42,013,000 \$ 42,813,28 \$ 818,238 Other local taxes 11,151,500 11,151,500 13,546,551 2,935,051 Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses 289,750 289,750 400,271 110,521 Fines and forfeitures 1,090,581 1,097,349 1,130,195 32,846 Revenue from the use of money and property 225,000 1,600,864 1,373,864 Charges for services 1,140,932 1,440,932 2,406,982 966,050 Miscellaneous 273,500 1,133,349 1,115,616 (17,733) Miscellaneous 273,500 1,199,654 1,315,655 146,931 Miscellaneous 273,500 1,133,349 1,115,1616 (17,733) Interpretario 3,374,314 15,788,092 16,161,503 373,411 Federal 4,337,720 5,010,707 4,992,766 (17,941) Total revenues 2,370,967 2,984,544 2,351,967 632,577 Public safety 14,609,939 14,205,668	DEVENUES		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		<u>Amounts</u>		(Negative)	
Other local taxes 11,151,500 11,151,500 13,546,551 2,395,051 Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses 289,750 289,750 400,271 110,521 Fines and forfeitures 1,090,581 1,097,349 1,130,195 32,846 Revenue from the use of money and property 225,000 225,000 1,600,864 1,375,864 Charges for services 1,140,932 1,440,932 2,406,982 966,050 Miscellaneous 743,500 1,199,654 1,346,585 146,931 Recovered costs 229,156 1,133,349 1,115,616 (17,733) Recovered costs 229,156 1,133,349 1,115,616 (17,733) Recovered costs 2370,943,333 85,532,577 4,992,766 (17,743) Intergovernmentall 2370,342 5,010,707 4,992,766 (17,741) Total revenues 8 5,335,140 \$ 4,059,325 \$ 1,275,815 Cerpearly Commonwealth \$ 4,299,346 \$ 5,335,140 \$ 4,059,325 \$ 1,275,815 Cerpearly Commonwe		¢	42 012 000	ċ	42 042 000	ċ	42 024 220	ċ	010 220	
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses 289,750 289,750 400,271 110,521 Fines and forfeitures 1,090,581 1,097,349 1,130,15 32,846 Revenue from the use of money and property 225,000 225,000 1,600,864 1,378,864 Charges for services 1,140,932 1,440,932 2,406,882 966,050 Miscellaneous 743,500 1,199,654 1,346,585 146,931 Recovered costs 229,156 1,133,349 1,115,616 (17,733) Intergovernmental: 13,794,324 15,788,092 16,161,503 373,411 Federal 4,337,720 5,010,707 4,992,766 (17,941) Total revenues 5,75,035,463 79,349,333 85,532,571 6,183,238 EXPENDITURES Current: C C 4,299,346 5,335,140 4,059,325 5,127,5815 Judicial administration 2,370,967 2,984,544 2,351,967 2,330,571 Public works 3,555,335 2,981,104 2,519,331 461,773<		Ş		Ş		Ş		Ş		
Pine and forfeitures 1,090,581 1,097,349 1,130,195 32,846 Revenue from the use of money and property 225,000 225,000 1,600,864 1,375,864 1,375,864 1,375,864 1,340,932 1,440,932 1,440,932 1,440,932 1,440,932 1,345,855 1446,931 1,345,855 1446,931 1,345,855 1446,931 1,345,935 1,333,94 1,345,855 1,333,94 1,345,855 1,333,94 1,345,855 1,333,94 1,345,855 1,333,94 1,345,855 1,333,94 1,345,855 1,333,94 1,345,855 1,353,943 1,359,357 3,333,411 1,346,855 3,333,411 1,346,855 3,333,411 1,346,855 3,333,411 1,346,855 3,333,414 1,346,855 3,333,414 1,346,855 3,333,414 1,346,855 3,333,414 1,346,855 3,333,414 3,346,855 3,333,414 3,346,855 3,333,414 3,346,855 3,333,414 3,346,855 3,333,414 3,346,855 3										
Revenue from the use of money and property 225,000 225,000 1,60,864 1,375,864 Charges for services 1,140,932 1,440,932 2,406,982 966,050 Misscellaneous 143,500 1,199,654 1,346,582 966,050 Recovered costs 229,156 1,133,349 1,115,616 (17,733) Intergovernmental: 2 15,788,092 16,161,503 373,411 Federal 4,357,720 5,010,070 4,992,766 17,941 Total revenues 8 75,035,463 79,349,333 85,532,571 6,183,238 EXPENDITURES Current: General government administration \$4,299,346 \$5,335,140 \$4,059,325 \$1,275,815 Judicial administration \$2,429,346 \$5,335,140 \$4,059,325 \$1,275,815 Judicial administration \$2,429,346 \$5,335,140 \$4,059,325 \$1,275,815 Judicial administration \$2,430,693 \$4,205,686 \$1,185,709 \$2,330,571 Public safety \$1,450,755										
Charges for services 1,140,932 1,440,932 2,406,982 966,050 Miscellaneous 743,500 1,199,654 1,346,585 146,931 Recovered costs 229,156 1,133,349 1,115,616 (17,733) Intergovernmental: 13,794,324 15,788,092 1,6161,503 373,411 Federal 4,357,720 5,010,707 4,992,766 (17,941) Federal 4,357,720 5,010,707 4,992,766 (17,941) Total revenues 8,75,035,463 7,9349,333 \$85,532,571 6,183,238 EXPENDITURES Current: General government administration 4,299,346 \$5,335,140 \$4,059,325 \$1,275,815 Judicial administration 2,370,967 2,984,544 2,351,967 632,577 Public safety 14,609,939 14,205,668 11,875,097 2,330,571 Public works 3,565,355 2,981,104 2,519,331 461,773 Health and welfare 1,711,718 13,599,592 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>, ,</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>			, ,							
Miscellaneous 743,500 1,199,654 1,346,585 146,931 Recovered consts 229,156 1,133,349 1,115,616 (17,733) Intergovernemtal: Commonwealth 13,794,324 15,788,092 16,161,503 373,411 Federal 4,357,720 5,010,707 4,992,766 (17,941) Total revenues EXPENDITURES General government administration \$ 4,299,346 \$ 5,335,140 \$ 4,059,325 \$ 1,275,815 Judicial administration 2,370,967 2,984,544 2,351,967 632,577 Public safety 14,609,939 14,205,668 11,875,097 2,330,571 Public works 3,565,355 2,981,104 2,519,331 461,773 Health and welfare 11,711,718 13,599,520 13,615,375 (15,855) Education 2,822,093 28,224,417 28,039,941 184,476 Parks, recreation, and cultural 2,436,119 2,806,168 2,321,702 484,666 Community development 1,607,75 1,759,517 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>										
Recovered costs 1,133,49	_								,	
Name					, ,					
Commonwealth Federal Fe			227,130		1,133,347		1,113,010		(17,733)	
Federal Total revenues 4,357,20 5,010,707 4,992,766 (17,941) Total revenues \$75,035,463 \$79,349,333 \$85,532,571 \$6,183,238 EXPENDITURES Current: General government administration \$4,299,346 \$5,335,140 \$4,059,325 \$1,275,815 Judicial administration \$2,370,967 2,984,544 2,351,967 632,577 Public works 3,565,355 2,981,104 2,193,31 461,773 Public works 3,565,355 2,981,104 2,193,31 461,773 Health and welfare 11,711,718 13,599,20 13,615,375 (15,855) Education 28,220,932 28,224,417 28,039,941 184,476 Parks, recreation, and cultural 2,436,119 2,806,168 2,321,02 484,466 Community development 1,640,775 1,867,971 1,709,715 158,256 Nondepartmental 606,238 808,219 776,279 13,619,120 Poblic service: 2 1,558,872 1,559,517			13 794 374		15 788 092		16 161 503		373 ⊿11	
Total revenues \$ 75,035,463 \$ 79,349,333 \$ 85,532,571 \$ 6,183,238 EXPENDITURES Current: \$ 4,299,346 \$ 5,335,140 \$ 4,059,325 \$ 1,275,815 Judicial administration 2,370,967 2,984,544 2,351,967 632,577 Public safety 14,609,939 14,205,668 11,875,097 2,330,571 Public works 3,565,355 2,981,104 2,519,331 461,773 Health and welfare 11,711,718 13,599,520 13,615,375 (15,855) Education 28,220,932 28,224,417 28,039,941 184,476 Parks, recreation, and cultural 2,436,119 2,806,168 2,321,702 484,466 Community development 1,460,775 1,867,971 1,709,715 158,256 Nondepartmental 606,238 808,219 776,279 31,940 Debt service: Principal retirement 1,759,517 1,759,517 1,895,709 (136,192) Interest and other fiscal charges 1,563,872 1,563,872 1,514,685 49,187										
EXPENDITURES Current: General government administration \$ 4,299,346 \$ 5,335,140 \$ 4,059,325 \$ 1,275,815 Judicial administration 2,370,967 2,984,544 2,351,967 632,577 Public safety 14,609,939 14,205,668 11,875,097 2,330,571 Public works 3,565,355 2,981,104 2,519,331 461,773 Health and welfare 11,711,718 13,599,520 13,615,375 (15,855) Education 28,220,932 28,224,417 28,039,941 184,476 Parks, recreation, and cultural 2,436,119 2,806,168 2,321,702 484,466 Community development 1,407,75 1,867,971 1,709,715 188,256 Nondepartmental 606,238 808,219 776,279 31,940 Debt service: Principal retirement 1,759,517 1,759,517 1,895,709 (136,192) Interest and other fiscal charges 1,563,872 1,563,872 1,514,685 49,187 Total expenditures \$ 72,604,778 \$ 76,136,140		\$		\$		\$		\$		
Current: General government administration \$ 4,299,346 \$ 5,335,140 \$ 4,059,325 \$ 1,275,815 Judicial administration 2,370,967 2,984,544 2,351,967 632,577 Public safety 14,609,939 14,205,668 11,875,097 2,330,571 Public works 3,565,355 2,981,104 2,519,331 461,773 Health and welfare 11,711,718 13,599,520 13,615,375 (15,855) Education 28,220,932 28,224,417 28,039,941 184,476 Parks, recreation, and cultural 2,436,119 2,806,168 2,321,702 484,466 Community development 1,460,775 1,867,971 1,709,715 158,256 Nondepartmental 606,238 808,219 776,279 31,940 Debt service: Principal retirement 1,759,517 1,759,517 1,895,709 (136,192) Interest and other fiscal charges 1,563,872 1,563,872 1,514,685 49,187 Total expenditures \$ 72,604,778 \$ 76,136,140 \$ 70,679,126 \$ 5,457,014 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>_</td>									_	
General government administration \$ 4,299,346 \$ 5,335,140 \$ 4,059,325 \$ 1,275,815 Judicial administration 2,370,967 2,984,544 2,351,967 632,577 Public safety 14,609,939 14,205,668 11,875,097 2,330,571 Public works 3,565,355 2,981,104 2,519,331 461,773 Health and welfare 11,711,718 13,599,520 13,615,375 (15,855) Education 28,220,932 28,224,417 28,039,941 184,476 Parks, recreation, and cultural 2,436,119 2,806,168 2,321,702 484,466 Community development 1,460,775 1,867,971 1,709,715 158,256 Nondepartmental 606,238 808,219 776,279 31,940 Debt service: Principal retirement 1,759,517 1,759,517 1,895,709 (136,192) Interest and other fiscal charges 1,563,872 1,563,872 1,514,685 49,187 Total expenditures \$ 7,604,778 7,6136,140 7,0,679,126 5,457,014 Excess										
Judicial administration 2,370,967 2,984,544 2,351,967 632,577 Public safety 14,609,939 14,205,668 11,875,097 2,330,571 Public works 3,565,355 2,981,104 2,519,331 461,773 Health and welfare 11,711,718 13,599,520 13,615,375 (15,855) Education 28,220,932 28,224,417 28,039,941 184,476 Parks, recreation, and cultural 2,436,119 2,806,168 2,321,702 484,466 Community development 1,460,775 1,867,971 1,709,715 158,256 Nondepartmental 606,238 808,219 776,279 31,940 Debt service: Principal retirement 1,759,517 1,759,517 1,895,709 (136,192) Interest and other fiscal charges 1,563,872 1,563,872 1,514,685 49,187 Total expenditures \$ 72,604,778 \$ 76,136,140 \$ 70,679,126 \$ 5,457,014 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) \$ 2,430,685 \$ (17,195,736) \$ (931,509) \$ 16,264,227 <			4 200 244	,	E 22E 440		4 050 335		4 275 245	
Public safety 14,609,939 14,205,668 11,875,097 2,330,571 Public works 3,565,355 2,981,104 2,519,331 461,773 Health and welfare 11,711,718 13,599,520 13,615,375 (15,855) Education 28,220,932 28,224,417 28,039,941 184,476 Parks, recreation, and cultural 2,436,119 2,806,168 2,321,702 484,466 Community development 1,460,775 1,867,971 1,709,715 158,256 Nondepartmental 606,238 808,219 776,279 31,940 Debt service: 1,759,517 1,759,517 1,895,709 (136,192) Interest and other fiscal charges 1,563,872 1,563,872 1,514,685 49,187 Total expenditures \$ 72,604,778 \$ 76,136,140 \$ 70,679,126 \$ 5,457,014 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ 2,430,685 \$ 3,213,193 \$ 14,853,445 \$ 11,640,252 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) \$ 3,330,685 \$ (17,195,736) \$ (931,509) \$ 16,264,227		\$		\$		\$		\$		
Public works 3,565,355 2,981,104 2,519,331 461,773 Health and welfare 11,711,718 13,599,520 13,615,375 (15,855) Education 28,220,932 28,224,417 28,039,941 184,476 Parks, recreation, and cultural 2,436,119 2,806,168 2,321,702 484,466 Community development 1,460,775 1,867,971 1,709,715 158,256 Nondepartmental 606,238 808,219 776,279 31,940 Debt service: Principal retirement 1,759,517 1,759,517 1,895,709 (136,192) Interest and other fiscal charges 1,563,872 1,563,872 1,514,685 49,187 Total expenditures \$ 72,604,778 \$ 76,136,140 \$ 70,679,126 \$ 5,457,014 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ 2,430,685 \$ 3,213,193 \$ 14,853,445 \$ 11,640,252 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out \$ (3,330,685) \$ (17,195,736) \$ (931,509) \$ 16,264,227 Issuance of lease liability										
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Education 28,220,932 28,224,417 28,039,941 184,476 Parks, recreation, and cultural 2,436,119 2,806,168 2,321,702 484,466 Community development 1,460,775 1,867,971 1,709,715 158,256 Nondepartmental 606,238 808,219 776,279 31,940 Debt service: Principal retirement 1,759,517 1,759,517 1,895,709 (136,192) Interest and other fiscal charges 1,563,872 1,563,872 1,514,685 49,187 Total expenditures \$72,604,778 76,136,140 70,679,126 5,457,014 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$2,430,685 3,213,193 14,853,445 11,640,252 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) \$3,330,685 (17,195,736) (931,509) 16,264,227 Issuance of lease liability 40,006 40,006 Total other financing sources (uses) (3,330,685) (17,195,736) (891,503) 16,304,233 Net change in fund balances (900,000) (13,982,543) 37,506,088										
Parks, recreation, and cultural 2,436,119 2,806,168 2,321,702 484,466 Community development 1,460,775 1,867,971 1,709,715 158,256 Nondepartmental 606,238 808,219 776,279 31,940 Debt service: Principal retirement 1,759,517 1,759,517 1,895,709 (136,192) Interest and other fiscal charges 1,563,872 1,563,872 1,514,685 49,187 Total expenditures \$ 72,604,778 76,136,140 70,679,126 5,457,014 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ 2,430,685 3,213,193 14,853,445 11,640,252 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out \$ (3,330,685) (17,195,736) (931,509) 16,264,227 Issuance of lease liability - 40,006 40,006 Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (3,330,685) (17,195,736) (891,503) 16,304,233 Net change in fund balances \$ (900,000) \$ (13,982,543) \$ 13,961,942 \$ 27,944,485 Fund balances - beginning, as restated										
Community development 1,460,775 1,867,971 1,709,715 158,256 Nondepartmental 606,238 808,219 776,279 31,940 Debt service: Principal retirement 1,759,517 1,759,517 1,895,709 (136,192) Interest and other fiscal charges 1,563,872 1,563,872 1,514,685 49,187 Total expenditures \$72,604,778 76,136,140 70,679,126 5,457,014 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$2,430,685 3,213,193 14,853,445 11,640,252 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out \$ (3,330,685) (17,195,736) (931,509) 16,264,227 Issuance of lease liability \$ (3,330,685) (17,195,736) (891,503) 16,304,233 Net change in fund balances \$ (900,000) (13,982,543) 13,961,942 27,944,485 Fund balances - beginning, as restated 900,000 13,982,543 37,506,088 23,523,545										
Nondepartmental 606,238 808,219 776,279 31,940 Debt service: Principal retirement 1,759,517 1,759,517 1,895,709 (136,192) Interest and other fiscal charges 1,563,872 1,563,872 1,514,685 49,187 Total expenditures \$ 72,604,778 \$ 76,136,140 \$ 70,679,126 \$ 5,457,014 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ 2,430,685 \$ 3,213,193 \$ 14,853,445 \$ 11,640,252 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out \$ (3,330,685) \$ (17,195,736) \$ (931,509) \$ 16,264,227 Issuance of lease liability 40,006 40,006 Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (3,330,685) \$ (17,195,736) \$ (891,503) \$ 16,304,233 Net change in fund balances \$ (900,000) \$ (13,982,543) \$ 13,961,942 \$ 27,944,485 Fund balances - beginning, as restated 900,000 13,982,543 37,506,088 23,523,545										
Debt service: Principal retirement 1,759,517 1,895,709 (136,192) Interest and other fiscal charges 1,563,872 1,563,872 1,514,685 49,187 Total expenditures \$ 72,604,778 \$ 76,136,140 \$ 70,679,126 \$ 5,457,014 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ 2,430,685 \$ 3,213,193 \$ 14,853,445 \$ 11,640,252 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out \$ (3,330,685) \$ (17,195,736) \$ (931,509) \$ 16,264,227 Issuance of lease liability 40,006 40,006 Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (3,330,685) \$ (17,195,736) \$ (891,503) \$ 16,304,233 Net change in fund balances \$ (900,000) \$ (13,982,543) \$ 13,961,942 \$ 27,944,485 Fund balances - beginning, as restated 900,000 13,982,543 37,506,088 23,523,545										
Principal retirement 1,759,517 1,759,517 1,895,709 (136,192) Interest and other fiscal charges 1,563,872 1,563,872 1,514,685 49,187 Total expenditures \$ 72,604,778 76,136,140 70,679,126 5,457,014 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ 2,430,685 \$ 3,213,193 14,853,445 \$ 11,640,252 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out \$ (3,330,685) \$ (17,195,736) \$ (931,509) \$ 16,264,227 Issuance of lease liability - - 40,006 40,006 Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (3,330,685) \$ (17,195,736) \$ (891,503) \$ 16,304,233 Net change in fund balances \$ (900,000) \$ (13,982,543) \$ 13,961,942 \$ 27,944,485 Fund balances - beginning, as restated 900,000 13,982,543 37,506,088 23,523,545	·		606,238		808,219		776,279		31,940	
Interest and other fiscal charges 1,563,872 1,563,872 1,514,685 49,187			1 7E0 E17		1 7EO E17		4 90E 700		(12(102)	
Total expenditures \$ 72,604,778 \$ 76,136,140 \$ 70,679,126 \$ 5,457,014 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ 2,430,685 \$ 3,213,193 \$ 14,853,445 \$ 11,640,252 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out \$ (3,330,685) \$ (17,195,736) \$ (931,509) \$ 16,264,227 Issuance of lease liability 40,006 40,006 Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (3,330,685) \$ (17,195,736) \$ (891,503) \$ 16,304,233 Net change in fund balances \$ (900,000) \$ (13,982,543) \$ 13,961,942 \$ 27,944,485 Fund balances - beginning, as restated 900,000 13,982,543 3 37,506,088 23,523,545	·									
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ 2,430,685 \$ 3,213,193 \$ 14,853,445 \$ 11,640,252 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out \$ (3,330,685) \$ (17,195,736) \$ (931,509) \$ 16,264,227 Issuance of lease liability 40,006 40,006 Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (3,330,685) \$ (17,195,736) \$ (891,503) \$ 16,304,233 Net change in fund balances \$ (900,000) \$ (13,982,543) \$ 13,961,942 \$ 27,944,485 Fund balances - beginning, as restated 900,000 13,982,543 37,506,088 23,523,545		<u> </u>		Ċ		Ċ		Ċ		
expenditures \$ 2,430,685 \$ 3,213,193 \$ 14,853,445 \$ 11,640,252 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out \$ (3,330,685) \$ (17,195,736) \$ (931,509) \$ 16,264,227 Issuance of lease liability 40,006 40,006 40,006 Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (3,330,685) \$ (17,195,736) \$ (891,503) \$ 16,304,233 Net change in fund balances \$ (900,000) \$ (13,982,543) \$ 13,961,942 \$ 27,944,485 Fund balances - beginning, as restated 900,000 13,982,543 37,506,088 23,523,545	rotat expenditures	\$	72,004,776	Ş	70,130,140	>	70,679,126	Ş.	5,457,014	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out \$ (3,330,685) \$ (17,195,736) \$ (931,509) \$ 16,264,227 Issuance of lease liability 40,006 40,006 Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (3,330,685) \$ (17,195,736) \$ (891,503) \$ 16,304,233 Net change in fund balances \$ (900,000) \$ (13,982,543) \$ 13,961,942 \$ 27,944,485 Fund balances - beginning, as restated 900,000 13,982,543 37,506,088 23,523,545	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)									
Transfers out \$ (3,330,685) \$ (17,195,736) \$ (931,509) \$ 16,264,227 Issuance of lease liability - - 40,006 40,006 Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (3,330,685) \$ (17,195,736) \$ (891,503) \$ 16,304,233 Net change in fund balances \$ (900,000) \$ (13,982,543) \$ 13,961,942 \$ 27,944,485 Fund balances - beginning, as restated 900,000 13,982,543 37,506,088 23,523,545	expenditures	\$	2,430,685	\$	3,213,193	\$	14,853,445	\$	11,640,252	
Transfers out \$ (3,330,685) \$ (17,195,736) \$ (931,509) \$ 16,264,227 Issuance of lease liability - - 40,006 40,006 Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (3,330,685) \$ (17,195,736) \$ (891,503) \$ 16,304,233 Net change in fund balances \$ (900,000) \$ (13,982,543) \$ 13,961,942 \$ 27,944,485 Fund balances - beginning, as restated 900,000 13,982,543 37,506,088 23,523,545	OTHER FINANCING SOLIDCES (LISES)									
Issuance of lease liability	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ċ	(2 220 695)	ċ	(17 105 726)	ċ	(021 500)	ċ	16 264 227	
Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (3,330,685) \$ (17,195,736) \$ (891,503) \$ 16,304,233 Net change in fund balances \$ (900,000) \$ (13,982,543) \$ 13,961,942 \$ 27,944,485 Fund balances - beginning, as restated 900,000 13,982,543 37,506,088 23,523,545		ڔ	(3,330,063)	ڔ	(17,193,730)	ڔ		Ļ		
Net change in fund balances \$ (900,000) \$ (13,982,543) \$ 13,961,942 \$ 27,944,485 Fund balances - beginning, as restated 900,000 13,982,543 37,506,088 23,523,545		-	(3 330 685)	Ċ	(17 105 736)	Ċ		Ċ		
Fund balances - beginning, as restated 900,000 13,982,543 37,506,088 23,523,545	Total other financing sources (uses)	- >	(3,330,003)	ڔ	(17,173,730)	ڔ	(671,303)	ڔ	10,304,233	
Fund balances - beginning, as restated 900,000 13,982,543 37,506,088 23,523,545	Net change in fund balances	\$	(900,000)	\$	(13,982,543)	\$	13,961,942	\$	27,944,485	
			900,000		13,982,543					
		\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$		

County of Washington, Virginia Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Major Special Revenue Fund - ARPA Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

					ARPA	Fun	d		
		Budget <u>Original</u>	ed	Amo	ounts <u>Final</u>	•	<u>Actual</u>		ariance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES							204 477		204 477
Revenue from the use of money and property Intergovernmental revenues:	\$		-	\$	-	\$	296,477	\$	296,477
Federal			-		9,282,418		8,141,245		(1,141,173)
Total revenues	\$		-	\$	9,282,418	\$	8,437,722	\$	(844,696)
EXPENDITURES									
Current:	,			<u>_</u>	457.004	÷	445 207	٠	44 700
General government administration	\$		-	\$	457,084	\$	415,296	\$	41,788
Public safety Public works			-		5,176,913		4,703,619		473,294
Community development			-		2,444,101		2,220,651 1,010,000		223,450 101,630
Nondepartmental			-		1,111,630 92,690		84,216		8,474
Debt service:					72,070		04,210		0,474
Principal retirement			_		_		219,131		(219,131)
Interest and other fiscal charges			-		-		3,940		(3,940)
Total expenditures	\$		-	\$	9,282,418	\$	8,656,853	\$	625,565
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)									
expenditures	\$		-	\$	-	\$	(219,131)	\$	219,131
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Issuance of subscription liability	\$		-	\$	-	\$	219,131	\$	(219,131)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$		-	\$	-	\$	219,131	\$	(219,131)
Net change in fund balances	\$		_	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-
Fund balances - beginning	•		-	•	-	•	43,458	•	(43,458)
Fund balances - ending	\$		-	\$	-	\$	43,458	\$	(43,458)

County of Washington, Virginia
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios
Primary Government
Pension Plans
For the Measurement Dates June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2022

						,		•							1
		2022	.,	2021		2020		2019	2018	2017		2016	2015	2014	4
Total pension liability	ļ														
Service cost	s	1,395,740	\$,362,227	5,1,	1,309,381	5	,158,196 \$	1,130,197	\$ 1,232,016	016 \$	1,216,787 \$	1,197,031	\$ 1,190,097	1,097
Interest		3,801,944	ω.	3,505,963	'n	3,442,999	ĸ	3,254,655	3,194,594	3,146,004	904	3,051,538	2,921,020	2,786,695	,695
Differences between expected and actual experience		(395,609)	. –	(763,264)		(583,334)	_	1,360,797	(866,196)	(1,148,228)	228)	(543,493)	47,701		
Impact of change in proportion		(2,269)		126,271)	•	130,976		959	471	(2,	(2,775)	(2,340)			
Changes of assumptions		` .	2	2,032,100			_	1,459,983	•	(112,337)	337)	` .	•		
Benefit payments		(3, 153, 733)	3	(3, 137, 445)	(3,	(3,082,517)	7	(2,622,030)	(2,581,055)	(2,266,495)	495)	(2,478,612)	(2,119,088)	(1,996,668)	(899,
Net change in total pension liability	v I	1,646,073	\$ 2,	2,873,310	1,	1,217,505	\$	4,612,560 \$	878,011	\$ 848,185	185 \$	1,243,880 \$	2,046,664	\$ 1,980,124	,124
Total pension liability - beginning		56,508,504	53,	53,635,194	52,	52,417,689	47	47,805,129	46,927,118	46,078,933	933	44,835,054	42,788,390	40,808,274	,274
Total pension liability - ending (a)		58,154,577	\$ 56,	56,508,504	\$ 53,	53,635,194	\$ 52	52,417,689 \$	47,805,129	\$ 46,927,118	118 \$	46,078,934 \$	44,835,054	\$ 42,788,398	,398
Dlan fiduriary not nocition															
Impact of change in proportion	s	(2,222)	s	105,172)	s	112,942	Ş	873 \$	416	\$ (2.	(2,264) \$	(1,963) \$	•	s	
Contributions - employer		1,391,545	_	,286,596	۲,	,057,628		666,666	1,106,411	1,074,445	445	1,325,357	1,286,475	1,374,053	,053
Contributions - employee		590,988		545,289		554,327		518,760	516,069	513,810	810	507,065	496,874	504	504,115
Net investment income		(48,279)	12,	12,093,802		860,754	7	2,866,355	3,031,464	4,553,902	902	641,519	1,653,959	4,958,189	,189
Benefit payments		(3,153,733)	(3)	(3, 137, 445)	(3,	(3,082,517)	(7	(2,622,030)	(2,581,055)	(2,266,495)	495)	(2,478,612)	(2,119,088)	(1,996,668)	(899,
Administrator charges		(34,498)		(30,502)		(29,888)		(28,766)	(26,416)	(26,409)	409)	(23,371)	(22,642)	(26	(26,594)
Other		1,270		1,136		(1,008)		(1,804)	(2,696)	,4)	(4,048)	(275)	(352)		262
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	ℴ	(1,254,929)	\$ 10	10,653,704	Ş	(527,762)	\$	1,733,387 \$	2,044,193	3,842,941	941 \$	(30,280)	1,295,226	\$ 4,813,357	,357
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		55, 326, 440	4	44,672,736	45,	45,200,498	43	43,467,111	41,422,918	37,579,977	224	37,610,257	36,315,031	31,501,680	,680
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	Υ	54,071,511	\$ 22	55,326,440	\$ 4,	44,672,736	\$ 45	45,200,498 \$	43,467,111	\$ 41,422,918	918 \$	37,579,977 \$	37,610,257	\$ 36,315,037	,037
County's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	s	4,083,066	\$	1,182,064	ۍ 8,	8,962,458	\$ 7	7,217,191 \$	4,338,018	\$ 5,504,200	\$ 002	8,498,957 \$	7,224,797	\$ 6,473,361	,361
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total															
pension liability		92.98%		97.91%		83.29%		86.23%	90.93%	88	88.27%	81.56%	83.89%	8	84.87%
Covered payroll	s	12,647,760	\$ 11,	11,636,080	\$ 11,	11,568,452	\$ 10	10,855,168 \$	10,742,040	\$ 10,344,991	991 \$	10,341,453 \$	9,974,884	\$ 9,957,113	,113
County's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		32.28%		10.16%		77.47%		66.49%	40.38%	53.	53.21%	82.18%	72.43%	99	65.01%

Schedule is intented to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2014 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available

County of Washington, Virginia Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Component Unit School Board - Supplemental Retirement Pension Plan For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2023

		2023	70	2022	2021		2020	2019		2018	7	2017
Total pension liability	1]] [
Service cost	s	619,502	\$	891,809 \$	902,534	ş	952,614	\$ 948,677	s	990,851	1,0	1,011,218
Interest		690,950	36	394,801	393,617		415,555	422,795		397,014		384,337
Differences between expected and actual experience		180,100	1	194,348	(102,433)		(524,875)	(472,908)		1,180,230	•	475,415
Changes in assumptions		111,608	(2,57	(2,579,523)	4,540		(692, 150)	•				•
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(1,086,283)	(1,10	(1,104,572)	(1,151,999)	_	(1,244,009)	(1,284,839)		(1,189,082)	Ξ,	(1,244,478)
Net change in total pension liability	\$	515,877	\$ (2,20	(2,203,137) \$	46,259	\ \$	(1,092,865)	\$ (386,275)	ر ا	1,379,013		626,492
Total pension liability - beginning		17,197,409	19,4(19,400,546	19,354,287	•	20,447,152	20,833,427		19,454,414	18,	18,827,922
Total pension liability - ending (a)	∽	17,713,286	\$ 17,19	17,197,409 \$	19,400,546	` ∽	19,354,287	\$ 20,447,152		20,833,427	19,	19,454,414
Plan fiduciary net position												
Contributions - employer	ب	1,204,413	\$ 1,1	1,145,352 \$	1,425,162	ب	1,382,908	\$ 1,438,098	۰	1,457,080	.,	1,116,599
Net investment income		456,113	(2)	(297,607)	868,783		387,974	418,289	_	146,385		188,569
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(1,086,283)	(1,10	(1,104,572)	(1,151,999)	_	(1,244,009)	(1,284,839)		(1,189,082)	Ξ,	(1,244,478)
Administrative expense		(45,178)	C	(21,739)	(20,110)	_	(18,826)	(17,957)		(9,954)		(2,208)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	Ş	529,065	\$ (57	(578,566) \$	1,121,836	ا ج	508,047	\$ 553,591	 	404,429		58,482
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		9,575,053	10,1	10,153,619	9,031,783		8,523,736	7,970,145		7,565,716	7,	7,507,234
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	∽	10,104,118	\$ 9,57	9,575,053 \$	10,153,619	 ∽	9,031,783	\$ 8,523,736	 - - -	7,970,145	7,	7,565,716
School Board's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	7,609,168	\$ 7,62	7,622,356 \$	9,246,927	٠,	10,322,504	\$ 11,923,416	s	12,863,282 \$		11,888,698
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total												
pension liability		57.04%		25.68%	52.34%		46.67%	41.69%	%	38.26%		38.89%
Covered payroll	s	39,846,110 \$		37,867,549 \$	37,750,882	ب	38,188,055	\$ 38,745,934	ب	38,643,824 \$		39,204,917
School Board's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		19.10%		20.13%	24.49%		27.03%	30.77%	%	33.29%		30.32%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2017 is the first year for this presentation, additional years will be included as they become available.

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Component Unit Washington County Park Authority Pension Plans For the Measurement Dates June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2022

										ĺ
		2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total pension liability		Ì	Ī							Ī
Service cost	s	5,299 \$	5,117 \$	1,824 \$	4,511 \$	4,425 \$	4,836 \$	4,703 \$	4,564 \$	4,537
Interest		14,434	13,169	4,797	12,677	12,508	12,349	11,794	11,136	10,624
Differences between expected and actual experience		(1,502)	(2,867)	(813)	5,300	(3,391)	(4,507)	(2,101)	182	
Impact of change in proportion		2,269	126,271	(130,976)	(096)	(471)	2,775	2,340		
Changes of assumptions		,	7,633		2,687		(441)			
Benefit payments		(11,973)	(11,784)	(4,294)	(10,213)	(10,106)	(8,897)	(6,580)	(8,079)	(7,612)
Net change in total pension liability	\$	8,527 \$	137,539 \$	(129,462) \$	17,002 \$	2,965 \$	6,115 \$	7,156 \$	7,803 \$	7,549
Total pension liability - beginning		212,249	74,710	204,172	187,170	184,205	178,090	170,933	163,130	155,573
Total pension liability - ending (a)	ۍ	\$ 9/1/022	212,249 \$	74,710 \$	204,172 \$	187,170 \$	184,205 \$	178,089 \$	170,933 \$	163,122
Dan fiduriary not notition										
manage of operations in accordance	ı	י רור ר	105 173 6	\$ (0,0,0,0)	3 (020)	5 (344)	3 176 6	2 070 4	•	
Impact of change in proportion	^	\$ 777,7	\$ 7/1,col	(112,942) \$	¢ (8/8)	(410) \$	₹ 7,704	¢ 504,1	•	
Contributions - employer		5,283	4,833	1,473	3,895	4,332	4,218	5,122	4,905	5,238
Contributions - employee		2,244	2,048	772	2,021	2,021	2,017	1,960	1,894	1,922
Net investment income		(183)	45,425	1,199	11,165	11,869	17,876	2,479	6,306	18,902
Benefit payments		(11,973)	(11,784)	(4,294)	(10,213)	(10,106)	(8,897)	(6,280)	(8,079)	(7,612)
Administrator charges		(131)	(115)	(42)	(112)	(103)	(104)	(06)	(88)	(101)
Other		5	4		(8)	(12)	(16)	(1)	(1)	_
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	φ.	(2,533) \$	145,583 \$	(113,834) \$	5,875 \$	7,585 \$	17,358 \$	1,853 \$	4,939 \$	18,350
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		207,809	62,226	176,060	170,185	162,600	145,242	143,389	138,450	120,094
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	205,276 \$	207,809 \$	62,226 \$	176,060 \$	170,185 \$	162,600 \$	145,242 \$	143,389 \$	138,444
Component Unit WCPA's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	s	15,500 \$	4,440 \$	12,484 \$	28,112 \$	16,985 \$	21,605 \$	32,847 \$	27,544 \$	24,678
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total										
pension liability		92.98%	97.91%	83.29%	86.23%	90.93%	88.27%	81.56%	83.89%	84.87%
Covered payroll	s	43,596 \$	40,213 \$	16,717 \$	42,501 \$	42,166 \$	39,982 \$	39,427 \$	38,029 \$	37,961
Component Unit WCPA's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		35.55%	11.04%	74.68%	66.14%	40.28%	54.04%	83.31%	72.43%	65.01%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2014 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Washington, Virginia
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios
Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)
Pension Plans
For the Measurement Dates June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2022

		ו מו מוב שבנ	ואמו בווובוור חמנבי	of the measurement pares same so, to 14 through same so, tota	odgii Jaire Jo, 20	77				
		2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total pension liability	1									
Service cost	s	221,788 \$	252,763 \$	256,716 \$	252,288 \$	264,484 \$	279,258 \$	293,270 \$	279,645	\$ 286,590
Interest		1,017,071	956,244	956,415	960,953	994,338	1,015,129	991,923	969,365	949,439
Differences between expected and actual experience		(300,724)	(62,121)	(229,482)	(177, 385)	(787,021)	(592,020)	8,966	46,177	•
Changes of assumptions			582,019		336,199		(55,104)		•	
Benefit payments		(1,061,529)	(1,037,565)	(934,816)	(926,873)	(970,576)	(917,986)	(1,007,279)	(938,586)	(964, 155)
Net change in total pension liability	ا ح	(123,394) \$	691,340 \$	48,833 \$	445,182 \$	(498,775) \$	(270,723)	286,880 \$	356,601	\$ 271,874
Total pension liability - beginning		15,376,698	14,685,358	14,636,525	14,191,343	14,690,118	14,960,841	14,673,961	14,317,360	14,045,486
Total pension liability - ending (a)	∽	15,253,304 \$	15,376,698 \$	14,685,358 \$	14,636,525 \$	14,191,343 \$	14,690,118	14,960,841 \$	14,673,961	\$ 14,317,360
Distriction for the profession	I									
rial Hadria y Her Position										
Contributions - employer	s	185,390 \$	189,541 \$	208,112 \$	199,699 \$	284,527 \$	304,534	321,291 \$	329,457	\$ 353,164
Contributions - employee		126,652	130,641	131,357	126,383	122,797	142,076	132,681	131,838	130,716
Net investment income		(4,590)	3,452,550	251,310	847,302	925,330	1,409,419	198,960	542,672	1,687,553
Benefit payments		(1,061,529)	(1,037,565)	(934,816)	(926,873)	(970,576)	(917,986)	(1,007,279)	(938, 586)	(964,155)
Administrator charges		(9,935)	(9,042)	(8,902)	(8,832)	(8,284)	(8,434)	(7,746)	(7,794)	(9,397)
Other		350	322	(262)	(531)	(811)	(1,242)	(87)	(112)	89
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\ \	(763,662) \$	2,726,447 \$	(353,231) \$	237,148 \$	352,983	928,367	(362,180) \$	57,475	1,197,970
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		15,673,859	12,947,412	13,300,643	13,063,495	12,710,512	11,782,145	12,144,325	12,086,850	10,888,880
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	14,910,197 \$	15,673,859	12,947,412 \$	13,300,643 \$	13,063,495 \$	12,710,512	11,782,145 \$	12,144,325	\$ 12,086,850
School Division's net pension liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)		343,107 \$	(297,161)	1,737,946 \$	1,335,882 \$	1,127,848 \$	1,979,606	3,178,696 \$	2,529,636	\$ 2,230,510
Plan fiduriary not position as a percentage of the total										
pension liability		97.75%	101.93%	88.17%	%28.06	92.05%	86.52%	78.75%	82.76%	84.42%
Covered payroll	ب	2,770,245 \$	2,824,992 \$	2,807,493 \$	2,723,589 \$	2,626,988 \$	2,716,445 \$	2,620,073 \$	2,674,140	\$ 2,617,034
School Division's net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroll		12.39%	-10.52%	61.90%	49.05%	42.93%	72.87%	121.32%	94.60%	85.23%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2014 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Washington, Virginia Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) VRS Teacher Retirement Plan Pension Plans

For the Measurement Dates June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2022

Date (1)	Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) (2)	Propo the	Employer's rtionate Share of e Net Pension ability (Asset) (3)	Employer's vered Payroll (4)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll (3)/(4) (5)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability (6)
2022	0.41652%	\$	39,655,198	\$ 38,555,407	102.85%	82.61%
2021	0.41925%		32,546,786	36,780,692	88.49%	85.46%
2020	0.42080%		61,234,540	36,682,301	166.93%	71.47%
2019	0.42676%		56,164,041	35,583,475	157.84%	73.51%
2018	0.43818%		51,529,000	35,260,376	146.14%	74.81%
2017	0.45021%		55,366,000	35,392,792	156.43%	72.92%
2016	0.45537%		63,816,000	34,658,445	184.13%	68.28%
2015	0.46113%		58,039,000	34,284,601	169.29%	70.68%
2014	0.48436%		58,533,000	35,253,945	166.03%	70.88%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2014 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Washington, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions - Pension Pension Plans

For the Years Ended June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2023

Date		Contractually Required Contribution		Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)*		Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		Employer's Covered Payroll	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll
Primary Governme	- - -	(1)*	-	(Z)"	_	(3)		(4)	(5)
2023	\$	1,579,128	\$	1,579,128	\$	_	\$	13,851,310	11.40%
2023	Ą	1,396,027	ڔ	1,396,027	٠	_	٦	12,647,760	11.04%
2021		1,290,439		1,290,439				11,636,080	11.09%
2020		1,054,090		1,054,090		_		11,568,452	9.11%
2019		998,459		998,459				10,855,168	9.20%
2018		1,106,407		1,106,407		_		10,742,040	10.30%
2017		1,097,538		1,097,538		-		10,344,991	10.61%
2016		1,325,194		1,325,194		-		10,341,453	12.81%
2015		1,286,475		1,286,475		-		9,974,884	12.90%
2014		1,374,081		1,374,081		-		9,957,113	13.80%
Component Unit W		•		•					
2023	\$	5,549	\$	5,549	\$	-	\$	48,673	11.40%
2022		4,812		4,812		-		43,596	11.04%
2021		4,460		4,460		-		40,213	11.09%
2020		1,468		1,468		-		16,717	8.78%
2019		3,889		3,889		-		42,501	9.15%
2018 2017		4,336		4,336		-		42,166	10.28% 10.77%
2016		4,308 5,176		4,308 5,176		-		39,982 39,427	13.13%
2015		4,905		4,905		_		38,029	12.90%
2014		5,239		5,239		-		37,961	13.80%
Component Unit S	choo	l Board (nonprofe	ssic	nal)					
2023	\$	195,242	\$	195,242	\$	-	\$	3,051,845	6.40%
2022		185,351		185,351		-		2,770,245	6.69%
2021		190,225		190,225		-		2,824,992	6.73%
2020		207,174		207,174		-		2,807,493	7.38%
2019		203,223		203,223		-		2,723,589	7.46%
2018		284,527		284,527		-		2,626,988	10.83%
2017		310,218		310,218		-		2,716,445	11.42%
2016		322,026		322,026		-		2,620,073	12.29%
2015 2014		329,457		329,457		-		2,674,140	12.32% 13.50%
2014		353,300		353,300		-		2,617,034	13.50%
Component Unit S		"	nal))					
2023	\$	6,399,312	\$	6,399,312	\$	-	\$	40,178,269	15.93%
2022		6,187,637		6,187,637		-		38,555,407	16.05%
2021		5,931,256		5,931,256		-		36,780,692	16.13%
2020		5,591,377		5,591,377		-		36,682,301	15.24%
2019		5,431,000		5,431,000		-		35,583,475	15.26%
2018		5,665,000		5,665,000		-		35,260,376	16.07%
2017		5,123,000		5,123,000		-		35,392,792	14.47%
2016		4,848,000		4,848,000		-		34,658,445	13.99%
2015 2014		4,960,000 4,110,610		4,960,000 4,110,610		-		34,284,601 35,253,945	14.47% 11.66%
Component Unit S	choo	l Board - Supplem	ent	al Retirement Pen	sion	Plan (1)			
2023	\$	1,204,413		1,204,413		(-,	\$	39,846,110	3.02%
2022	•	1,145,352	•	1,145,352		-	,	37,867,549	3.02%
2021		1,425,162		1,425,162		-		37,750,882	3.78%
2020		1,382,908		1,382,908		-		38,188,055	3.62%
2019		1,438,098		1,438,098		-		38,745,934	3.71%
2018		1,457,080		1,457,080		-		38,643,824	3.77%
2017		1,433,150		1,116,599		316,551		39,204,917	2.85%

 $^{^*}$ Excludes contributions (mandatory and match on voluntary) to the defined contribution portion of the Hybrid plan.

⁽¹⁾ Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Washington, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Pension Pension Plans

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Pension Plans:

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty:

Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality
improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-
2020
Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on
experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age
Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement
through 9 years of service
No change
No change
No change
No change

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty:

Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased disability life
expectancy. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified
Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from
65 to 70
Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and service to rates based
on service only to better fit experience and to be more consistent with Locals
Largest 10 Hazardous Duty
No change
No change
No change
No change

Component Unit School Board - Professional Employees

The offic School Board - Trolessional Employees	
Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality
healthy, and disabled)	improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-
	2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on
	experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement
	through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

School Board Supplemental Retirement Program

Component Unit School Board - Supplemental Retirement Program

Valuation Date	July 1, 2023
Measurement Dat	June 30, 2023
Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement	Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Teachers Amount-Weighted mortality table
Discount Rate	4.00% for July 1, 2023; 4.00% for July 1, 20222
Expected Long Term Rate of Return	4.00% for July 1, 2023; 4.00% for July 1, 2022
Muncipal Bond Rate	3.86% for July 1, 2023; 3.69% for July 1, 2022
Inflation	2.50% per year
Salary Increase	4.00% per year
Ad-hoc COLA	None

County of Washington, Virginia Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Primary Government - County OPEB For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2018 through June 30, 2023

		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB liability	·		0.70	0.00	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		110
Service cost	^	104,849 \$	\$ 818,771	124,1/8 \$	\$ 59,,68	\$ 866,621	14/,7/
Interest		60,859	40,261	39,378	51,637	89,054	82,392
Effect of Plan Changes						(411,822)	
Changes in assumptions		(27,572)	(229,784)	(79,666)	176,241	(551,747)	(89,180)
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses		31,227	•	50,977	•	•	•
Differences between expected and actual experience			•	•		(121,903)	•
Benefit payments		(65,414)	(55,029)	(47,788)	(43,241)	(30,916)	(76,284)
Net change in total OPEB liability	s	103,949 \$	(121,734) \$	\$ 620,08	270,400 \$	\$ (187,781)	64,205
Total OPEB liability - beginning		1,646,754	1,768,488	1,681,409	1,411,009	2,308,790	2,244,585
Total OPEB liability - ending	φ •	1,750,703 \$	1,646,754 \$	1,768,488 \$	1,681,409 \$	1,411,009 \$	2,308,790
Covered employee payroll	~	12,997,399 \$	11,599,216 \$	11,599,216 \$	10,703,126 \$	10,703,126 \$	10,514,119
County's total OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of covered employee payroll		13.47%	14.20%	15.25%	15.71%	13.18%	21.96%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Washington, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information - County OPEB For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Valuation Date: 7/1/2022 Measurement Date: 6/30/2023

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASB 75 to pay related benefits.

Methods and assumptions used to determine OPEB liability:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal, level percentage of pay
Salary Increase Rates	5.35% to 3.50% depending on years of service for general employees;
	4.75% to 3.50% depending on years of service for public safety employees
Inflation	2.50%
Healthcare Trend Rate	The healthcare trend rate assumptions starts at 4.30% in 2023, increases to 6.40% in 2024, then decreases to an ultimate 3.90% in 2073
Discount Rate	3.65% for accounting and funding disclosures as of June 30, 2023 3.54% for accounting and funding disclosures as of June 30, 2022
Retirement Age	The average age at retirement is 62
Mortality Rates (General Employees)	
mortality rates (General Employees)	Pre-Retirement: Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Employee Rates projected generationally; females set forward 2 years. Base rates are projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates. 25% of deaths are assumed to be service related.
	Post-Retirement: Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for females. Base rates are projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates.
	Post-Disablement: Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; males and females set forward 3 years. Base rates are projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates.
	Beneficiaries and survivors: Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females. Base rates are projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates.
Mortality Rates (Public Safety Employees)	Pre-Retirement: Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years. Base rates are projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates. 35% of deaths are assumed to be service-related.
	Post-Retirement: Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years. Base rates are projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates.
	Post-Disablement: Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years. Base rates are projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates.
	Beneficiaries and survivors: Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years. Base rates are projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates.

County of Washington, Virginia Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Component Unit School Board For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2018 through June 30, 2023

		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB liability		ľ			Î]	Ī
Service cost	s	520,228 \$	512,413 \$	321,396 \$	225,688 \$	273,552 \$	323,245
Interest		302,134	196,365	141,509	200,595	263,845	226,975
Effect of plan changes		571,186					
Changes in assumptions		257,510	(783,353)	2,019,091	534,741	(1,217,393)	(177,186)
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses		345,099		486,677		386,473	
Benefit payments		(447,230)	(532,565)	(411,599)	(357,425)	(359,368)	(394,844)
Net change in total OPEB liability	s	1,548,927 \$	(607,140) \$	2,557,074 \$	\$ 603,599 \$	(652,891) \$	(21,810)
Total OPEB liability - beginning		8,236,302	8,843,442	6,286,368	5,682,769	6,335,660	6,357,470
Total OPEB liability - ending	√	9,785,229 \$	8,236,302 \$	8,843,442 \$	6,286,368 \$	5,682,769 \$	6,335,660
Covered employee payroll	٠	40,427,759 \$	37,638,661 \$	37,638,661 \$	36,384,146 \$	36,384,146 \$	32,112,464
School Board's total OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of covered employee payroll		24.20%	21.88%	23.50%	17.28%	15.62%	19.73%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Washington, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information - School OPEB For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Valuation Date: 7/1/2022 Measurement Date: 6/30/2023

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASB 75 to pay related benefits.

 ${\it Methods \ and \ assumptions \ used \ to \ determine \ OPEB \ liability:}$

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal, level percentage of pay
Salary Increase Rates	5.35% to 3.50% depending on years of service for general employees;
	5.95% to 3.50% depending on years of service for teachers
Inflation	2.50%
Healthcare Trend Rate	The healthcare trend rate assumptions starts at 4.80% in 2023, increases to
	6.50% in 2024, then decreases to an ultimate 3.90% in 2074
Discount Rate	3.65% for accounting and funding disclosures as of June 30, 2023
	3.54% for accounting and funding disclosures as of June 30, 2022
Retirement Age	The average age at retirement is 62
Mortality Rates (General Employees)	Pre-Retirement: Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Employee Rates projected generationally; females set forward 2 years. Base rates are projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP 2020 rates. 25% of deaths are assumed to be service related. Post-Retirement: Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for females. Base rates are projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP 2020 rates.
	Post Disablement: Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; males and females set forward 3 years. Base rates are projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates.
	Beneficiaries and survivors: Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females. Base rates are projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates.
Mortality Rates (Teachers)	Pre-Retirement: Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Employee Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males. Base rates are projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates. 5% of deaths are assumed to be service related.
	Post-Retirement: Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; males set forward 1 year; 105% of rates for females. Base rates are projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates.
	Post Disablement: Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females. Base rates are projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates.
	Beneficiaries and survivors: Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally. Base rates are projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP 2020 rates.

County of Washington, Virginia Schedule of Employer's Share of Net OPEB Liability Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan

For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2022

Date (1)	Employer's Proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset) (2)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset) (3)	_	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(4) (5)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total GLI OPEB Liability (6)
Primary Gove						
2022	0.05840% \$	703,072	\$	12,700,514	5.54%	67.21%
2021	0.05660%	658,628		11,678,733	5.64%	67.45%
2020	0.05650%	942,058		11,616,544	8.11%	52.64%
2019	0.05567%	905,899		10,913,809	8.30%	52.00%
2018	0.05680%	862,000		10,799,595	7.98%	51.22%
2017	0.05647%	850,000		10,416,753	8.16%	48.86%
Component U	nit School Board (nonprofessio	nal)				
2022	0.01270% \$	153,281	\$	2,770,245	5.53%	67.21%
2021	0.01370%	159,272		2,824,992	5.64%	67.45%
2020	0.01360%	227,629		2,807,497	8.11%	52.64%
2019	0.01390%	226,190		2,723,587	8.30%	52.00%
2018	0.01376%	209,000		2,617,104	7.99%	51.22%
2017	0.01473%	221,000		2,716,445	8.14%	48.86%
Component U	nit School Board (professional))				
2022	0.17720% \$	2,134,020	\$	38,552,830	5.54%	67.21%
2021	0.17840%	2,076,943		36,830,900	5.64%	67.45%
2020	0.17830%	2,975,035		36,687,712	8.11%	52.64%
2019	0.18162%	2,955,441		35,604,784	8.30%	52.00%
2018	0.18551%	2,818,000		35,275,151	7.99%	51.22%
2017	0.19188%	2,888,000		35,393,745	8.16%	48.86%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Washington, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan For the Years Ended June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2023

Date	Contractually Required Contribution (1)	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)		Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)		Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
Primary Go	vornment						
2023	\$ 75,194	4 \$ 75,194	5	_	\$	13,924,857	0.54%
2022	68,583		7	_	7	12,700,514	0.54%
2021	63,065	,		_		11,678,733	0.54%
2020	60,400			_		11,616,544	0.52%
2019	57,000			_		10,913,809	0.52%
2018	56,158			_		10,799,595	0.52%
2017	54,167			_		10,416,753	0.52%
2016	49,923			_		10,400,684	0.48%
2015	48,292			_		10,060,894	0.48%
2014	47,990	,		-		9,997,908	0.48%
Component	t Unit School Board (nonpro	ofessional)					
2023	\$ 16,480	,	ς.	_	\$	3,051,845	0.54%
2022	14,959		7	_	7	2,770,245	0.54%
2021	15,255			_		2,824,992	0.54%
2020	14,000			_		2,807,497	0.50%
2019	14,000	,		_		2,723,587	0.51%
2018	14,000	,		_		2,617,104	0.53%
2017	14,000			_		2,716,445	0.52%
2017	12,607			_		2,626,388	0.48%
2015	12,836			_		2,674,140	0.48%
2014	12,562	·		-		2,617,034	0.48%
Component	t Unit School Board (profes:	()					
2023	\$ 217,137		ċ		\$	40,210,486	0.54%
2023	208,185		Ą	_	Ą	38,552,830	0.54%
2022	198,887	•		_		36,830,900	0.54%
2021	190,776			_		36,687,712	0.52%
2019	184,000	,		_		35,604,784	0.52%
2019	183,000			_		35,275,151	0.52%
2016	184,000			-		35,393,745	0.52%
2017	166,775			-		33,393,745 34,744,814	0.48%
2015	164,567			-		34,744,614	0.48%
2015 2014				-			0.48%
2014	170,023	3 170,023		-		35,421,424	0.48%

County of Washington, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Teachers

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
No change
No change
No change
No change

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased disability life expectancy. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and service to rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be more consistent with Locals Top 10 Hazardous Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

County of Washington, Virginia
Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net OPEB Asset and Related Ratios

Primary Government Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2022

		2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Total HIC OPEB Liability Service cost	s	3,287 \$	3,575 \$	3,670 \$	3,246 \$	3,000 \$	3,000
Interest		13,387	13,684	13,396	14,259	14,000	14,000
Differences between expected and actual experience		(18,670)	(9,511)	5,857	(9,543)	(3,000)	
Changes of assumptions		25,390	3,737		4,443		(4,000)
Benefit payments		(19,666)	(18,679)	(18,647)	(16,628)	(19,000)	(8,000)
Other changes					12	1,000	1,000
Net change in total HIC OPEB liability	\$	3,728 \$	(7,194) \$	4,276 \$	(4,211) \$	(4,000) \$	6,000
Total HIC OPEB Asset - beginning		204,871	212,065	207,789	212,000	216,000	210,000
Total HIC OPEB Asset - ending (a)	\$	208,599 \$	204,871 \$	212,065 \$	207,789 \$	212,000 \$	216,000
Plan fiduciary net position							
Contributions - employer	۰	3,776 \$	3,477 \$	3,106 \$	3,046 \$	2,000 \$	2,000
Net investment income		674	55,207	4,480	14,100	16,000	24,000
Benefit payments		(19,666)	(18,679)	(18,647)	(16,628)	(19,000)	(8,000)
Administrator charges		(428)	(614)	(414)	(304)		
Other		9,191		(2)	169	(1,000)	1,000
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	Ş	(6,453) \$	39,391 \$	\$ (11,477)	383 \$	(2,000) \$	19,000
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		257,297	217,906	229,383	229,000	231,000	212,000
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	چ	250,844 \$	257,297 \$	217,906 \$	229,383 \$	\$ 000,622	231,000
Employer's net HIC OPEB asset - ending (a) - (b)	~	(42,245) \$	(52,426) \$	(5,841) \$	(21,594) \$	\$ (17,000) \$	(15,000)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total HIC OPEB liability		120.25%	125.59%	102.75%	110.39%	108.02%	106.94%
Covered payroll	۰,	3,432,554 \$	3,160,443 \$	3,105,665 \$	3,045,660 \$	3,136,197 \$	3,039,394
Employer's net HIC OPEB asset as a percentage of covered payroll		-1.23%	-1.66%	-0.19%	-0.71%	-0.54%	-0.49%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Washington, Virginia Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios School Board (nonprofessional) Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan

For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2022

(4,000) (25,000) (25,000) (1,000) 3.29% 10.82% (1,000)4,000 22,000 (5,000)309,000 (3,000)13,000 294,000 2,716,445 2017 (15,000)(5,000) 10.81% (26,000) 21,000 1,000 (26,000) (1,000)1.74% 4,000 (16,000)1,000 283,000 2,617,104 304,000 2018 s s (3,416)5,630 (25,502) 21,443 (25,502)10.67% 3,721 Ξ 290,696 0.54% 1,031 24 5,000 2,723,587 4,280 288,000 2019 S 52,600 (26,976) (26,976) (4,517)-0.67% 86,252 145,890 22,461 $\widehat{\mathbb{C}}$ 441,103 15.71% 17,086 1,584 2,807,497 292,280 2020 (160,146) 5,979 (26,708) 10.25% 148,392) 29,875 (26,708) 0.08% 3,808 438,170 3,174 (2,933)2,824,992 289,537 2021 5,714 1.97% 10.69% (29,627)29,371 (29,627)6 5,982 296,194 2,770,245 2,498 18,729 8,380 12,391 289,778 \mathfrak{S} 2022 S s S S s Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total Employer's net HIC OPEB liability as a percentage of Differences between expected and actual experience Employer's net HIC OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b) Net change in plan fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b) Plan fiduciary net position - beginning Net change in total HIC OPEB liability Total HIC OPEB Liability - ending (a) Total HIC OPEB Liability - beginning Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer Total HIC OPEB Liability Changes of assumptions Net investment income Administrator charges HIC OPEB liability Benefit payments covered payroll Benefit payments Covered payroll Benefit changes Other changes Service cost Other

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Washington, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Years Ended June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2023

Date		Contractually Required Contribution (1)	_	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)		Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)		Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
Primary Gov 2023	ernm S	ent	\$		\$		\$	3,814,549	0.00%
2023	Ş	3,776	Ş	3,776	Ş	-	Ş	3,432,554	0.11%
2022		3,476		3,476		-		3,452,554	0.11%
2021		3,106		3,106		_		3,105,665	0.10%
2019		3,000		3,000		_		3,045,660	0.10%
2018		2,000		2,000		_		3,136,197	0.06%
2017		2,000		2,000		-		3,039,394	0.07%
2016		3,413		3,413		<u>-</u>		3,102,845	0.11%
2015		3,232		3,232		-		2,938,344	0.11%
2014		1,230		1,230		-		3,074,512	0.04%
Component	Unit S	School Board (non	prof	essional)					
2023	\$	35,401	\$	35,401	\$	-	\$	3,051,845	1.16%
2022		29,365		29,365		-		2,770,245	1.06%
2021		29,945		29,945		-		2,824,992	1.06%
2020		22,460		22,460		-		2,807,497	0.80%
2019		22,000		22,000		-		2,723,587	0.81%
2018		20,000		20,000		-		2,617,104	0.76%
2017		21,000		21,000		-		2,716,445	0.77%
2016		18,602		18,602		-		2,620,073	0.71%
2015		18,986		18,986		-		2,674,140	0.71%
2014		22,506		22,506		-		2,617,034	0.86%

County of Washington, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 though June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

ter. Language con Lacamia, Limbia, and a content Limbia,	,
Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

on Largest Ten Locality Employers Tiazar dous su	cy Employees
Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased disability life expectancy.
healthy, and disabled)	For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement
	Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and service to rates based on
	service only to better fit experience and to be more consistent with Locals Top 10
	Hazardous Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

County of Washington, Virginia Schedule of School Board's Share of Net OPEB Liability Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2022

Date (1)	Employer's Proportion of the Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset) (2)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset) (3)	 Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(4) (5)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total HIC OPEB Liability (6)
2022	0.41368% \$	5,167,056	\$ 38,555,407	13.40%	15.08%
2021	0.41589%	5,338,235	36,780,692	14.51%	13.15%
2020	0.41840%	5,458,488	36,682,301	14.88%	9.95%
2019	0.42424%	5,553,715	35,583,475	15.61%	8.97%
2018	0.43617%	5,538,000	35,275,151	15.70%	8.08%
2017	0.44848%	5,689,000	35,393,745	16.07%	7.04%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Washington, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Years Ended June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2023

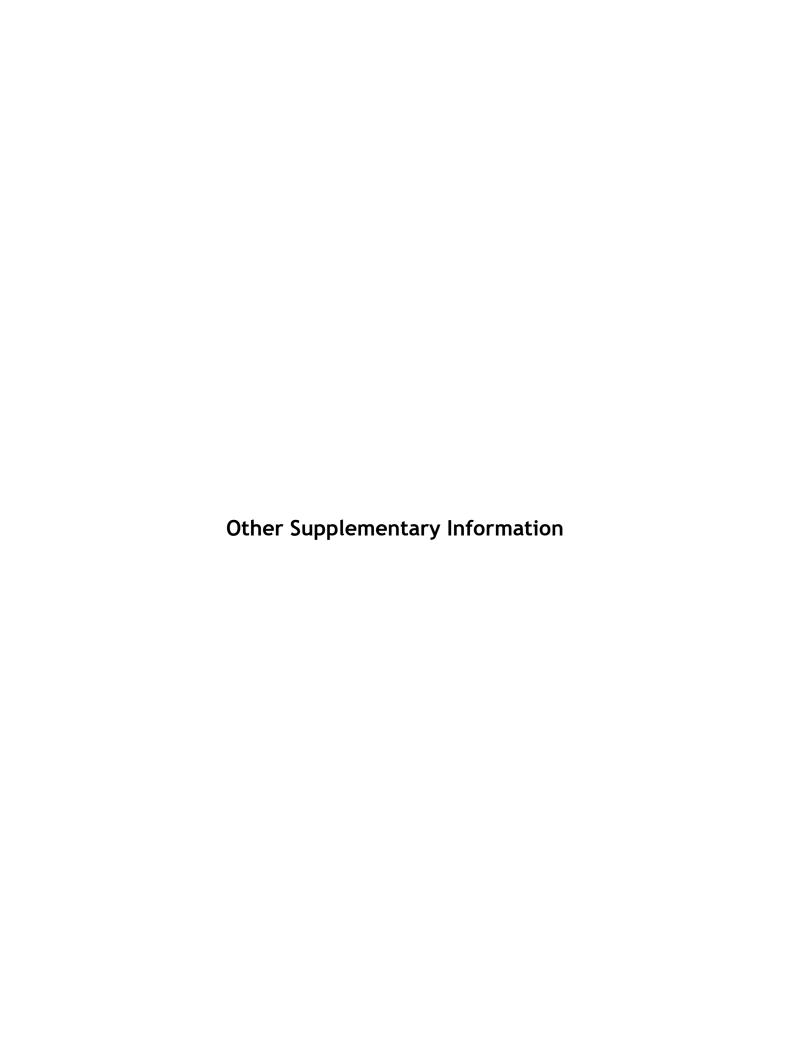
Date		Contractually Required Contribution (1)	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)		Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
2023	— s -	486,108		-	- _{\$} -	40,174,224	1.21%
2022	•	466,520	466,520	-	•	38,555,407	1.21%
2021		445,046	445,046	-		36,780,692	1.21%
2020		440,188	440,188	-		36,682,301	1.20%
2019		424,000	424,000	-		35,583,475	1.19%
2018		434,000	434,000	-		35,275,151	1.23%
2017		393,000	393,000	-		35,393,745	1.11%
2016		368,033	368,033	-		34,720,087	1.06%
2015		363,418	363,418	-		34,284,725	1.06%
2014		393,178	393,178	-		35,421,424	1.11%

County of Washington, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change



County of Washington, Virginia Capital Projects Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	County Capital Improvements Fund								
		Budgeted Amounts				Astront		ariance with	
	(Original		Final		Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES	' <u>-</u>								
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	-	\$	-	\$	548,347	\$	548,347	
Miscellaneous		-		1,435		1,435		-	
Recovered costs		-		744,093		782,309		38,216	
Intergovernmental:									
Commonwealth		-		932,702		115,800		(816,902)	
Total revenues	\$	-	\$	1,678,230	\$	1,447,891	\$	(230,339)	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Public safety	\$	-	\$	466,202	\$	-	\$	466,202	
Public works		2,336,205		30,047,590		11,930,267		18,117,323	
Parks, recreation, and cultural		200,000		793,399		359,204		434,195	
Capital projects		794,480		5,286,946		-		5,286,946	
Debt service:									
Principal retirement		-		-		13,358		(13,358)	
Interest and other fiscal charges		-		-		3,142		(3,142)	
Total expenditures	\$	3,330,685	\$	36,594,137	\$	12,305,971	\$	24,288,166	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)									
expenditures	\$	(3,330,685)	\$	(34,915,907)	\$	(10,858,080)	\$	24,057,827	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in	\$	3,330,685	\$	17,195,736	\$	931,509	\$	(16,264,227)	
Issuance of lease liability	•	-		, , , <u>-</u>		33,669		33,669	
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	3,330,685	\$	17,195,736	\$	965,178	\$	(16,230,558)	
Net change in fund balances	\$	_	¢	(17,720,171)	¢	(9,892,902)	¢	7,827,269	
Fund balances - beginning	ļ	-	ب	17,720,171)	ب	17,587,959	ب	(132,212)	
Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$		Ś	7,695,057	\$	7,695,057	
. aa sataes citating			4		Ψ.	.,0,5,057	Ψ.	,,0,5,057	

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

<u>Special Welfare</u> - The Special Welfare fund accounts for those funds belonging to individuals entrusted to the local social services agency, such as foster care children.

Fringe Benefits - The Fringe Benefits fund accounts for those funds belonging to School Board employees.

<u>Soil Erosion Deposits</u> - The Soil Erosion Deposits fund accounts for erosion and sediment control deposits obtained on construction projects from the contractor. When the project has met the requirements, the deposit is released to the contractor.

<u>Commonwealth Attorney Collection Program</u> - The Commonwealth Attorney Collection Program fund accounts for the collection of delinquent fines, costs, forfeitures, penalties, and interest collected by the Commonwealth Attorney's office. A portion of the collections are remitted to the State.

County of Washington, Virginia Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds - Custodial Funds June 30, 2023

	Special <u>Velfare</u>	Fringe enefits	il Erosion Deposits	c	ommonwealth Attorney Collection <u>Program</u>	<u>Total</u>
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 53,420	\$ 49,194	\$ 39,291	\$	68,623	\$ 210,528
Accounts receivable	-	-	-		1,417	1,417
Total assets	\$ 53,420	\$ 49,194	\$ 39,291	\$	70,040	\$ 211,945
NET POSITION						
Restricted for:						
Social services clients	\$ 53,420	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 53,420
School board employee fringe benefits	-	49,194	-		-	49,194
Soil erosion deposits	-	-	39,291		-	39,291
Commonwealth Attorney collection program	-	-	-		70,040	70,040
Total net position	\$ 53,420	\$ 49,194	\$ 39,291	\$	70,040	\$ 211,945

County of Washington, Virginia Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Funds June 30, 2023

	special Velfare	Fringe Senefits	 l Erosion eposits	A Co	monwealth attorney ollection Program	<u>Total</u>
Additions						
Interest	\$ 1,729	\$ 1,120	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 2,849
Social services receipts	39,644	-	-		-	39,644
Fringe benefits receipts from retirees	-	211,263	-		-	211,263
Soil erosion deposit	-	-	2,155		-	2,155
Commonwealth Attorney collections	-	-	-		70,874	70,874
Total additions	\$ 41,373	\$ 212,383	\$ 2,155	\$	70,874	\$ 326,785
Deductions:						
Payments for social services clients	\$ 46,346	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 46,346
Payments for fringe benefits	-	193,626	-		-	193,626
Return of soil erosion deposits	-	-	9,950		-	9,950
Payments for Commonwealth Attorney Collections	-	-	-		69,605	69,605
Total deductions	\$ 46,346	\$ 193,626	\$ 9,950	\$	69,605	\$ 319,527
Net Increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position	\$ (4,973)	\$ 18,757	\$ (7,795)	\$	1,269	\$ 7,258
Net Position, beginning	58,393	30,437	47,086		68,771	204,687
Net Position, ending	\$ 53,420	\$ 49,194	\$ 39,291	\$	70,040	\$ 211,945

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>School Operating Fund</u> - The School Operating Fund accounts for the operations of the County's school system. Financing is provided by the State and Federal governments as well as contributions from the General Fund.

<u>School Capital Projects Fund</u> - The School Activity Fund accounts for and reports the financial resources to be used for the acquisition and construction of major capital projects of the School Board.

<u>School Activity Fund</u> - The School Activity Fund accounts for and reports the operations of the individual schools.

County of Washington, Virginia Balance Sheet Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board June 30, 2023

	School Operating <u>Fund</u>	Cap	School ital Projects <u>Fund</u>		School Activity <u>Fund</u>	Total School <u>Fund</u>
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Cash in custody of others	\$ 4,406,092	\$	3,207,916	\$	- 1,888,204	\$ 7,614,008 1,888,204
Accounts receivable Due from primary government Due from other governmental units	668,592 4,040,188 4,881,658		-		49,719 - -	718,311 4,040,188 4,881,658
Total assets	\$ 13,996,530	\$	3,207,916	\$	1,937,923	\$ 19,142,369
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable Accrued wages	\$ 765,374 9,199,281	\$	74,095	\$	15,575	\$ 855,044 9,199,281
Total liabilities	\$ 9,964,655	\$	74,095	\$	15,575	\$ 10,054,325
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted	\$ 2,039,098	\$	2,575,447	\$	1,922,348	\$ 6,536,893
Committed Assigned	- 1,992,477		558,374			558,374 1,992,477
Unassigned	300		-		-	300
Total fund balances	\$ 4,031,875	\$	3,133,821	\$	1,922,348	\$ 9,088,044
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 13,996,530	\$	3,207,916	\$	1,937,923	\$ 19,142,369
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are different because:						
Total fund balances per above						\$ 9,088,044
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated Accumulated depreciation				\$	5,613,039 72,322,280 (59,043,817)	18,891,502
Certain items reported as expenditures in the fund statements are deferred and shown as assets on the statement of net position. Prepaid items						1,156,784
Deferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Pension related items OPEB related items				\$	11,200,094 3,541,082	14,741,176
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and telecommunications, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.						5,584,319
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.					(47 525 700)	
Net OPEB liabilities Net pension liability - VRS Compensated absences Net pension liability - supplemental retirement				, 	(17,535,780) (39,998,305) (2,854,221) (7,609,168)	(67,997,474)
Deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore,						
are not reported in the funds. Pension related items OPEB related items				\$	(12,440,957) (2,003,675)	(14,444,632)
Net position of governmental activities						\$ (32,980,281)

County of Washington, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

For the real chided Julie 30, 20				
	School Operating	School Capital Projects	School Activity	Total School
	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	Fund*	<u>Fund</u>
REVENUES				
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$ 94,688	\$ - 5		,
Charges for services	1,665,707	-	2,556,705	4,222,412
Miscellaneous	1,407,313		-	1,407,313
Recovered costs	41,680	-	-	41,680
Intergovernmental:	27 022 527			27 022 527
Local government Commonwealth	27,932,527		-	27,932,527 57,628,750
Federal	54,959,669 16,824,981	2,009,001	-	16,824,981
Total revenues	\$ 102,926,565	\$ 2,669,081	\$ 2,556,705 \$	
Total revenues	3 102,720,303	\$ 2,007,001	2,330,703 2	100,132,331
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Education	\$ 101,519,532	\$ - 9	\$ 3,080,573 \$	104,600,105
Capital projects	-	170,404	-	170,404
Total expenditures	\$ 101,519,532	\$ 170,404	\$ 3,080,573 \$	104,770,509
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)				
expenditures	\$ 1,407,033	\$ 2,498,677	\$ (523,868) \$	3,381,842
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	\$ 157,398	\$ - 9	\$ 769,991 \$	927,389
Transfers out	(769,991		(157,398)	(927,389)
Total other financing sources and uses	\$ (612,593			
Net shares is fined belower	\$ 794,440	ć 2.409.777. (Ć 99.725 Ć	2 204 042
Net change in fund balances	\$ 794,440 3,237,435		\$ 88,725 \$ 1,833,623	3,381,842 5,706,202
Fund balances - beginning, as restated Fund balances - ending	\$ 4,031,875			
Tund bacances - Chaing	3 4,031,073	3 3,133,021 ,	J 1,722,540 J	7,000,044
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit 2) are different because:				
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above			\$	3,381,842
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of				
activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported				
as depreciation expense. This is the detail of items supporting this adjustment:				
Capital Outlays		9	\$ 4,185,640	
Depreciation Expense		_	(1,978,731)	2,206,909
Certain items reported as expenditures in the fund statements are deferred and shown as assets on				
the statement of net position.				226,963
				,
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are				
not reported as revenues in the funds.				
State non-employer contribution to the pension plan		Ş	\$ 1,842,564	
State non-employer contribution to the OPEB plans		_	107,516	1,950,080
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current				
financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.				
Change in compensated absences		9	\$ 213,958	
Pension related items			6,077,308	
OPEB related items		_	(815,976)	5,475,290
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as				
insurance and telecommunications, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain				
internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.				2,359,417
			_	
Change in net position of governmental activities			<u>\$</u>	15,600,501

 $^{{}^{*}\}text{The School}$ Activity Fund does not require a legally adopted budget.

County of Washington, Virginia Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		School Ope	erating Fund			S	chool Capital Pr	ojects Fund	
				Variance with					Variance with
	P da a ta	d Amounts		Final Budget Positive		Budgeted An			Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	_ Actual	(Negative)		Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES	Original	rmai	Actual	(Negative)		Original	<u>r IIIai</u>	ACLUAL	(Negative)
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$ 13,000	\$ 13,000	\$ 94,688	\$ 81,688	Ś	- \$	- \$		\$ -
Charges for services	2,510,448	2,510,448	1,665,707	(844,741)	7			_	٠.
Miscellaneous	1,743,781	1,743,781	1,407,313	. , ,					
Recovered costs	240,000	240,000	41,680	. , ,					
Intergovernmental:	240,000	240,000	41,000	(170,320)		-	-	_	-
Local government	28,113,518	28,117,003	27,932,527	(184,476)					
Commonwealth	53,047,954	53,546,974	54,959,669	1,412,695		3,296,555	2,669,081	2,669,081	-
Federal	13,114,059	16,375,995	16,824,981	448,986		3,270,333	2,009,001	2,009,001	-
Total revenues	\$ 98,782,760	\$ 102,547,201	\$ 102,926,565			3,296,555	2,669,081	2,669,081	
				,					
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Education	\$ 101,640,866	\$ 106,276,549	\$ 101,519,532	\$ 4,757,017	\$	- \$	- \$	-	\$ -
Capital projects	-	-	-	-		3,796,555	3,304,551	170,404	3,134,147
Total expenditures	\$ 101,640,866	\$ 106,276,549	\$ 101,519,532	\$ 4,757,017		3,796,555	3,304,551	170,404	3,134,147
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)									
expenditures	\$ (2,858,106)	\$ (3,729,348)	\$ 1,407,033	\$ 5,136,381		(500,000)	(635,470)	2,498,677	3,134,147
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 157,398	\$ 157,398	\$	- \$	- \$	_	\$ -
Transfers out			(769,991		~			_	-
Total other financing sources and uses	\$ -	\$ -	<u> </u>	, , ,	\$	- \$	- \$	-	\$ -
Net change in fund balances	\$ (2,858,106)	\$ (3,729,348)	\$ 794,440	\$ 4,523,788		(500,000)	(635,470)	2,498,677	3,134,147
Fund balances - beginning, as restated	2,858,106	3,729,348	3,237,435			500,000	635,470)	635,144	(326)
Fund balances - ending		\$ -			Ś	- \$	- \$	3,133,821	\$ 3,133,821
i una parances - enamg	· -	. ·	4,031,073 د	3 4,031,073	<u> </u>	- >	- >	3,133,021	ا که,۱۵۵,۵۲۱

County of Washington, Virginia Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board June 30, 2023

	Internal Service <u>Fund</u>			
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,746,470			
LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Incurred but unpaid liability	\$ 1,162,151			
NET POSITION				
Unrestricted	\$ 5,584,319			
Total net position	\$ 5,584,319			

County of Washington, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Fund - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Internal Service <u>Fund</u>		
OPERATING REVENUES			
Charges for services: Insurance premiums	\$ 14,906,413		
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Insurance claims and expenses	\$ 12,770,596		
Operating income (loss)	\$ 2,135,817		
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Investment income	\$ 223,600		
Change in net position	\$ 2,359,417		
Total net position - beginning	3,224,902		
Total net position - ending	\$ 5,584,319		

County of Washington, Virginia Statement of Cash Flows

Proprietary Fund - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Internal Service <u>Fund</u>		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Receipts for insurance premiums	\$	14,906,413	
Payments for premiums		(12,528,245)	
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	2,378,168	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Interest income	\$	223,600	
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	\$	223,600	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,601,768	
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning		4,144,702	
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$	6,746,470	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities: Increase (decrease) in amounts incurred but unpaid	\$	2,135,817	
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	2,378,168	

County of Washington, Virginia Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund - Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board June 30, 2023

	Employee Early Retirement Incentive <u>Plan</u>
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 189,781
Receivables:	
Interest and dividends	62,137
Contributions	100,368
Investments, at fair value:	
U.S. government obligations	7,061,315
Equity securities	2,690,517
Total assets	\$ 10,104,118
NET POSITION	
Held in trust for retirement plan	\$ 10,104,118

County of Washington, Virginia Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

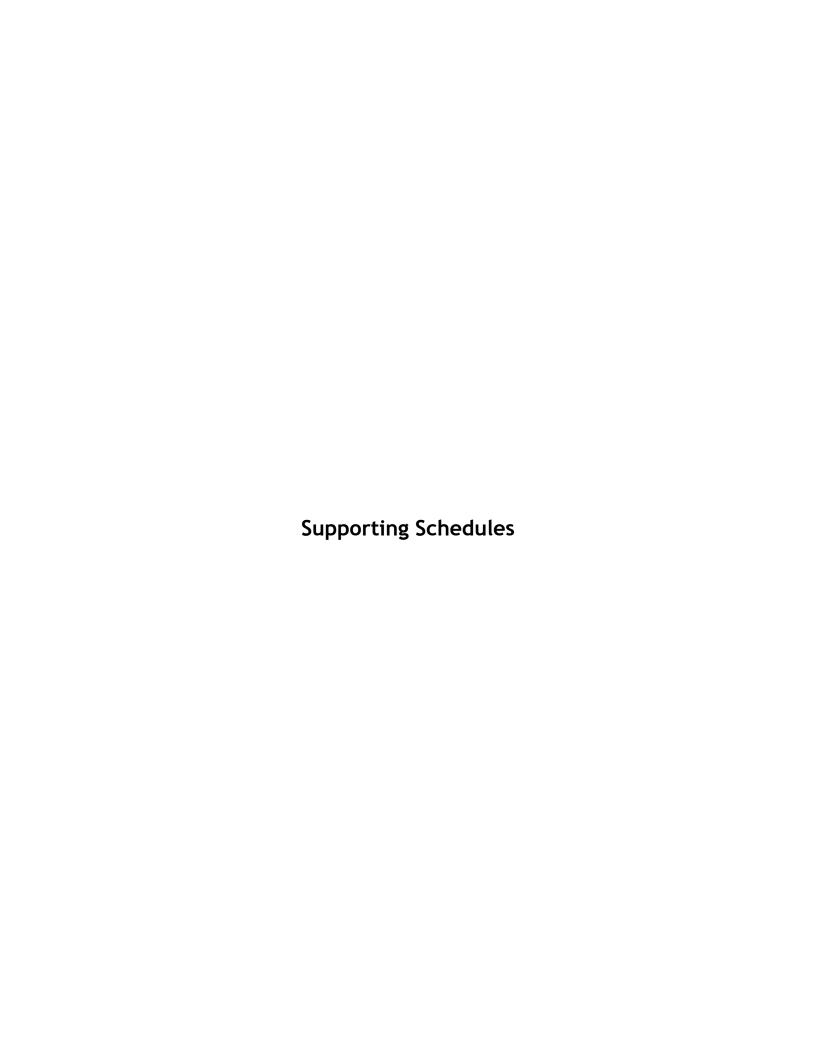
ADDITIONS	Employee Early Retirement Incentive <u>Plan</u>		
Contributions:			
Employer	\$	1,204,413	
Investment earnings:			
Interest	\$	184,830	
Dividends		42,433	
Net increase (decrease) in the fair market value of investments		228,850	
Total investment earnings	\$	456,113	
Less investment expense			
Net investment earnings	\$	456,113	
Total additions	\$	1,660,526	
DEDUCTIONS			
Benefits	\$	1,088,061	
Administrative expenses		43,400	
Total deductions	\$	1,131,461	
Change in net position	\$	529,065	
Net position - beginning		9,575,053	
Net position - ending	\$	10,104,118	

County of Washington, Virginia Combining Statement of Net Position Other Component Units June 30, 2023

		Park <u>Authority</u>		Industrial Develop- ment Authority		Virginia Highlands Airport Authority		<u>Total</u>
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	143,357	\$	2,713,828	\$	1,232,930	\$	4,090,115
Cash in custody of others		30,000		-		-		30,000
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):								
Accounts receivable		-		84,933		71,326		156,259
Notes receivable		-		7,902,051		-		7,902,051
Leases receivable		-		808,638		670,164		1,478,802
Rent receivable		-		22,752		-		22,752
Grants receivable		-		-		216,101		216,101
ue from other governmental units		-		32,977		-		32,977
ventories		-		-		45,258		45,258
repaid items		-		-		33,363		33,363
et pension asset		-		-		55,143		55,143
apital assets (net of accumulated depreciation/amortization):								
Capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized		760,276		14,184,677		42,914,055		57,859,008
Captial assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization		325,085		1,265,021		8,403,553		9,993,659
Total assets	\$	1,258,718	\$	27,014,877	\$	53,641,893	\$	81,915,488
EFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
eferred charge on refunding	\$	-	\$	1,406,778	\$	-	\$	1,406,778
ension related items		14,187		· · · · ·	·	41,333		55,520
PEB related items		, -		-		4,350		4,350
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	14,187	\$	1,406,778	\$	45,683	\$	1,466,648
IABILITIES								
ccounts payable	\$	8,260	\$	24,466	\$	266,803	\$	299,529
ccrued wages		9,109		-		19,497		28,606
ccrued interest payable				37,317		3,925		41,242
nearned revenue		-				115,609		115,609
ong-term liabilities:								
Due within one year		-		1,037,835		71,445		1,109,280
Due in more than one year		15,500		10,057,390		434,935		10,507,825
Total liabilities	\$	32,869	\$	11,157,008	\$	912,214	\$	12,102,091
EFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
ension related items	\$	9,905	\$	-	\$	69,167	\$	79,072
PEB related items				-		4,349		4,349
ease related items		-		790,138		644,845		1,434,983
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	9,905	\$	790,138	\$	718,361	\$	1,518,404
ET POSITION								
et investment in capital assets	\$	1,085,361	Ś	15,449,698	Ś	50,847,707	Ś	67,382,766
nrestricted	*	144,770	•	1,024,811	•	1,209,294	*	2,378,875
Total Net Position	S	1,230,131	\$	16,474,509	\$	52,057,001	\$	69,761,641
rotat net rosition	7	1,230,131	7	10,77,7,307	7	32,037,001	7	07,701,041

County of Washington, Virginia Combining Statement of Activities Other Component Units For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

							Net (Expense) Revenue and	Sevenue and		
		ď	rogram Revenues	v			Changes in Net Position	et Position		
	•		Operating	Capital			Component Unit	nt Unit		
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Washing	Washington County Inc	Industrial Development	Virginia Highlands		
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Park /	Park Authority	Authority	Airport Authority		<u>Total</u>
OTHER COMPONENT UNITS:										
Washington Park Authority	\$ 363,953 \$	\$ 337,411	\$ 25,000	•	\$	(1,542) \$		·	\$	(1,542)
Industrial Development Authority	1,433,444	•	334,374	1,005,608			(93,462)	•		(93,462)
Virginia Highlands Airport Authority	2,599,894	2,174,698	177,164	1,392,467			•	1,144,435		1,144,435
Total other component units	\$ 4,397,291	\$ 4,397,291 \$ 2,512,109	\$ 536,538	\$ 2,398,075	\$	(1,542) \$	(93,462)	5 1,144,435	\$ 9	1,049,431
	General revenues:	•								
	Unrestricted rev	Unrestricted revenues from use of money	of money		s	57 \$	368,387	\$ 25,218	۰,	393,662
	Miscellaneous					1,500	2,677	14,863		22,040
	Payments from \	Payments from Washington County	<u>τ</u>				593,392	•		593,392
	Total general revenues	venues			\$	1,557 \$	\$ 967,456 \$	\$ 40,081	\$	1,009,094
	Change in net position	sition			s	15 \$	873,994	\$ 1,184,516	\$	2,058,525
	Net position - beginning, as restated	ginning, as restate	pa			1,230,116	15,600,515	50,872,485		67,703,116
	Net position - ending	Jing			s	1,230,131 \$	16,474,509	\$ 52,057,001	Ş	69,761,641



Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original Budget	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	ariance with inal Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund:				
Revenue from local sources:				
General property taxes:				
Real property taxes	\$ 26,480,000	\$ 26,480,000	\$ 27,039,092	\$ 559,092
Real and personal public service corporation taxes	1,800,000	1,800,000	1,220,638	(579, 362)
Personal property taxes	9,975,000	9,975,000	10,238,019	263,019
Mobile home taxes	127,000	127,000	108,766	(18,234)
Machinery and tools taxes	2,871,000	2,871,000	3,288,637	417,637
Penalties	370,000	370,000	395,278	25,278
Interest	390,000	390,000	540,808	150,808
Total general property taxes	\$ 42,013,000	\$ 42,013,000	\$ 42,831,238	\$ 818,238
Other local taxes:				
Local sales and use taxes	\$ 8,260,000	\$ 8,260,000	\$ 10,204,389	\$ 1,944,389
Consumers' utility taxes	1,100,000	1,100,000	1,168,643	68,643
Utility license taxes	125,000	125,000	134,472	9,472
Motor vehicle licenses	1,110,000	1,110,000	1,100,133	(9,867)
Bank stock taxes	60,000	60,000	64,151	4,151
Taxes on recordation and wills	351,500	351,500	548,202	196,702
Hotel and motel room taxes	145,000	145,000	326,561	181,561
Total other local taxes	\$ 11,151,500	\$ 11,151,500	\$ 13,546,551	\$ 2,395,051
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses:				
Animal licenses and other animal related fees	\$ 34,500	\$ 34,500	\$ 27,980	\$ (6,520)
Zoning, subdivision plat and soil erosion permits	81,500	81,500	43,329	(38,171)
Building permits	126,250	126,250	257,943	131,693
Waste hauling fees	27,500	27,500	33,867	6,367
Other permits and licenses	20,000	20,000	37,152	17,152
Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	\$ 289,750	\$ 289,750	\$ 400,271	\$ 110,521
Fines and forfeitures:				
Court fines, forfeitures and interest	\$ 1,090,581	\$ 1,097,349	\$ 1,130,195	\$ 32,846
Revenue from use of money and property:				
Revenue from use of money	\$ 225,000	\$ 225,000	\$ 1,476,634	\$ 1,251,634
Revenue from use of property	-	-	124,230	124,230
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$ 225,000	\$ 225,000	\$ 1,600,864	\$ 1,375,864
Charges for services:				
Charges for law enforcement and traffic control	\$ 17,932	\$ 17,932	\$ 15,298	\$ (2,634)
Charges for transportation of prisoners	7,500	7,500	14,531	7,031
Charges for copies	15,000	15,000	8,962	(6,038)
Charges for Commonwealth's Attorney	6,000	6,000	4,350	(1,650)
Commission fees	343,000	343,000	734,341	391,341
Charges for sanitation and waste removal and other related fees	695,000	995,000	1,605,472	610,472
Charges for parks and recreation	50,000	50,000	15,065	(34,935)
Charges for library	6,500	6,500	8,963	2,463
Total charges for services	\$ 1,140,932	\$ 1,440,932	\$ 2,406,982	\$ 966,050

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original <u>Budget</u>			Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fi	riance with nal Budget - Positive <u>Negative)</u>	
General Fund: (Continued)								
Revenue from local sources: (Continued)								
Miscellaneous:	ć	142 500	,	202 774	ċ	402 504	ċ	100 740
Miscellaneous	\$	143,500	\$	302,764	\$	403,504	\$	100,740
Revenue Sharing - Bristol		-		-		107,642		107,642
Tennessee Valley Authority-payment in lieu of taxes		600,000		600,000		579,050		(20,950)
Opioid settlement Total miscellaneous	\$	743,500	\$	296,890 1,199,654	\$	256,389 1,346,585	\$	(40,501) 146,931
						<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Recovered costs:								(24, 222)
Insurance recoveries	\$	50,000	\$	78,227	\$	41,338	\$	(36,889)
Regional jail		-		865,640		877,921		12,281
Facility management CS building		90,000		90,000		68,856		(21,144)
Alcohol, tobacco and firearms funds		-		-		1,405		1,405
Other recovered costs	_	89,156	_	99,482		126,096		26,614
Total recovered costs	\$	229,156	\$	1,133,349	\$	1,115,616	\$	(17,733)
Total revenue from local sources	\$	56,883,419	\$	58,550,534	\$	64,378,302	\$	5,827,768
Intergovernmental:								
Revenue from the Commonwealth:								
Noncategorical aid:								
Motor vehicle carriers' tax	\$	40,000	\$	40,000	\$	37,364	\$	(2,636)
Mobile home titling tax		10,000		10,000		118,816		108,816
Motor vehicle rental tax		7,000		7,000		11,472		4,472
Grantors tax		100,000		100,000		167,369		67,369
Communications sales taxes		1,300,000		1,300,000		1,121,493		(178,507)
Regional improvement commission funds - casino		-				625,470		625,470
Personal property tax relief funds		2,559,286		2,559,286		2,559,286		
Total noncategorical aid	\$	4,016,286	\$	4,016,286	\$	4,641,270	\$	624,984
Categorical aid:								
Shared expenses:								
Commonwealth's attorney	\$	749,500	Ś	765,588	Ś	749,200	Ś	(16,388)
Sheriff	•	2,629,330	•	2,750,960	*	2,718,943	•	(32,017)
Commissioner of revenue		185,100		189,307		188,711		(596)
Treasurer		212,500		215,696		218,079		2,383
Registrar/electoral board		79,250		79,250		84,118		4,868
Clerk of the Circuit Court		484,000		549,997		532,893		(17,104)
Total shared expenses	\$	4,339,680	\$	4,550,798	\$	4,491,944	\$	(58,854)
Other categorical aid:								
Virginia Public Assistance	\$	2,709,105	s	2,858,887	s	3,057,713	S	198,826
Comprehensive services	*	1,779,158	*	2,590,086	~	2,346,443	*	(243,643)
Victim witness grant		17,502		17,502		17,502		(2 .5,5 .5)
Litter control grant		45,000		45,000		56,599		11,599
EMS grant-Four for life		70,000		70,000		54,276		(15,724)
Fire programs		170,000		170,000		173,475		3,475
Dog and cat sterilization grant		1,500		1,500		1,370		(130)
E-911 wireless grant		190,000		190,000		232,052		42,052
Library state aid		177,132		202,097		202,097		-,
Asset forfeiture funds				14,835		33,404		18,569
SLC E-rate		-		8,859		8,859		.5,557
 - · -				2,237		0,007		

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Final <u>Budget</u> <u>Budget</u>			<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
General Fund: (Continued)								
Intergovernmental: (Continued)								
Revenue from the Commonwealth: (Continued)								
Categorical aid: (Continued)								
Other categorical aid: (Continued)								
School resource officer	\$	-	\$	282,806	\$	166,204	\$	(116,602)
DOJ - internet crimes against children		-		16,031		5,149		(10,882)
Arts grant		-		4,500		4,500		-
Library of VA preservation of records		-		46,082		46,082		-
Police equipment		-				19		19
Behavioral health		-		145,000		142,065		(2,935)
VA Opioid Abatement Authority				115,973		115,973		
Other state grants		278,961	_	441,850		364,507		(77,343)
Total other categorical aid	\$	5,438,358	\$	7,221,008	\$	7,028,289	\$	(192,719)
Total categorical aid	\$	9,778,038	\$	11,771,806	\$	11,520,233	\$	(251,573)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	13,794,324	\$	15,788,092	\$	16,161,503	\$	373,411
Revenue from the federal government:								
Non-categorical aid:								
Payments in lieu of taxes	\$	30,500	\$	44,421	\$	84,536	\$	40,115
Categorical aid:								
Virginia Public Assistance	\$	3,802,224	\$	4,012,442	\$	4,291,494	\$	279,052
QSCB interest rate subsidy	·	400,000		400,000	·	407,847	·	7,847
Victim witness grant		88,171		88,171		88,171		-
DMV Highway safety		-		42,202		24,503		(17,699)
VDEM grant		9,015		9,015		95		(8,920)
ARPA		-		261,547		49,918		(211,629)
DCJS-VSTOP grant		27,810		27,810		26,969		(841)
Alcohol safety		-		116,990		11,203		(105,787)
Bullet proof vest		-		8,109		8,030		(79)
Total categorical aid	\$	4,327,220	\$	4,966,286	\$	4,908,230	\$	(58,056)
Total revenue from the federal government	\$	4,357,720	\$	5,010,707	\$	4,992,766	\$	(17,941)
Total General Fund	\$	75,035,463	\$	79,349,333	\$	85,532,571	\$	6,183,238
Special Revenue Fund:								
ARPA Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
Revenue from use of money and property:	_		,		,	201 177	,	201 1==
Revenue from the use of money	\$	-	\$	-	\$	296,477	\$	296,477
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$	-	\$	-	\$	296,477	\$	296,477

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Final <u>Budget</u> <u>Budget</u>				<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
Special Revenue Fund: (Continued)									
ARPA Fund: (Continued)									
Intergovernmental:									
Revenue from the federal government:									
Categorical aid:	¢		ċ	0.202.440	÷	0 444 245	ć	(4 4 4 4 4 7 2)	
American Rescue (ARPA) COVID-19	\$ \$	-	\$ \$	9,282,418 9,282,418	\$	8,141,245 8,141,245	\$ \$	(1,141,173)	
Total categorial aid	_ \$		Ş	9,202,410	Ş	6,141,245	Ş	(1,141,173)	
Total revenue from the federal government	\$		\$	9,282,418	\$	8,141,245	\$	(1,141,173)	
Total ARPA Fund	\$		\$	9,282,418	\$	8,437,722	\$	(844,696)	
Capital Projects Funds County Capital Improvements Fund Revenue from local sources:									
Revenue from use of money and property:									
Revenue from the use of money	\$	-	\$	-	\$	548,347	\$	548,347	
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$	-	\$	-	\$	548,347	\$	548,347	
Miscellaneous revenue:									
Other miscellaneous	Ś	-	Ś	1,435	\$	1,435	\$	_	
Total miscellaneous revenue	\$	-	\$	1,435	\$	1,435	\$	-	
Recovered costs:									
Other recovered costs	\$	-	\$		\$	782,309		38,216	
Total recovered costs	\$	-	\$	744,093	\$	782,309	\$	38,216	
Total revenue from local sources	\$	-	\$	745,528	\$	1,332,091	\$	586,563	
Intergovernmental:									
Revenue from the Commonwealth:									
Categorical aid:									
VA wireless E911 grant	\$	-	\$	466,202	\$	-	\$	(466,202)	
Mendota Trail		-		466,500		115,800		(350,700)	
Total categorical aid	\$		\$	932,702	\$	115,800	\$	(816,902)	
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	-	\$	932,702	\$	115,800	\$	(816,902)	
Total County Capital Improvements Fund	\$		\$	1,678,230	\$	1,447,891	\$	(230,339)	
Total Primary Government	\$	75,035,463	\$	90,309,981	\$	95,418,184	\$	5,108,203	
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: School Operating Fund:									
Revenue from local sources:									
Revenue from use of money and property:									
Revenue from the use of money	\$	12,500		12,500	\$	94,688	\$	82,188	
Revenue from the use of property		500		500		-		(500)	
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$	13,000	\$	13,000	\$	94,688	\$	81,688	
Charges for services:									
Charges for education	\$	830,000	\$	830,000	\$	928,056	\$	98,056	
Governor's School		410,664		410,664		548,320		137,656	
Transportation of pupils		55,000		55,000		-		(55,000)	
Cafeteria sales		1,214,784		1,214,784		189,331		(1,025,453)	
Total charges for services	\$	2,510,448		2,510,448	\$	1,665,707	\$	(844,741)	

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Final <u>Budget</u> <u>Budget</u>				<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued)									
School Operating Fund: (Continued)									
Intergovernmental: (Continued)									
Revenue from local sources: (Continued)									
Miscellaneous:		4 742 704	,	4 742 704	,	4 407 242	,	(224, 440)	
Other miscellaneous	\$	1,743,781	\$	1,743,781	\$	1,407,313	\$	(336,468)	
Recovered costs:									
Other recovered costs	\$	240,000	\$	240,000	\$	41,680	\$	(198,320)	
Total revenue from local sources	\$	4,507,229	\$	4,507,229	\$	3,209,388	\$	(1,297,841)	
Intergovernmental:									
Revenues from local governments:									
Contribution from County of Washington, Virginia	\$	28,113,518	\$	28,117,003	\$	27,932,527	\$	(184,476)	
Revenue from the Commonwealth:									
Categorical aid:									
Share of state sales tax	\$	9,631,639	\$	9,631,639	\$	9,748,120	\$	116,481	
Basic school aid		22,485,941		22,485,941		21,688,673		(797,268)	
GED funding		24,698		24,698		104,373		79,675	
Summer remedial		21,193		21,193		8,862		(12,331)	
Regular foster care		193,782		193,782		103,148		(90,634)	
Adult high school courses		38,909		38,909		38,909		-	
Plugged in Virginia		-		-		16,523		16,523	
Community schools fund		-		499,020		499,020		-	
Gifted and talented		235,909		235,909		238,199		2,290	
Remedial education		787,767		787,767		795,416		7,649	
National board certified teacher		-		-		5,000		5,000	
Compensation supplement		1,424,593		1,424,593		1,439,748		15,155	
Preschool initiative		943,111		943,111		887,959		(55,152)	
Special education		2,653,975		2,653,975		2,679,742		25,767	
Textbook payment		557,672		557,672		563,086		5,414	
Vocational education		1,099,504		1,099,504		1,110,179		10,675	
Vocational equipment		-		-		31,867		31,867	
Vocational educational occupational tech ed		-		-		144,878		144,878	
Social security fringe benefits		1,436,516		1,436,516		1,450,464		13,948	
Retirement fringe benefits		3,349,063		3,349,063		3,381,579		32,516	
Life insurance fringe benefits		101,104		101,104		102,085		981	
State lottery payments		1,708,097		1,708,097		1,718,400		10,303	
Early reading intervention		214,502		214,502		125,743		(88,759)	
Jobs for Virginia graduates-lottery proceeds		-		-		30,000		30,000	
At risk payments		2,430,567		2,430,567		2,453,938		23,371	
Adult literacy		-		-		83,420		83,420	
Homebound		23,922		23,922		55,143		31,221	
School food		13,922		13,922		88,344		74,422	
Regional programs		342,255		342,255		390,630		48,375	
Special education - foster care		-		-		109,685		109,685	
Mentor teacher program		6,179		6,179		3,989		(2,190)	
Primary class size		1,054,394		1,054,394		1,083,682		29,288	
Technology		466,000		466,000		880,000		414,000	
SOL algebra readiness		112,649		112,649		115,045		2,396	
Special ed jail program		1,493		1,493		47		(1,446)	

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>						<u>Actual</u>	Fii	riance with nal Budget - Positive Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued)											
School Operating Fund: (Continued)											
Revenue from the Commonwealth: (Continued)											
Categorical aid: (Continued)											
Security grant	\$	-	\$	-	\$	145,250	\$	145,250			
English as a second language		47,194		47,194		54,224		7,030			
Governors school program		936,000		936,000		1,286,421		350,421			
Other state funds		705,404		705,404		1,297,878		592,474			
Total categorical aid	\$	53,047,954	\$	53,546,974	\$	54,959,669	\$	1,412,695			
Revenue from the federal government:											
Categorical aid:											
Forest reserve fund	\$	20,000	\$	20,000	\$	23,116	\$	3,116			
Adult basic education		450,000		450,000		432,713		(17,287)			
Title I		2,015,352		2,015,352		1,995,129		(20,223)			
Title VI-B, special education flow-through		1,556,592		1,556,592		1,484,190		(72,402)			
Title VI-B, special education preschool		48,352		48,352		50,345		1,993			
Title IV Part A LEA		253,225		253,225		107,406		(145,819)			
Vocational education		160,000		160,000		148,549		(11,451)			
Title II Part A		256,346		256,346		280,662		24,316			
School breakfast and lunch program		2,219,518		2,219,518		3,959,856		1,740,338			
Education stabilization funds		5,016,349		8,777,305		7,350,708		(1,426,597)			
School Safety National Activities		146,000		146,000		89,801		(56,199)			
ARPA		-		-		902,506		902,506			
Other federal		972,325		473,305		-		(473,305)			
Total categorical aid	\$	13,114,059	\$	16,375,995	\$	16,824,981	\$	448,986			
Total revenue from the federal government	\$	13,114,059	\$	16,375,995	\$	16,824,981	\$	448,986			
Total School Operating Fund	\$	98,782,760	\$	102,547,201	\$	102,926,565	\$	379,364			
Capital Projects Fund: School Capital Improvements Fund: Intergovernmental revenues: Revenue from the Commonwealth:											
Categorical aid: School construction grant	ċ	3,296,555	\$	2,669,081	\$	2,669,081	\$				
<u> </u>	\$	3,296,555	\$	2,669,081	\$	2,669,081	Ş S	<u>-</u>			
Total categorical aid	,	3,270,333	Ç	2,007,001	Ş	2,007,001	ş	<u> </u>			
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	3,296,555	\$	2,669,081	\$	2,669,081	\$	<u> </u>			
Total School Capital Improvements Fund	\$	3,296,555	\$	2,669,081	\$	2,669,081	\$	<u>-</u>			
Total School Operating Fund	\$	102,079,315	\$	105,216,282	\$	105,595,646	\$	379,364			

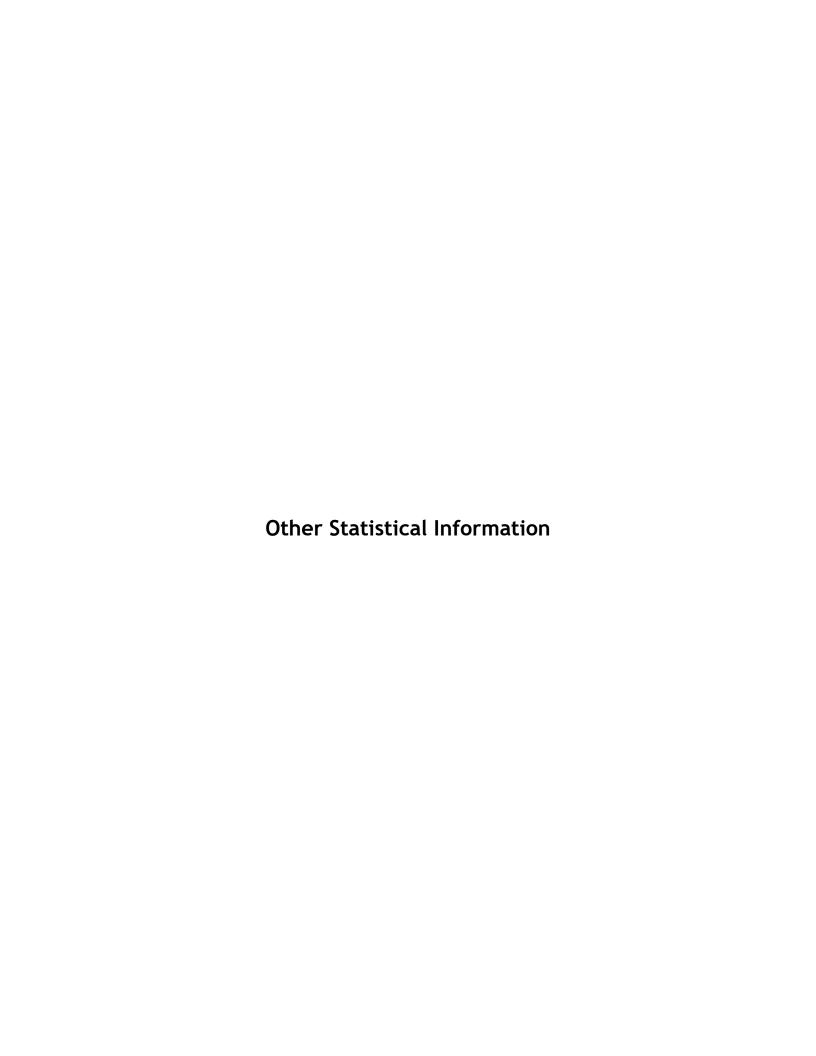
Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fi	ariance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)	
General Fund:								
General government administration:								
Legislative:		100 751		100.054		170 100		10.050
Board of supervisors	\$	180,751	\$	188,251	\$	170,192	\$	18,059
General and financial administration:								
County administrator	\$	280,466	\$	299,406	\$	293,245	\$	6,161
Personnel		179,176		179,176		172,226		6,950
Legal services		196,971		196,971		197,236		(265)
Commissioner of revenue		760,660		765,993		739,047		26,946
Treasurer		990,735		1,968,747		999,661		969,086
Central accounting and purchasing		309,597		323,266		313,221		10,045
Information technology		838,515		847,020		698,022		148,998
Assessor		75,000		75,000		25,695		49,305
Auditor		95,000		95,000		87,650		7,350
Total general and financial administration	\$	3,726,120	\$	4,750,579	\$	3,526,003	\$	1,224,576
Board of elections:								
Registrar	\$	261,670	\$	261,670	\$	250,190	\$	11,480
Electoral board		130,805		134,640		112,940		21,700
Total board of elections	\$	392,475	\$	396,310	\$	363,130	\$	33,180
Total general government administration	\$	4,299,346	\$	5,335,140	\$	4,059,325	\$	1,275,815
Judicial administration:								
Courts:								
Circuit court	\$	121,157	Ś	121,157	Ś	106,149	Ś	15,008
General district court	•	35,817	•	35,817	•	25,315	•	10,502
Juvenile and domestic relations court		21,461		21,461		10,857		10,604
Special magistrates		5,378		5,378		5,357		21
Clerk of the circuit court		855,443		1,069,495		942,307		127,188
Law library		12,000		58,519		10,507		48,012
Total courts	\$	1,051,256	\$	1,311,827	\$	1,100,492	\$	211,335
								_
Commonwealth's attorney: Commonwealth's attorney	ċ	4 240 744	ć	1 (72 717	ċ	1 251 475	ć	424 242
Commonwealth's attorney	\$	1,319,711	Ş	1,672,717	þ	1,251,475	Ş	421,242
Total judicial administration	\$	2,370,967	\$	2,984,544	\$	2,351,967	\$	632,577
Public safety:								
Law enforcement and traffic control:								
Sheriff	\$	5,761,668	Ś	5,979,339	Ś	5,462,926	Ś	516,413
Litter Control	•	38,866	•	38,866	•	36,690	•	2,176
Victim witness assistance		125,226		125,226		111,498		13,728
Animal control		29,096		34,996		19,549		15,447
Interstate enforcement		534,695		986,995		595,254		391,741
Court security		105,188		250,188		250,783		(595)
Other Sheriff grants		320,626		906,110		567,902		338,208
Total law enforcement and traffic control	\$	6,915,365	\$	8,321,720	\$	7,044,602	\$	1,277,118
Fire and rescue services:								:
Volunteer fire and rescue departments	\$	1,350,534	\$	1,428,832	\$	1,380,258	\$	48,574
E-911		700,278	,	416,409	,	324,856	,	91,553
Total fire and rescue services	\$	2,050,812	\$	1,845,241	þ	1,705,114	þ	140,127

Fund, Function, Activity and Element	Original <u>Budget</u>			Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fi	ariance with inal Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)								
Public safety: (Continued)								
Correction and detention:	\$	3,730,778	ċ	1,365,418	ċ	1,365,417	ċ	1
Regional jail payments Juvenile probation and detention	ş	157,556	Ş	157,556	Ş	157,556	Ş	'
Total correction and detention	\$	3,888,334	\$	1,522,974	\$	1,522,973	\$	1
Inspections:								
Building	\$	432,447		432,447		377,491		54,956
Total inspections	\$	432,447	\$	432,447	\$	377,491	\$	54,956
Other protection:								
Medical examiner	\$	1,000	\$	1,100	\$	920	\$	180
Emergency services		1,321,981		2,082,186		1,223,997		858,189
Total other protection	\$	1,322,981	\$	2,083,286	\$	1,224,917	\$	858,369
Total public safety	\$	14,609,939	\$	14,205,668	\$	11,875,097	\$	2,330,571
Public works:								
Sanitation and waste removal:								
Refuse collection and disposal	\$	1,870,763	\$	1,532,207	\$	1,488,413	\$	43,794
Heintenance of general buildings and grounds								
Maintenance of general buildings and grounds: General properties	¢	1,694,592	¢	1,448,897	¢	1,030,918	Ċ	417,979
General properties	\$	1,074,372	۲	1,440,077	٠	1,030,910	٠,	417,777
Total public works	\$	3,565,355	\$	2,981,104	\$	2,519,331	\$	461,773
Health and welfare:								
Health: Supplement of local health department	\$	501,865	\$	501,865	\$	501,865	\$	
·		·						
Mental health and mental retardation:								
Community services board	\$	237,500	\$	237,500	\$	237,500	\$	-
Opioid		- 227 500	_	412,863	^	315,970	_	96,893
Total mental health and mental retardation	\$	237,500	\$	650,363	\$	553,470	\$	96,893
Welfare:								
Virginia public assistance	\$	8,060,276	\$	8,432,276	\$	8,056,179	\$	376,097
Area agency on aging		72,055		72,055		72,055		-
Senior services		112,850		87,850		87,850		-
Community action agency		154,597		158,597		158,597		-
Children's services act		2,572,575		3,696,514		4,185,359		(488,845)
Total welfare	\$	10,972,353	\$	12,447,292	\$	12,560,040	\$	(112,748)
Total health and welfare	\$	11,711,718	\$	13,599,520	\$	13,615,375	\$	(15,855)
Education:								
Other instructional costs:								
Contributions to community college	\$	107,414	\$	107,414	\$	107,414	\$	-
Contribution to County School Board	•	28,113,518		28,117,003		27,932,527		184,476
Total other instructional costs	\$	28,220,932	\$	28,224,417	\$	28,039,941	\$	184,476
Total education	\$	28,220,932	\$	28,224,417	\$	28,039,941	\$	184,476

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>			riance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued) Parks, recreation, and cultural:								
Parks and recreation:								
Parks	\$	134,384	\$	149,305	\$	143,152	\$	6,153
Recreation		321,527		429,600		168,692		260,908
Total parks and recreation	\$	455,911	\$	578,905	\$	311,844	\$	267,061
Cultural enrichment:								
Cultural enrichment	\$	108,003	\$	117,503	\$	117,503	\$	
Library:								
Washington County library	\$	1,496,119	\$	1,733,674	\$	1,543,572	\$	190,102
Branch libraries		376,086		376,086		348,783		27,303
Total library	\$	1,872,205	\$	2,109,760	\$	1,892,355	\$	217,405
Total parks, recreation, and cultural	\$	2,436,119	\$	2,806,168	\$	2,321,702	\$	484,466
Community development: Planning and community development:	•	52,501	•	F2 F04	¢	F2 F04	ć	
Regional planning Zoning	\$	105,113	Þ	52,501 105,113	Þ	52,501 102,439	þ	2,674
Community development		205,632		205,632		164,520		41,112
Economic development		140,992		140,992		140,992		71,112
CARES municipal utility relief		- 10,772		153,474		49,918		103,556
Contribution to Virginia Highlands Airport		150,000		400,000		400,000		-
Contribution to Washington County Industrial Development Authority		624,026		624,026		618,400		5,626
Total planning and community development	\$	1,278,264	\$	1,681,738	\$	1,528,770	\$	152,968
Environmental management:								
Contribution to soil and water district	\$	17,770	\$	17,770	\$	17,770	\$	-
Cooperative extension program:								
Extension office	\$	164,741	\$	168,463	\$	163,175	\$	5,288
Total accomplish development		4 4/0 775	ć	4 0/7 074	ć	4 700 745	ŕ	450.357
Total community development	\$	1,460,775	\$	1,867,971	\$	1,709,715	_\$	158,256
Nondepartmental:								
Revenue refunds	\$	80,500	\$	80,500	\$	122,695	\$	(42,195)
Other nondepartmental		525,738		727,719		653,584		74,135
Total nondepartmental	\$	606,238	\$	808,219	\$	776,279	\$	31,940
Debt service:								
Principal retirement	\$	1,759,517	\$	1,759,517	\$	1,895,709	\$	(136,192)
Interest and other fiscal charges		1,563,872		1,563,872		1,514,685		49,187
Total debt service	\$	3,323,389	\$	3,323,389	\$	3,410,394	\$	(87,005)
Total General Fund	\$	72,604,778	\$	76,136,140	\$	70,679,126	\$	5,457,014
Special Revenue Fund: ARPA Fund:								
General government administration	\$	-	\$	457,084	\$	415,296	\$	41,788
Public safety	•	-		5,176,913		4,703,619		473,294
Public works		-		2,444,101		2,220,651		223,450
Community development		-		1,111,630		1,010,000		101,630
Nondepartmental		-		92,690		84,216		8,474

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>		ariance with inal Budget - Positive (Negative)	
Special Revenue Fund: (Continued)								
ARPA Fund:(Continued)								
Debt service:								
Principal retirement	\$	-	\$	-	\$	219,131	\$	(219,131)
Interest and other fiscal charges		-		-		3,940		(3,940)
Total debt service	\$	-	\$	-	\$	223,071	\$	(223,071)
Total ARPA Fund	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	9,282,418	\$	8,656,853	\$	625,565
Capital Projects Fund:								
County Capital Improvements Fund: Public safety:								
Other protection:								
Emergency services equipment	\$	-	\$	466,202	\$	-	\$	466,202
Total public safety	\$	-	\$	466,202	\$	-	\$	466,202
Public works:								
Maintenance of general buildings and grounds:								
Hayters Gap	\$	_	Ś	97,433	Ś	41,869	Ś	55,564
Government Center Building	,	_	•	744,093	•	669,359	•	74,734
Animal control		_		747,832		651,582		96,250
Mendota		_		32,367		30,389		1,978
Courthouse		2,336,205		28,276,572		10,537,068		17,739,504
Solid waste equipment		2,330,203		48,973		10,337,000		48,973
Solid waste equipment		-		15,320		<u>-</u>		15,320
General services facilities		-		85,000		-		85,000
	<u> </u>	2 227 205				44 020 27		
Total maintenance of general building and grounds	\$	2,336,205	\$	30,047,590	\$	11,930,267	\$	18,117,323
Total public works	\$	2,336,205	\$	30,047,590	\$	11,930,267	\$	18,117,323
Parks, recreation, and cultural:								
Parks and recreation:								
Mendota trail project	\$		\$	483,000	\$	123,300	\$	359,700
Leo Sholes project		200,000		310,399		235,904		74,495
Total parks, recreation, and cultural	\$	200,000	\$	793,399	\$	359,204	\$	434,195
Capital projects:								
Contingencies	\$	794,480	-	5,286,946		-	\$	5,286,946
Total capital projects	\$	794,480	\$	5,286,946	\$	-	\$	5,286,946
Debt service:	•	_	Ċ		,	42.250	Ļ	(43.350)
Principal retirement	\$	-	\$	-	\$	13,358	>	(13,358)
Interest and other fiscal charges Total debt service	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,142 16,500	Ş	(3,142) (16,500)
Total Capital Projects Fund	\$	3,330,685	\$	36,594,137	\$	12,305,971	\$	24,288,166
Total Primary Government	\$	75,935,463	\$	122,012,695	\$	91,641,950	\$	30,370,745

Fund, Function, Activity and Element	Original Final <u>Budget</u> <u>Budget</u>					<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board School Operating Fund:								
Education:								
Instruction costs								
Administration, attendance and health	\$	3,837,495	\$	4,023,255	\$	4,179,562	\$	(156,307)
Instruction		77,397,412		78,759,305		73,905,630		4,853,675
Instructional technology		3,032,800		4,862,254		5,707,888		(845,634)
Total instruction costs	\$	84,267,707	\$	87,644,814	\$	83,793,080	\$	3,851,734
Operating costs:								
Pupil transportation	\$	5,827,970	S	5,851,821	Ś	5,327,591	Ś	524,230
Operation and maintenance of school plant	*	7,522,130	*	7,950,808	~	7,862,210	*	88,598
School food services		4,023,059		4,829,106		4,536,651		292,455
Total operating costs	\$	17,373,159	\$	18,631,735	\$	17,726,452	\$	905,283
Total education	\$	101,640,866	\$	106,276,549	\$	101,519,532	\$	4,757,017
Total School Fund	\$	101,640,866	\$	106,276,549	\$	101,519,532	\$	4,757,017
School Capital Projects Fund:								
Capital projects expenditures:								
Capital projects	\$	3,796,555	\$	3,304,551	-	170,404		3,134,147
Total capital projects	\$	3,796,555	\$	3,304,551	\$	170,404	\$	3,134,147
Total School Capital Projects Fund	\$	3,796,555	\$	3,304,551	\$	170,404	\$	3,134,147
Total School Operating Fund	\$	105,437,421	\$	109,581,100	\$	101,689,936	\$	7,891,164



County of Washington, Virginia Government-Wide Expenses by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	75,305,159	73,131,429	74,595,174	65,251,267	62,509,754	65,566,745	67,856,088	64,985,859	61,735,889	62,596,234
Interest on Long- Term Debt	1,224,118 \$	1,251,835	962,966	625,379	751,524	772,034	795,330	1,456,592	1,077,287	1,185,934
Community Development	2,704,597 \$	1,540,439	6,541,971	1,489,230	1,513,061	1,815,211	4,127,452	3,495,175	2,325,083	2,544,189
Parks, Recreation, (and Cultural D	2,466,192 \$	2,497,995	2,227,415	2,237,034	2,041,937	2,195,660	2,190,464	2,166,884	2,233,396	2,261,825
Education	28,375,905 \$	29,791,135	27,706,636	27,254,510	28,729,896	29,877,348	30,413,235	29,232,848	28,369,156	28,605,420
Health and Welfare	13,589,288 \$	11,892,612	10,715,602	9,555,389	8,481,758	8,951,575	8,895,767	8,583,706	7,800,245	8,434,168
Public Works	5,002,470 \$	3,722,983	4,674,732	4,514,320	3,649,087	3,595,141	3,460,678	3,378,345	3,729,458	3,504,762
Public Safety	14,958,963 \$	14,792,403	14,654,648	14,115,117	12,337,009	13,065,517	12,289,555	11,422,288	11,090,052	10,667,821
Judicial Administration	2,127,879 \$	2,042,480	2,143,930	1,308,309	1,520,934	1,604,907	1,646,936	1,593,653	1,602,299	1,590,653
General Government dministration Ad	4,855,747 \$	5,599,547	4,964,274	4,151,979	3,484,548	3,689,352	4,036,671	3,656,368	3,508,913	3,801,462
Fiscal C Year Ac	2022-23 \$	2021-22	2020-21	2019-20	2018-19	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14

County of Washington, Virginia Government-Wide Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Total	94,268,222	81,784,347	84,849,404	70,511,059	68,465,800	67,117,447	66,962,507	64,935,390	62,185,300	61,370,545
	Gain on disposal of capital assets		49,500	323,351							
Grants and Contributions Not Restricted	to Specific G Programs o	\$ 908,	4,120,270	4,093,099	4,178,080	4,218,527	4,337,419	4,375,293	4,372,419	4,393,869	4,413,735
EVENUES	Miscellaneous	1,681,305 \$	3,569,906	1,147,852	1,313,517	1,346,362	1,317,667	1,347,159	954,452	937,614	956,021
GENERAL REVENUES Unrestricted	Investment Earnings	\$ 2,445,688 \$	267,732	267,683	450,980	546,431	216,464	130,177	136,324	119,508	123,575
Other	Local Taxes	13,546,551	12,480,639	11,797,008	10,723,489	10,048,347	10,014,078	10,019,462	9,569,743	9,294,629	9,229,842
General	Property Taxes	43,245,916 \$	41,831,688	40,552,439	39,425,070	38,688,720	38,072,161	37,193,772	36,955,004	35,963,625	34,581,104
Capital Grants	and Contributions	149,204 \$	259,224	622,059	90,694	100,686	137,679	486,654	192,216	233,206	687,141
PROGRAM REVENUES Operating Grants	and Contributions	24,536,304	16,126,913	23,057,731	11,833,894	11,061,620	10,776,143	11,472,283	11,012,920	9,378,338	9, 503, 961
	for Services	\$ 3,937,448 \$	3,078,475	2,988,182	2,495,335	2,455,107	2,245,836	1,937,707	1,742,312	1,864,511	1,875,166
ı	Fiscal Year	2022-23	2021-22	2020-21	2019-20	2018-19	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14

County of Washington, Virginia General Governmental Expenditures by Function (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	\$ 147,346,704	142,782,874	139,240,594	121,462,038	120,458,867	119,357,459	119,275,445	114,685,914	111,137,934	112,072,267
Debt Service	\$ 3,410,394 \$	3,633,812	3,253,631	3,148,940	3,271,046	3,216,948	3,079,559	3,346,936	3,132,595	3,003,020
Non- departmental	\$ 776,279	457,180	1,106,026	546,919	436,931	376,911	527,288	454,331	474,926	397,681
Community Development	\$ 1,709,715	1,549,331	6,542,215	1,488,157	1,546,997	1,833,451	4,140,390	3,505,726	2,277,067	2,645,385
Parks, Recreation, and Cultural	\$ 2,321,702	2,299,291	2,056,988	2,092,063	2,140,850	2,170,289	2,079,364	2,110,093	2,114,710	2,276,600
Education (2)	\$ 104,707,519	97,318,864	88,643,133	81,510,703	81,895,688	81,151,695	80,094,615	77,053,746	75,359,860	76,185,425
Health and Welfare	\$ 13,615,375	11,866,985	10,671,136	9,559,783	8,832,336	9,008,006	8,951,391	8,661,176	7,963,697	8,313,672
Public Works	2,519,331	3,826,286	4,211,381	3,378,946	3,539,434	3,316,763	2,975,593	3,142,723	3,472,833	3,147,631
Public Safety	\$ 11,875,097 \$	15,698,510	16,248,444	13,960,192	13,674,623	13,015,910	12,284,821	11,472,090	11,496,109	10,879,901
Judicial Administration	\$ 2,351,967	2,263,746	2,147,936	1,949,788	1,756,598	1,703,350	1,668,714	1,643,657	1,624,187	1,576,652
General Government Administration	\$ 4,059,325	3,868,869	4,359,704	3,826,547	3,364,364	3,474,046	3,473,710	3,295,436	3,221,950	3,646,300
Fiscal Year	2022-23	2021-22	2020-21	2019-20	2018-19	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14

(1) Includes General fund of the Primary Government and its Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board. (Excludes County Capital Improvements Fund and School Capital Projects Fund)(2) Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board.

County of Washington, Virginia General Governmental Revenues by Source (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	171,224,559	148,878,828	146,590,747	125,571,584	123,605,674	119,510,008	117,606,345	113,704,927	111,009,860	110,358,662
Inter- governmental (2)	101,080,164 \$	82,704,824	85,833,929	67,615,709	65,179,178	63,235,119	63,024,271	60,015,399	58,310,428	58,642,337
Recovered Costs gc	1,157,296 \$	1,347,756	1,003,279	759,356	1,235,189	516,870	300,352	374,475	768,230	712,881
Miscellaneous	\$ 2,753,898 \$	2,976,337	2,141,901	2,232,690	2,567,520	2,663,381	2,767,322	2,317,970	2,281,105	2,065,364
Charges for Services	\$ 6,629,394 \$	5,758,560	3,136,242	3,306,332	3,522,428	3,149,711	2,990,892	3,223,703	3,198,816	3,296,870
Revenue from the Use of Money and Property	\$ 1,695,552	185,488	273,594	458,180	557,739	230,152	142,342	151,722	129,317	139,081
Fines and Forfeitures	\$ 1,130,195	1,082,236	1,231,424	1,163,812	1,379,152	1,404,827	1,137,417	954,757	1,021,836	1,105,942
Permits, Privilege Fees, Regulatory Licenses	\$ 400,271	368,294	258,803	232,449	205,690	215,341	239,854	185,303	187,014	115,185
Other Local Taxes	13,546,551	12,480,639	11,797,008	10,723,489	10,048,347	10,014,078	10,019,462	9,569,743	9,294,629	9,229,842
General Property Taxes	42,831,238 \$	41,974,694	40,914,567	39,079,567	38,910,431	38,080,529	36,984,433	36,911,855	35,818,485	35,051,160
Fiscal Year	2022-23 \$	2021-22	2020-21	2019-20	2018-19	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14

(1) Includes General fund of the Primary Government and its Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board. (Excludes County Capital Improvements Fund and School Capital Projects Fund)(2) Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit.

Property Tax Levies and Collections County of Washington, Virginia Last Ten Fiscal Years

Percent of Delinquent Taxes to Tax Levy	12.17%	11.90%	12.58%	12.26%	10.29%	10.69%	88%	10.18%	10.25%
Outstanding Delinquent Taxes (1,2,3)	5,279,309	5,002,236	5,202,313	4,997,804	4,144,224	4,174,045	3,845,600	3,856,871	3,563,916
Percent of Total Tax Collections to Tax Levy	98.62%	100.96%	%90.66	99.57%	99.14%	%29.66	99.47%	99.55%	100.16%
Total Tax Collections	42,794,894	42,423,505	40,957,773	40,600,231	39,934,381	38,916,402	38,722,488	37,730,613	34,841,367
Delinquent Tax Collections (1,3)	1,848,175	1,629,662	1,301,441	1,340,087	1,157,509	1,228,661	1,329,749	1,054,734	948,362
Percent of Levy Collected	94.36% 95.94%	97.08%	95.91%	96.28%	96.26%	96.53%	%90.96	%92.96	97.44%
Current Tax Collections (1,3)	40,946,719	40,793,843	39,656,332	39,260,144	38,776,872	37,687,741	37,392,739	36,675,879	33,893,005
Total Tax Levy (1,3)	\$ 43,392,646 \$ 43,827,891	42,020,075	41,346,051	40,775,956	40,282,119	39,044,004	38,927,722	37,902,384	34,784,577
Fiscal Year	2022-23 2021-22	2020-21	2019-20	2018-19	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14

⁽¹⁾ Exclusive of penalties and interest.(2) Includes current year taxes receivable only.(3) Exclusive of rollback taxes and revenue sharing.

County of Washington, Virginia Assessed Value of Taxable Property (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	5,869,826,016	5,805,152,715 5,667,641,493	5,287,078,664	5,198,645,781 5.140.890.286	5,101,040,896	4,989,550,696	4,824,923,502	4,781,348,770
Public Utility (2)(4) Real Estate and Personal Property		298,0/2,835 278,118,046	272,217,355	301,328,958 238.971.622	199,721,217	299,745,060	186,055,671	190,675,256
Machinery and Tools	208,698,110 \$	205,764,615 199,754,342	195,996,786	187,150,779 195.128.680	189,916,150	186,627,925	180,011,133	179,966,820
Personal Property and Mobile Homes (3)	855,834,923 \$	752,509,884 660,946,617	657,131,399	620,551,921 604.977.439	593,997,271	574,783,612	570,992,102	553,941,886
Real Estate	4,601,342,069 \$	4,548,805,381 4,528,822,488	4,161,733,124	4,089,614,123 4,101.812.545	4,117,406,258	3,928,394,099	3,887,864,596	3,856,764,808
Fiscal Year	2022-23 \$	2021-22 2020-21	2019-20	2018-19 2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14

vehicles with specially designed equipment for use by the handicapped in accordance with Virginia Code 58.1-3503 (1) Assessed at 100% of fair market value, with exception of 2022-23 automobiles, trucks of less than two tons, and motor (A)(3)(4) and (9) and 58.1-3503 (B) which were assessed at 87% of fair market value.

⁽²⁾ Assessed values are established by the State Corporation Commission.

⁽³⁾ Includes Volunteer and Air Tax assessments.

⁽⁴⁾ The County started half-year collections in fiscal year 2016.

County of Washington, Virginia Property Tax Rates (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

inery id ols	1.55	1.55	1.55	1.55	1.55	1.55	1.55	1.55	1.55	1.55
Machinery and Tools	٠,									
	1.70	1.70	1.70	1.70	1.70	1.70	1.70	1.70	1.70	1.70
Personal Property										
Real Estate (2)	\$ 09.0	09.0	09.0	0.63	0.63	0.63	0.63	0.63	0.63	0.63
ŭ	\$									
Fiscal Year	2022-23	2021-22	2020-21	2019-20	2018-19	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14

⁽¹⁾ Per \$100 of assessed value. (2) Rate for 2020-2021 is for 2021 taxes

County of Washington, Virginia Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

Net Bonded Debt per Capita	413	394 419	160	194 229	263	293	294	319
Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	0.39%	0.37%	0.17%	0.21%	0.28%	0.32%	0.33%	0.37%
Net Bonded Debt	22,653,888	21,646,931 23,011,565	8,768,194	10,668,827 12,551,815	14,406,774	16,104,443	16,117,239	17,525,265
	\$							
Gross Bonded Debt (3)	22,653,888	21,646,931 23,011,565	8,768,194	10,668,827 12,551,815	14,406,774	16,104,443	16,117,239	17,525,265
	∽							
Assessed Value (in thousands) (2)	5,869,826	5,805,153 5,667,641	5,287,079	5,198,646 5,140,890	5,101,041	4,989,551	4,824,924	4,781,349
‡	⋄							
Population (1)	54,876	54,876 54,876	54,876	54,876 54,876	54,876	54,876	54,876	54,876
Fiscal Year	2022-23	2021-22 2020-21	2019-20	2018-19 2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14

⁽¹⁾ Bureau of the Census.

⁽²⁾ Assessed at 100% of fair market value.

literary fund loans. Excludes lease revenue bonds, landfill closure/post-closure care liability, (3) Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt, bonded anticipation notes, and leases liabilities, and compensated absences.

County of Washington, Virginia
Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded
Debt to Total General Governmental Expenditures (1)
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Ratio of Debt Service to General Governmental Expenditures	2.31% 2.54% 2.34% 2.72% 2.72% 2.70% 2.92% 2.92% 2.92%
Total General Governmental Expenditures	147,346,704 142,782,874 139,240,594 121,462,038 120,458,867 119,357,459 119,275,445 114,685,914 111,137,934
Total Debt Service	3,410,394 \$ 3,633,812 3,253,631 3,148,940 3,271,046 3,276,948 3,079,559 3,346,936 3,132,595 3,003,020
Interest	1,514,685 \$ 1,515,953 944,994 664,122 821,593 809,146 848,959 1,204,623 1,218,669
Principal	\$ 1,895,709 \$ 2,117,859 2,308,637 2,484,818 2,449,453 2,407,802 2,230,600 2,142,313 1,913,959 1,814,351
Fiscal Year	2022-23 2021-22 2020-21 2019-20 2018-19 2017-18 2016-17 2015-16 2014-15

(1) Includes General fund of the Primary Government and the Discretely Presented Component Unit -School Board.





ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements

Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Honorable Members of The Board of Supervisors County of Washington, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Washington, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County of Washington, Virginia's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 4, 2023. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the Virginia Highlands Airport Authority as described in our report on the County of Washington, Virginia's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County of Washington, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Washington, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Washington, Virginia's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County of Washington, Virginia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Blacksburg, Virginia December 4, 2023

Prolina Janes, lox associates



ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To the Honorable Members of The Board of Supervisors County of Washington, Virginia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the County of Washington, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County of Washington, Virginia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. County of Washington, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

County of Washington, Virginia's basic financial statements include the operations of the Virginia Highlands Airport Authority, which expended \$987,540 in federal awards which is not included in the County of Washington, Virginia's schedule of expenditures of federal awards during the year ended June 30, 2023. Our audit, described below, did not include the operations of the Virginia Highlands Airport Authority because the component unit engaged other auditors to perform an audit of compliance.

In our opinion, County of Washington, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of County of Washington, Virginia and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of County of Washington, Virginia's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to County of Washington, Virginia's federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on County of Washington, Virginia's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about County of Washington, Virginia's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding County of Washington, Virginia's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of County of Washington, Virginia's internal control over compliance relevant to the
 audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on
 internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Washington, Virginia's internal control over
 compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance (Continued)

Prolina, Faver, lox associates

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Blacksburg, Virginia December 4, 2023

County of Washington, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

epartment of Health and Human Services: Pass Through Payments: Virginia Department of Social Services: Guardianship Assistance Title IV-E Prevention Program	Number	Number		Expenditures
Pass Through Payments: Virginia Department of Social Services: Guardianship Assistance				
Virginia Department of Social Services: Guardianship Assistance				
Title IV-E Prevention Program	93.090	1110122/1110123	\$	202
	93.472	1140122/1140123		7,829
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	0400122/0400123		468,100
Marylee Allen Promoting Safe and Stable Families Program	93.556	0950121/0950122/0950221		44,471
Refugee and Entrant Assistance - State/Replacement Designee Administered Programs Low-Income Home Energy Assistance CCDF Cluster:	93.566 93.568	0500122/0500123 0600422/0600423		2,004 93,450
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child Care and Development Fund Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	93.596 93.645	0760122/0760123 0900121/0900122		107,180 768
Foster Care Title IV-E	93.658	1100122/1100123		831,677
Adoption Assistance	93.659	1120122/1120123		657,834
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	1000122/1000123		714,696
John H. Chafee Foster Care Program for Successful Transition to Adulthood	93.674	9150121/9150122/9152121		30,641
Elder Abuse Prevention Interventions Program	93.747	8000221/8000321		9,239
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767	0540122/0540123		4,085
Medicaid Cluster:				
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	1200122/1200123		450,467
Virginia Department of Education: COVID-19 Public Health Emergency Response: Cooperative Agreement for Emergency Response:				
Public Health Crisis Response	93.354	APE402970000		178,398
otal Department of Health and Human Services			\$	3,601,041
epartment of Agriculture:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Child Nutrition Cluster:				
Virginia Department of Agriculture:				
Food Distribution (Note 3)	10.555	Not available \$	346,335	
Virginia Department of Education:			ŕ	
National School Lunch Program	10.555	APE402540000/APE411060000/ APE411080000	2,594,837	
Cahaal Braakfast Braggan	10.553	APE402530000/APE411100000	1 012 724	
School Breakfast Program Total Child Nutrition Cluster	10.555	APE4025300007 APE411100000	1,012,734	3,953,906
Pandemic Electronic Benefit Transfer (P-EBT) Administrative Costs	10.649	DOE865560000	ş	5,950
Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster:	10.047	DOE503300000		3,730
Schools and RoadsGrants to States	10.665	APE438410000		23,116
Department of Social Services: SNAP Cluster:				,
State Administrative Hetching Create for the Symplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	10 541	0010122/0010123/0040122/ 0040123		944 454
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561	0040123		866,454
otal Department of Agriculture			\$	4,849,426
epartment of Justice:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Virginia Department of Criminal Justice Service:				
		15JOVW21GG00568STOP/		
Violence Against Women Formula Grants	16.588	15JOVW22GG00455STOP	\$	26,969
Crime Victim Assistance	16.575	19V2GX0054		88,171
Direct Payments:	16 607	Not applicable		9 020
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program Equitable Sharing Program	16.607 16.922	Not applicable Not applicable		8,030 17,073
Equitable Sharing Program	10.722	нос аррисавле		17,073
Total Department of Justice			\$	140,243
epartment of Transportation:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Virginia Department of Motor Vehicles:				
Highway Safety Cluster:		FCC 2022 F220 / 2220 / /		
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	FSC-2022-52394-22394/ BPT-2023-53340-23340 FOP-2022-52400-22400/154AL-	\$	20,347
		2022-52387-22387/		
Alcohol Open Container Requirements	20.607	ENF_AL-2023-53298-23298		15,359
otal Department of Transportation			\$	46,909
ocat department of Transportation				
epartment of Homeland Security:				
epartment of Homeland Security: Pass Through Payments:				
epartment of Homeland Security:	97.042	00004		95

County of Washington, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number			E	Federal xpenditures
Department of Education:						
Pass Through Payments:						
Virginia Department of Education:						
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	APE429010000			\$	1,995,129
Special Education Cluster:						
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	APE402870000/APE430710000	\$	1,484,190		
Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	APE625210000/APE402860000		50,345		
Total Special Education Cluster					_	1,534,535
School Safety National Activities (formerly, Drug-Free Schools and Communities - National Programs)	84.184	APE600500000				89,801
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants (formerly, Improving Teacher Quality State Grants)	84.367	APE614800000				280,662
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	APE602810000				107,406
Adult Education - Basic Grants to States	84.002	APE428010000/APE611110000				432,713
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	APE600310000/APE600311005				148,549
COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund:						
		APE501850000/APE501950000/				
COVID 19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund (ESSER Fund)	84.425D	APE402980000	Ś	2,640,536		
COVID 19 - American Rescue Plan-Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425U	APE501930000	_	4,531,774		7,172,310
Total Department of Education					\$	11,761,105
Department of Treasury:						
Direct Payments:						
COVID 19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	Not applicable	\$	8,141,245		
Pass Through Payments:						
Virginia Department of Housing and Community Development:						
COVID 19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	Not available		49,918		
Virginia Department of Social Services:						
COVID 19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	9122222		2,397		
Virginia Department of Education:						
COVID 19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	APE600540000/APE452770000		902,506		9,096,066
Total Department of Treasury					\$	9,096,066
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards					\$	29,494,885

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards:

Note 1 -- Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the County of Washington, Virginia under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of the Office of Management and Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County of Washington, Virginia, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the County of Washington, Virginia.

Note 2 -- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- (1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- $\dot{}$ (2) Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.
- (3) The County did not elect the 10% de minimus indirect cost rate because they only request direct costs for reimbursement.
- (4) The County did not have any subrecipients for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Note 3 -- Food Donation

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of commodities received and disbursed. At June 30, 2023, the County had no food commodities in inventory.

Note 4 -- Loans and Loan Guarantees:

The County did not have any loans or loan guarantees which are subject to reporting requirements for the current year.

Note 5 -- Relationship to the Financial Statements Federal expenditures, revenues and capital contributions are reported in the County's basic financial statements as follows:

Intergovernmental federal revenues per the basic financial statements:

General Fund Less: Payment in lieu of taxes Less: QSCB interest Add: Equitable Sharing Program ARPA Fund	\$ 4,992,766 (84,536) (407,847) 17,073 8,141,245
Total primary government	\$ 12,658,701
Component Unit School Board: School Operating Fund	\$ 16,824,981
Total expenditures of federal awards per basic financial statements	\$ 29,483,682
Total expenditures of federal awards per the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	\$ 29,494,885

County of Washington, Virginia

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued:

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance

for major programs:

Unmodified

Any findings disclosed that are required to be reported

in accordance with 2 CFR section 200.516(a)?

Identification of major programs:

<u>Assistance Listing Numbers</u> <u>Name of Federal Program or Cluster</u>

21.027 COVID 19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds

10.553/10.555 Child Nutrition Cluster

84.027/84.173 Special Education Cluster

84.425 COVID 19 - Education Stabilization Fund

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A

and type B programs: \$884,510

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

County of Washington, Virginia

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

None

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None

County of Washington, Virginia

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

There were no prior audit findings.